

The AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE

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The Pageant in America

William Chauncy Langdon

At no time are the people of a community brought so close together as when a pageant is engrossing their attention, except in times of great calamity, of flood, of fire, or of earthquake. But what a difference! In the one case, suffering and stern necessity have thrown everyone down to the common human level. In the other, joy and exultation in the common festival have raised all to the democratic sovereignty of a hearty equality. Through the days of preparation, for weeks, for months, the ties of this pageant-comradeship are drawn closer and closer, and afterward for a long time the days of the pageant are looked back upon as the golden days.

Would it not be truly well if pageants such as this were nationally characteristic of our country! It seems most likely to become thus characteristic. In three summers some thirty or forty towns and villages of the United States have produced pageants; and at least twenty more are now in preparation.

The historic little village of Deerfield, Mass., remembered by all with the thrill of our school-book days, with remarkable simplicity and artistic restraint, reproduced in a pageant this summer its story from the old French and Indian days of struggle and peril to the Civil War. Peterborough, N. H., a village with less recorded history, produced a wonderful pageant which was

at once a presentation of the history of Peterborough and of the music of Edward MacDowell. Ripon College, Wisconsin, taking their suggestions from the Oxford University pageant which one of their faculty saw three years before, celebrated their last commencement with a pageant which commemorated the settling of the West from the first spectacular appearance of Joliet to the origin of the Republican party in Wisconsin and so on down to the Spanish War.

More than half the pageants which have been given thus far have been in villages—that is, in communities where it is possible to get all the people together. This is significant and points to the special value of the pageant in the upbuilding of American life.

Larger communities have also come together for the sake of pageantry. The pageant of Westchester County, N. Y., in 1909, showed in a forest glade at Bronxville how the various communities now gathered in that country grew up together, from the exploring voyage of Adriæn Block and the coming of Jonas Bronck to the lands which now bear his name, to the meeting of the Provincial Congress on horseback on the road to White Plains and to the welcome at Tarrytown, given by his friends and neighbors to Washington Irving on his return from service as United

States Minister to the Court of Madrid. The Pageant of the Perfect City, last November in Boston, tracing the development of the city as the home of man from the first hearth of the cave-man, drew upon some thirty of the surrounding towns and cities for its workers and participants, all uniting to outline the ideal city conditions which they are striving to realize. The pageant of Illinois at Evanston in 1909 covered the history of the State, showing the recession of the Indians before the ad-

the artists and students of the Art Institute, showing the rise of art to its place for a while as the dominating element of life in Italy in the days which were to civilization a rebirth.

From these illustrations it will be easily seen that, considered from the standpoint of subject matter, two types of pageant have clearly asserted themselves in American pageantry. The more frequent type is the Historical Pageant. In this it may be said that the place,—the town, the county, or



Photo, Francis & Mary Allen, Deerfield, Mass.
THE DEERFIELD PAGEANT, DEERFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS. THE DEPARTURE OF THE GRAIN CARTS
BEFORE THE MASSACRE (1685).

vance of the white man from the lofty-minded, disinterested Pere Marquette down to the final supremacy of the newer civilization within the manhood of Abraham Lincoln.

Quite different from most of these was the Pageant of Education, Boston, 1908, which showed symbolically the march of the chief educational systems of the world from the earliest known in the East through the great European developments to the day and place of the pageant in the grounds of the Boston Normal School, for the opening of the new buildings of which the pageant was a celebration. Similar was the Pageant of the Perfect City, already mentioned, and the Pageant of the Renaissance in Chicago, 1909, an exquisite piece of work, given by

the State,—is the hero and the development of the community is the plot. Individual characters are simply incidents, so to speak, minor events in the story. Examples are the Pageants of Deerfield, and of Peterborough, of Westchester County, and of Illinois.

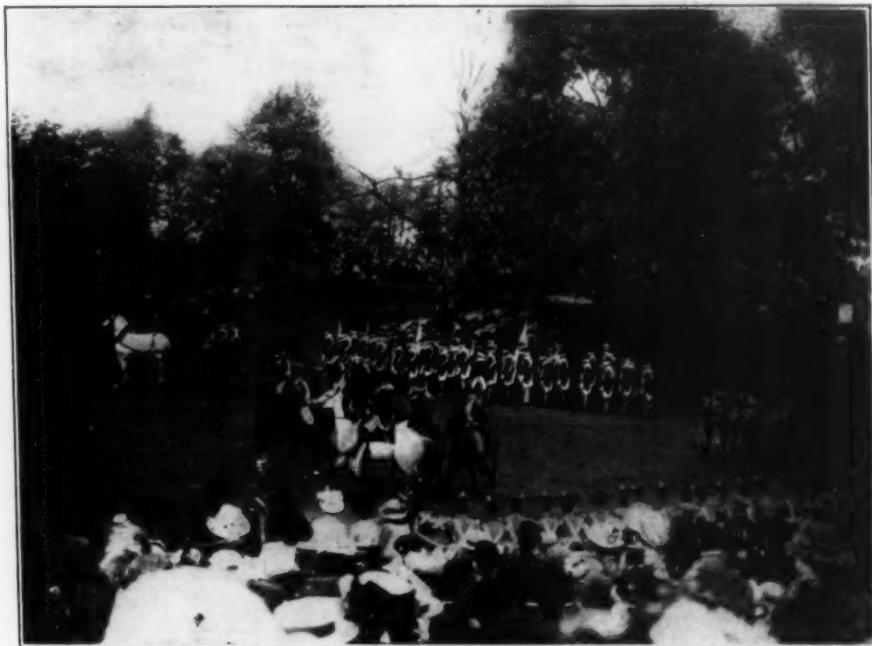
The other type of pageant presents the development of some phase of civilization, some principle or force in the progress of man. Specific locality is disregarded. In the succeeding episodes the manifestations of this element are shown in its advancing epochs up to the present. This type may be called the Social Pageant. Of this type were the Pageants of Education, of the Renaissance, and of the Perfect City.

Not only from the standpoint of subject

matter, but also from the standpoint of structure are there two distinct types. The two forms of pageant are the Episode and the Processional. The Processional form of pageant presents its scenes in the form of floats following one another in parade, connected frequently by costumed soldiers, sailors, or citizens of the period to which the scene depicted belongs. Instances of this form are the Founder's Week Pageant and the Fourth of July (1908) Pageant of

which are that it restricts the dramatic opportunity to tableaux on wheels, and that it tends to emphasize disproportionately the element of scenery. The building of the float—the car—is the chief thing.

The Episode form of pageant presents on an ample stage, preferably outdoors, strongly related, though slightly connected episodes from the history of the community. The characters naturally change entirely from one episode to another, but the de-



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THE PAGEANT OF WESTCHESTER COUNTY, BRONXVILLE, NEW YORK. THE MEETING ON HORSEBACK OF THE PROVINCIAL CONGRESS ON THE ROAD TO WHITE PLAINS (1776)

Springfield, Mass. The Founder's Week Pageant, 1908, with remarkable success, presented by means of a procession of floats the history of Philadelphia from the times of William Penn to the present. The civic Fourth of July Pageant at Springfield, Mass., 1908, was like it in form.

This was specially noteworthy from the fact that each of the various nationalities, European and Oriental, living in the city contributed its float in the celebration of the liberty they had sought and found in their adopted land. This form has obvious disadvantages, among the most serious of

development of the community is clearly indicated in its progress from one scene to another. All the pageants mentioned, except the Founder's Week and the Springfield Fourth of July Pageants, were of this episode form. The future of pageantry seems to lie in this form.

One feature seems common, however, to all of these pageants: the people themselves participate in large numbers, hundreds and thousands of them. Both in respect to subject matter and in respect to participation the pageant is in the fullest sense of the word the drama of the community. It is

really this large participation of the people that classifies the Gloucester, Mass., Pageant of 1909 as a pageant rather than as outdoor drama, to which in subject and construction it belongs. The Gloucester Pageant consisted of Percy MacKaye's splendid play "The Canterbury Pilgrims," given on a most elaborate scale outdoors in the night, with two thousand of the people of Gloucester in the parts of the pilgrims, the com-

of my children and grandchildren will carry on into the future." Really the best way and the only thorough way to enjoy a pageant and to learn what it is, is to take part in it—not necessarily to take part as one of the characters, but in some capacity, small or important, to share in the preparation. This may be by helping in the finding of the historical material, in the making of the costumes, or in the selling of the



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THE PAGEANT OF THE PERFECT CITY, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS. BOSTON AND HER NEIGHBORS

mon people of Canterbury, and the retinues of the Archbishop of Canterbury and of King Richard II.

Herein the pageant differs from the regular theatre. It is drama done by the people rather than for the people. The audience, so to speak, takes the stage. It is fundamentally amateur. The people of the community all join together to do it themselves and for its own sake. The subjective point of view is essential to understanding and appreciation. A pageant cannot be seen until the beholder feels "This is my pageant. This is the history of my city, which my life continues now, and which the lives

tickets. For the real life and the real value of the pageant is in its preparation, in the coming together of the people of a community, week after week, month after month, putting aside diverse interests and petty jealousies, to work together for a common purpose toward a common result, a result that shall embody the common spirit, the civic pride, the potential patriotism of that whole community. The preparation of a pageant is a great civic movement, and the resulting pageant, arousing and giving expression as it does to the artistic instincts of the people, is inevitably the symbol of a great recreating force and a work of art.

As race drama, reason might thus well be found to classify as pageantry the production of "Hiawatha" by the Iroquois Indians, under the direction of Mr. F. E. Moore, although in many other respects it unquestionably belongs to outdoor drama. Still it is their folk-drama. It is the history and tradition of their own race that they are reproducing. The federation of the Long House and the passing of the Indian is typified in the Iroquois hero. Only a remnant left of them of all their tribes among the millions of an alien race, their audiences are of the white men, and they are paid for their performances. But it is not to them merely professional stage business. There is much of religion in it to them, as is so completely the case with the peasants of Oberammergau, and in this Indian drama produced by real Indians, speaking the Iroquois language, in spirit and in every detail true to their race, they are proudly raising the standard of the red man and of his culture among the inundating hordes of the white man—and the white man recognizes its solemnity and is too much impressed to applaud, but gazes in silence, in respect at the simplicity, the beauty, the dignity—the greatness of the race-drama of this thin red line.

To the celebration of our own national and other patriotic holidays the pageant brings a restoring contribution of significance. The spirit of liberty is the breath of life in all these our holidays,—Independence Day, Washington's and Lincoln's birthdays, Decoration Day, and Labor Day. Every one is full of meaning, but in our present celebration of them there is little or no significance. The use of the pageant for these celebrations, which is so natural a use, will richly supply this lack and make our celebrations as full of significance as the holidays themselves.

The drama of the English race had its great period in the Elizabethan time. A second period came in the eighteenth century, though this second period is more naturally thought of as the Theatre of the Eighteenth Century, rather than as the drama. Are we not now in America just emerging into another great period of the

drama, new, creative, original, fundamentally American, and of the people? Is not this the import of the spontaneous outcropping of pageantry in so many of the towns and villages of the United States?

England has had pageants for the past five years, some of them truly magnificent productions. But the English and the American pageants differ, as they are similar in just the fundamental respects of the identity of race and the difference of nationality. For the pageant is quite as much a civic manifestation as an art form. The American people in their expression of American ideas and purposes, of American life will inevitably not produce English pageants, just as the English in their self-expression will not produce American pageants. Companion developments, each will be deeply characteristic and true to its own national instincts. From the same principle it follows that every pageant is individual, characteristic of its own locality; it is indigenous in the soil of its own community and cannot be transplanted without suffering at least in loss of vitality.

Tremendous, incalculable is the future of the pageant. Like all things in the creative stage, it cannot as yet be defined; it has not as yet defined itself. Reaching down into the vital sources of the instinctive character of the whole American people, being itself the spontaneous expression of a people who for years have had no common expression for their civic emotions and ideas, but who have stored up fire and feeling from a life charged through decades with unremitting work, large undertakings, daring enterprise, heroic sacrifice, calm determination, and that fundamental love of fair play which is the essence of liberty, no one can tell, no one can imagine what the future of it will be. But in it future generations will see clearly depicted, truly delineated, the face of the American people of our time, their hopes, their choices, their ideals. The American people are finding their art, an art which both in subject and in presentation is an art of the community. The American people are raising their voice and they will speak in their own language.

Miss Mary Desha

Miss Mary Desha, one of the founders of our great organization and honorary Vice-President General, has passed over the river. Apparently full of life and vigor, ready for the day's work, suddenly she left us. We cannot but think this was as she would have wished. To the thou-

the great granddaughter of Isaac Bledsoe, a famous pioneer and Indian fighter of Tennessee. He was called by the Indians "Tullituskee," the waving corn-blade, or perpetual motion, because they never caught him napping. He was also a soldier of the Revolution. She was also great



MISS MARY DESHA, FOUNDER AND LATE HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL

sands of Daughters, who have become members of the great organization that owes so much to her, the news of her death will come as a great shock.

Miss Desha was the granddaughter of Joseph Desha, a soldier of the Revolution, Major-General of the War of 1812, and Governor of Kentucky in 1825. She was

granddaughter of Joseph Wheeler, a Lieutenant of Braddock's army, and a soldier of the Revolution, and of Robert Desha, a soldier of the Revolution.

In April, 1890, the Sons of the American Revolution assembled at Louisville, excluded women from membership. July 13, 1890, Mrs. Mary Lockwood blew the first

blast to arouse the women to a memory of their mothers. It was a letter to the "Washington Post" and asked the question, "Were there no mothers in the Revolution?" It was like a war-cry. On August 9, Miss Desha, Miss Washington, and Mrs. Walworth met and resolved that there should be a National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Then and there the project was launched. October 11, 1890, a second meeting was held, the society was fully organized with Mrs. Harrison, wife of the President as President-General, and is officially dated from that time.

Miss Desha with untiring energy and unselfish patriotism devoted herself to the interests of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

In 1898, the Daughters of the American Revolution in congress assembled honored the four women who first aroused an interest which culminated in the organization of this patriotic order—Mrs. Lockwood, Miss Desha, Miss Washington, Mrs. Walworth. Each was presented with a memorial medal of gold, crested with diamonds and sapphires, beautiful in form and symbol. Miss Desha always proudly called herself a working woman. Again she struck the key note of the organization when she responded. She said, "We claim this to be in no sense an aristocratic organization. It is a patriotic organization."

Miss Desha was a woman of high principle, unblemished record, and unquestioned ability. The Daughters of the American Revolution will ever call her memory blessed.

Together the Daughters of the American Revolution mourned and paid tribute to the memory of Miss Desha. Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, the honored chief of the great organization of which Miss Desha was one of the founders, assumed all the tender and sorrowful details of the funeral services. Her committee of arrangements consisted of Mrs. Noble, Chaplain General; Mrs. George Smallwood, State Re-

gent of the district, and Mrs. Ben Johnson, State Regent of Kentucky, Miss Desha's native State. She also appointed a Committee on Resolutions with Mrs. Lockwood as Chairman, and Miss Mary Wilcox, Mrs. Short A. Willis, Mrs. Cyrus Busick, Mrs. Woodbury Pulsifer and Mrs. H. Mann as members.

At a meeting called at Continental Hall, to consider the plans for the funeral service, the President General presided and paid beautiful, stately and appreciative honor to her who had just passed to the great beyond. Mrs. Eleanor Washington Howard was Secretary. All the National officers, all the Regents in the district and many other friends were present. Many were the loving words spoken, and the beautiful resolutions prepared by Mrs. Lockwood were adopted.

The funeral services were held at Continental Hall the next afternoon. It was from this hall that she loved so well that her earthly remains were borne to their last resting place at Lexington, Ky. The flowers were profuse and beautiful, those from the President General being calla lilies tied with purple illusion upon a large palm leaf. Through the efforts of Mrs. Dickinson, wife of the Secretary of War, a section of the Marine Band was secured.

The President General ordered the flag upon Continental Hall at half-mast to remain so until after the funeral services were held at Lexington. She has also appointed a committee to prepare a memorial booklet, of which Mrs. Noble, Mrs. Lockwood and Mrs. Sternburg are members.

The closing honor will be given at Memorial Continental Hall during the Congress to be held in April. Here the President General will preside over memorial services. Here the Daughters from the entire country will pay loving tribute to the memory of Miss Mary Desha, founder and honorary Vice-President of the Daughters of the American Revolution.



The President General

A winter which has been one of the most brilliant in the social annals of the Capital City has been of special interest to the Daughters of the American Revolution, inasmuch as some of the elegant functions have either been given by its President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, or in her honor. Mrs. Scott has spent a most active season not only as regards the work of the Society, which she accomplished with such zeal and brilliant success, but in upholding the dignity of the great organization in a social way.

One of the brilliant and successful receptions of the season was that given on January 28, in Memorial Continental Hall, in compliment to Mrs. Lurton and Mrs. Hughes, wives of the two new associate justices of the Supreme Court. The gracious hostess invited all fashionable society in Washington, whether members of the Daughters of the American Revolution or not.

The *mise en scene* of the beautiful affair was the entire interior of magnificent Memorial Continental Hall, one of the most impressive structures in Washington, the big auditorium and every handsomely furnished room and corridor being thrown open to the guests and brilliantly alight and beflowered. The big white palace presented a fairy scene. Mrs. Scott and her guests of honor received in the room of the President General, which is the Indiana room, on the second floor of the hall. The route to this was embowered in palms and flowering plants. The Indiana room was filled with palms and clusters of white carnations and Golden Gate roses. In the room have recently been hung handsome oil paintings of Mrs. Cornelia Fairbanks, presented by the Indiana Daughters, and Mrs. Donald McLean. The latter, intended for the New York room, was placed opposite Mrs. Fairbanks in honor of the festive occasion.

Mrs. Scott, cordial in her greeting of each one of her many hundreds of guests, wore one of the handsomest costumes seen this season, a sumptuous affair, intricately draped, whose effect was that of iridescent

velvet in shimmering, elusive, stain-glass tints, deep violets, russets, mystic blues, artfully shadowed and interchangeable, like the lights in opal or mother-of-pearl—a magical confection. She held a huge bunch of pink and white orchids.

The buffet luncheon was served from the conference room of the President General, which adjoins the President General's office. The table was decked in white carnations and spring flowers. Mrs. Joseph Rucker Lamar served chocolate. Mrs. Lamar, wife of the Associate Justice of the Supreme Court is, like Mrs. Lurton and Mrs. Hughes, a member of the Society. She has been identified with the Augusta Chapter for many years and is a charming woman, and in every way a notable addition to the local ranks of the Daughters.

Assisting in the various rooms were Mrs. Stanley Matthews, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, Mrs. John Dwight, Miss Nannie Randolph Heth, Miss Amaryllis Gillett, Mrs. William Judson, wife of Engineer Commissioner of Washington, and Mrs. Carl Vrooman, daughter of Mrs. Scott, who, with her husband, has just returned from Europe.

Mrs. Scott extended this courtesy to return social obligations to scores of friends in Washington, who have entertained her, and also to give an opportunity to those who are not members of the Society to see the magnificent Memorial Hall furnished and illuminated. Hundreds of interested people, many distinguished jurists, statesmen, and clergy of Washington went through the Valhalla escorted by a committee made up of local members.

Another beautiful entertainment which Mrs. Scott gave this winter was the one given in her handsome apartment at the Arlington in compliment to the various committees of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the members of which have rendered such invaluable aid in the arduous labors of the winter.

Mrs. Scott was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Swormstead, Mrs. Hodgkins, Mrs. John Paul Earnest, Mrs. Pulsifer, Mrs. Hanger, and Mrs. North.

Mrs. Scott has been active in all fields relating to patriotic endeavor outside her own Society. She occupied a box at the magnificent Southern Relief Ball, next to President Taft, and she was one of the distinguished Southern women asked to assist Miss Nannie Randolph Heth, the President of the Society, in receiving the thousands of eminent guests; the other ladies in the receiving party being Mrs. Edward Douglas White, wife of the Chief Justice; Mrs. Claud Swanson, wife of the Senator from Virginia, and Mrs. McSherry, President of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

During the recent splendid jubilee meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, Mrs. Scott was constantly in attendance. At the luncheon at the New Willard she occupied a seat at the speaker's table. Mrs. James Bryce, wife of the British Ambassador, and Miss Mabel T. Boardman, head of the American Red Cross Society, and Mrs. Justice Hughes being also seated at the speaker's table.

The last meeting held in jubilee week was in Memorial Continental Hall, and was an inspiring occasion and a fitting climax to this splendid series of meetings.

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR., chairman of the National Committee on Conservation, has sent out a circular of information from which the following is culled:

A general knowledge of the subject can be gained from a book published by Macmillan Company, New York, entitled "The Conservation of the Natural Resources in the United States," written by Charles Richard Van Hise, president of the University of Wisconsin.

During the chairmanship of my very able predecessor, much attention was given to the subject of Forestry. Through her efforts the following study outlines have been prepared and can be obtained from "The Forester, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.":

Suggested Plan for Forestry Clubs in Academies and Public Schools;

Outline for Study of Forestry, Suggested Topics for Club Study;

General Lessons in Forestry, An Outline for Use in High Schools or Grammar Grades;

Instructions for Recording Observations on Leafing, Flowering, and Fruiting of Forest Trees (blank forms for recording observations);

Proclamation of President Roosevelt to the School Children of the United States;

Bibliography.

Of our mineral wealth, coal is the most important. It is our chief source of power. Aside from wasteful mining methods, imperfect combustion is a very fruitful source of waste. This is evidenced by the black columns of smoke rising from every factory and furnace all over the land. An active campaign for the use of mechanical stokers by every factory and steel and iron furnace would add greatly to the beauty of our cities and save millions of dollars in coal.

The prosperity of the country depends upon the soil and the farmer. A study of the impoverishment or enrichment of the soil is profitable, and in this connection a consideration of proprietorship or tenancy is valuable. The owner conserves the soil, the tenant is inclined to get all he can out of it because his tenure is short. Is tenancy on the increase?

When we come to water, we have another set of important problems: The complete utilization of water; water as power, irrigation, navigation, transportation, and Federal or State control. These are questions which have been much discussed in the last year or two. Some knowledge of them will assist in the solution of home problems; for instance: What can be done to prevent the pollution of the stream upon which your city is built? It is a part of the great water system of the country.

But man himself is our most important resource. What can we do to conserve him?

There has for the last few years been persistent agitation for a Department of Public Health as a part of the Government service. It has as yet not been established.

A great effort is also being made to secure a Federal Children's Bureau, which will greatly assist the work for dependent and delinquent children. Can you, by giving these movements thorough publicity, aid in forming a public opinion which demands a Children's Bureau and a Department of Public Health?

About Continental Hall

The Daughters of the American Revolution will be pleased to learn that the contractors are out of Continental Hall, that they have been paid, that a settlement pleasing to all concerned has been obtained, that the \$200,000 authorized by the Congress to be borrowed was not all used. Norcross Brothers are satisfied; the architect is

satisfied; the advisory committee of gentlemen, who so generously gave of their time and experience, are satisfied; the President General, who has had a difficult time of it, is satisfied; the Daughters of the American Revolution will be satisfied when they learn the result. It has been a long pull, but a strong pull, and a pull all together.



REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of Chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

THE LAST SURVIVORS OF THE WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE.

By the Rev. Anson Titus, West Somerville, Mass.

(Continued from the February AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.)

Kidder, Jonas, d. Nov. 1, 1837, at Hudson, N. H., aged 94; formerly of Lyndeborough, N. H.

Kidder, Phineas, d. Jan. 20, 1846, at Lyndeborough, N. H., aged 90; b. at Chelmesford, Mass. He m. Hannah Crosby, who d. Jan. 13, 1850; a pensioner.

Kilburn, John, d. Aug. 26, 1840, at Winchendon, Mass., aged 87; a pensioner. He m., 1810, Esther Edmonds, and had eight children; m. 2d, Mary ——, who d. May 23, 1845, aged 82.

Kilby, John, b. Nov. 8, 1800; was a pensioner in Weathersfield in 1840. He m., 1782, Mattie Blair.

Kilton, Edward, d. Sept. 3, 1840, at Dorchester, Mass., aged 84; a pensioner.

Kimball, Ephraim, Esq., d. May 7, 1825, at Fitchburg, Mass., aged 73. He m., 1774, Elizabeth White, who d. June 6, 1844.

Kingsley, Benjamin, d. Feb., 1852, at Swanzey, Mass., aged 93.

Kingsley, Capt. Daniel, d. Oct. 4, 1851, at Auburn, Me., aged 93.

Knapp, William, d. Jan. 31, 1844, at Stamford, Conn., aged 88.

Knight, Daniel, d. Jan. 31, 1853, at Norway, Me., aged 93; a pensioner. He m. Sally Dolly.

Knight, Silas, d. Sept. 8, 1842, at New Braintree, Mass., aged 85; a pensioner. He m. Martha ——, who d. March 19, 1836, aged 79.

Knower, Thomas, d. Nov. 22, 1825, at Westminster, Mass., aged 77. He m., 1780, Ann Miles, who d. Oct. 7, 1849, aged 91 y., 3 mo., 3 d.; a pensioner.

Knowlton, Dea. Nathan, d. May 24, 1856, at

Auburn, Me., aged 98; a pensioner. He m. Olive ——, who d. Jan. 13, 1843, aged 79.

Ladd, Joseph, d. at Haverhill, N. H., Dec. 21, 1836, aged 72. He m. Sally Ring, who d. March 8, 1851, aged 90, at Newbury, Vt. They had 13 children.

Ladd, David, d. Dec. 14, 1850, at Tiverton, R. I., aged 91; a pensioner.

Larkin, David, d. March 3, 1846, at Groton, Mass., aged 93; a pensioner.

Lamb, David, d. March 20, 1840, at Oxford, Mass., aged 87; a pensioner.

Lane, David, d. Sept. 10, 1842, at Bedford, Mass., aged 83; a pensioner.

Lanfair, Leonard, d. April 7, 1835, at Deerfield, Mass., aged 82. He m., 1779, Lovina Dodge.

Langdon, Seth, d. Jan., 1852, at New Haven, Vt., aged 93. Formerly of Tyringham, Mass.

Larkin, John, d. April 12, 1841, at Berlin, Mass., aged 80; a pensioner. He m., 1786, Sarah Robinson, who d. Jan. 29, 1843, aged 82.

Larkin, Oliver, son of Daniel, b. Oct. 9, 1752, at Hopkinton, R. I.; d. Jan. 12, 1845, at Sanquopt, N. Y., aged 93; sergeant major.

Larned, John, d. Dec. 8, 1844, at Oxford, Mass., aged 88; a pensioner.

Larned, Thomas, b. in Oxford, Mass.; d. June 15, 1848, at Dudley, Mass., aged 86 y. and 5 mo.; a pensioner.

Larrabee, Thomas, d. July 10, 1832, at Dover, Mass., aged 80. He m., 1778, Bathsheba Morse, who was a pensioner in 1840, at the age of 87.

Laskey, William, d. Oct. 3, 1844, at Lynn, Mass., aged 84; a pensioner.

Latimer, Capt. George, d. June 5, 1850, at Hartford, Conn., aged 92 y. 2 mo.

Lathrop, Joshua, d. Dec. 5, 1821, in Franklin Co., N. Y.; a pensioner, 1818; probably son of Joshua Lathrop; probably Betsey Lathrop, who drew a pension in 1842, was his widow.

Lawrence, Amos, d. June 9, 1840, at Fitchburg, Mass., aged 92; formerly of Ashburnham, Mass.

Lawrence, Dea. Ebenezer, d. Jan. 12, 1842, at Woburn, Mass., aged 84; a pensioner. He m., 1785, Hannah Easterbrook, who d. Nov. 25, 1835, aged 75.

Lawrence, Josiah, d. April 25, 1844, at Pittsfield, Mass., aged 90.

Work of the Chapters

(Chapter reports are limited to three hundred words each)

Army and Navy Chapter (Washington, District of Columbia).—At the regular monthly meeting of the Army and Navy Chapter, D. A. R., held at the Ebbitt House on December 12, a very original paper was read by Mrs. Henry H. Barroll. Her subject was "Prayer Beads," and she gave a most instructive talk on their origin and development, until now used in their various forms by probably three-fourths of the people of the earth. Mrs. Barroll displayed a collection of prayer beads which had been gathered by herself and Commander Barroll from many corners of the world, from the rude bits of sticks carved to simulate beads by the ignorant Indian of the Andes to the beautiful gold filagree rosary of the Hindoo and the chains of tiny idols intricately wrought by the Japanese and many others.

Mrs. Barroll was given a rising vote of thanks by the Chapter in appreciation of the delightful half-hour.

Captain Harmon Aughe Chapter (Frankfort, Indiana).—The credit of whose organization more than two years ago is due to its first and only Regent, Mrs. H. C. Sheridan, has under her efficient leadership been enthusiastic and persistent in its activities, the foremost of which is the restoration and care of what is known as the "Old South Cemetery."

We have no historic buildings, no memorable spots, unless we except this little graveyard where our Revolutionary soldier, Captain Harmon Aughe, for whom our Chapter is called, lies buried.

The Old South Cemetery, a really beautiful and picturesque spot, had fallen into sad neglect. For many years this place, once a sequestered spot, held sacred as the village burying-ground, a veritable "God's Acre," was deserted except for the children who came there to play and to pick roses from the bushes that had grown into dense thickets. The paths overgrown with tall grass had become entirely hidden. Many of the quaint old head-stones with their

curious inscriptions, had either fallen over upon the graves or were leaning at exceedingly acute angles. The trees with their long untrimmed branches and gnarled roots spreading above ground in all directions and a luxuriant crop of weeds completed this scene of desolation.

Since the Chapter has undertaken the work of caring for the Old South Cemetery, a complete transformation has taken place, and plans are being made for further improvements.

All of the former trustees having died, new ones were appointed from the Daughters, and a deed for, and full control of, the Cemetery given to the Chapter.

For the purpose of reawakening an interest in the place, annual meetings are held, the first of which was an all day meeting, and those present entered heartily into the work of clearing out and beautifying this old burial ground. The last meeting was held on a beautiful afternoon last October. A cordial invitation was extended for everybody to come, in response to which a goodly number assembled, and as the flags suspended from the trees floated overhead the National airs were sung with patriotic fervor. Speeches, reminiscent in character, were made by several of the oldest citizens.

After our old men had concluded their visions of the past, our young men encouraged us with their dreams for the future.

As each person had been requested to bring a cobble stone to be used in the construction of a gate-way a pile of stones arose as a memorial of the occasion.

Funds for carrying on the Cemetery work are secured by contributions from those who have friends buried in the Cemetery, by gifts from the Grand Army Republic and various other organizations of the city, and from entertainments given by the Chapter.—ANNA MARGARET CLAYBAUGH, *Historian*.

Elizabeth Schuyler Hamilton Chapter (Holland, Michigan).—The third anni-

versary of the Chapter was held at the home of the Regent, Mrs. C. M. McLean, January 19, 1911.

The rooms were beautifully decorated with flags and flowers. The meeting was opened with devotional exercises led by Mrs. Dutton, who read the "Parable of the Sower"; after which the "Lord's Prayer" was given in unison. The last verse of "America" was then sung.

The Regent spoke of the loss the Chapter had sustained during the year by the death of three of its Daughters, Mrs. W. Swift, Mrs. Matthews, and Mrs. B. Van Raalte, and in respect to their memory requested the Daughters to rise and stand in silence.

Greetings from absent members were then read by the Secretary.

The following program was rendered:

Miss Beach sang "The Necklace of Love," by Nevin, and as an encore "I Know a Garden," by B. Harblett.

Miss Yates recited "Penelope's Dance," and as an encore "The Ballad of a General's Kiss."

Mrs. Yates read an original poem, and "The Minuet" was danced by eight Daughters in colonial costumes, giving us a glimpse of the quaint, graceful dancing of colonial days.

After the program the Regent served a collation.

Many guests were present to enjoy the afternoon.—LILLIE B. OGGEL, *Secretary*.

Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter (Bridgeton, New Jersey).—The year's work of the Chapter has been full of interest, a happy and successful year. Our various adventures into patriotic work and pleasure appear to have been quite worth while. Money has come into our treasury and has flowed out in the form of gifts and necessary expenses. Our interest in patriotic education has grown, and we have added substantially to the treasury of the night school in our own city for the education of foreigners. As the holiday season approached we greatly embellished our trea-

sury by a sale of fancy articles and candies, and I am sure all that followed "The Sign of the Teapot" had a social time.

During the year we have contributed to Continental Hall, to the Blind Babies' Home, sent a fancy bag filled with candy, fruit and nuts to each inmate of the Alms House, placed the **AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE** on the table of the Bridgeton library, and also subscribed for a copy for the use of the Chapter. The historian has read some clipping of historical interest at every meeting.

Death has entered the homes of three of our members, taking away one of our charter members and a former officer of the Chapter, the mother of two of our members and the father of one.

We have held eight regular monthly meetings from October to June. The roll-call has been responded to by patriotic quotations. After the programs consisting of music and papers showing diligent research into the early history of our State the different hostesses have served refreshments.

We gave our second annual prize of \$5 to the pupil in the Bridgeton high school writing the best essay on Our National Songs. After considerable interest and competition among the pupils it was won by Miss Alice Harris.

We find at the close of the sixth year thirty-one members.

The first meeting this fall was held at the home of one of our out-of-town members, Mrs. Frank Lupton. The day proved a perfect one for an outing. After the regular business meeting was held an instructional paper was read by Mrs. Laura Butler.

Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Ledmun, two of our visitors from the Ceasar Rodney Chapter, of Wilmington, Del., gave us an interesting account of the service held by their Chapter when presenting the flag of the State to the battleship *Delaware* at its launching last spring.

After a delightful time we bade our hostess a kind adieu.—ELEANOR ALICE WALTERS GILLMAN, *Historian*.

THE space required to print the very important minutes of the National Board of Management has made it necessary to hold over until next month much valuable matter, which is in type and ready to be printed.

State Conferences

The editor regrets to announce that, owing to the great demand upon space in the magazine, conference reports must hereafter be limited to one page

Montana

The Fifth Montana State Conference was held October 19, 1909, at Butte, Montana, with Silver Bow Chapter of that city as hostess.

A morning business session was held at the home of the State Regent, Mrs. Emil H. Renisch. Reports of State officers and committees were given. Much enthusiasm was manifested over the recommendations by the chairman of the Historic Sites Committee for marking historic sites in Montana. This committee was enlarged, the members being appointed who resided in the vicinity of some of the most important historic places which the Chapters are desirous of marking. A report was given, showing progress on the work at Old Fort Benton. Extensive repairs having been made there on the old building and plans for an appropriate gateway to the park were submitted. When this work is completed it will be a spot dear to the hearts of Montana's Daughters and one upon which they can look with pride of work accomplished.

Following the business session, a daintily appointed luncheon was served at the home of the Regent of the hostess Chapter, Mrs. C. A. Morely. After the luncheon a mu-

sical program was enjoyed. Following this the delegates were given a delightful automobile trip about the city, to the beautiful Columbia Gardens and to the cemetery to view the granite coping which surrounds the plot set aside to the memory of the Spanish-American War Veterans. The coping has been donated by Silver Bow Chapter. This Chapter has been hard at work the past year and has accomplished much. An exhibit of heirlooms and antiques, with many rare and valuable relics loaned by residents of Butte, was held for two days. Ladies in charge were handsomely gowned in Colonial style, while little pages in attendance wore Continental costumes. This loan exhibit, supplemented by sale of aprons, cakes and ices netted the Chapter quite a sum of money.

In the evening after the sight-seeing trip was concluded, a perfectly appointed banquet at the Silver Bow Club was tendered by the hostess Chapter. At the close of the banquet, Mrs. Clinton H. Moore gave an interesting account of the last Continental Congress at Washington and of Continental Hall. The invitation of Oro Fino Chapter of Helena for the sixth Annual State Conference was accepted.

Georgia

The Thirteenth Annual State Conference of the Georgia Daughters was held in Savannah November 22. Savannah's streets were gay with State and National colors, and at every step one treads upon historic ground. The Daughters of the American Revolution Conference was not the only attraction that transformed this beautiful Southern city into a Mecca for patriotic Georgians. From the length and breadth of Georgia gathered the commonwealth, to participate in the unveiling of an imposing monument erected in memory of the founder.

The meeting was called to order promptly at 10 o'clock a.m. by the State Regent.

Mrs. John M. Graham. A prayer, then "America" was sung, followed by an address of welcome from Mrs. John M. Bryan, then greetings from the Savannah Chapter by Mrs. W. A. Winburn. Mayor Tiederman welcomed the visitors cordially. This was followed by an interesting address by the State Regent:

"When we last assembled here," she said, "we joined in doing honor to the memory of Gen. Nathanael Greene, whose reinterment was then commemorated by a bronze tablet erected by the Savannah Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution and we attended the unveiling of the fountain erected at Jasper Spring by

the Lachlan McIntosh Chapter. And now we are here to witness the realization of the hopes of our society in Georgia, and of other patriotic societies, which for many years have been laboring with us for the erection of a monument in this city to the beloved founder of our commonwealth.

"During the eight years that have passed since our last meeting in Savannah great strides have been made by our society. In that period our membership in Georgia has almost doubled. The number of cities and towns represented has more than doubled, and Chapters are being formed in a number of others. Our society at large has swelled its membership to 80,000, and is the largest and most active and influential patriotic organization of women that the world has ever seen.

"During those eight years there has been a great broadening of the aims and work of the society, but without any departure from the lines planned in its constitution. While we are first of all a memorial and historical society, we are much more than that. We seek not merely to keep alive the memory of the patriotism of our Revolutionary fathers, but our eyes are turned to the future, and when all the monuments have been built and all the historic sites marked, there will remain to us living patriotic interests to appeal to our hearts and to call forth the best that is in us. It is our mission to instil and foster high ideals and a true spirit of patriotism in those to whom will be committed the future destinies of our country, and to aid those who are denied the educational opportunities needed to fit them for good citizenship. And true patriotism bids us to labor for the betterment of our own communities as well as for the good of our common country."

Miss Anna C. Benning, Vice-President General of the National Society, extended greeting in a pleasing manner. Mrs. Joseph Morgan responded to the addresses of welcome. She said:

"From the time of landing, the cordial hospitality of Savannah has been one of its

many charming characteristics. Tomichi-chi and other braves were so impressed with this spirit that they became our friends.

"This city has been peculiarly blessed in having, in and near it, so many historic spots. The first capture of the War of the Revolution was made at Tybee Island, and of the thirteen thousand pounds of powder captured five thousand were sent to Boston and used in the Bunker Hill fights."

A beautiful memorial address in memory of Mrs. Robert Emery Park was made by Mrs. James Rounsville.

Interesting reports, that told of the marking of historic places and the adopting of Arbor Day by many of the Chapters, were read. Mrs. Graham called the attention of the body to the movement started by its executive board to raise a fund for the marking of historic places where no Chapter exists and to form Chapters at such places. She also suggested the desirability of setting aside a special day for the decoration of the graves of the Revolutionary soldiers. She spoke of the one historic site owned by the Georgia Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, as a body, the home of George Walton at Auguila, Meadow Garden. It is felt to be desirable to keep Meadow Garden as a storehouse for State Revolutionary relics, and Mrs. Jeffries' appeal was presented for subscriptions from individual Chapters and gifts of relics for the museum and books for the library.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott was unanimously indorsed for renomination, and a telegram was sent her telling of this indorsement.

Three delightful receptions were given in honor of the Daughters of the American Revolution, two by the United Daughters of the Confederacy at the Huntingdon Club and one in the spacious home of Mrs. Harvey Granger. Many of the interesting features of this conference have been omitted for lack of space.—MRS. J. L. WALKER, *State Historian of the Georgia State Conference.*

I ENJOY the magazine very much; read it always through. Have, with great pleasure, just renewed my subscription, and am going to try to have more copies taken in our Chapter.—MRS. J. M. SHERRED, George Taylor Chapter, Easton, Pa.

"I am not bound to win, but I am bound to be true.

I am not bound to succeed, but I am bound to live up to what light I have."

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Genealogical Notes and Queries

*Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor,
Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.*

ANSWERS

1572 (3) COMSTOCK-SESSIONS. Miss Ella M. Rorabeck, Jacksonville, Florida, sends the following extract from the Comstock Genealogy by Cyrus B. Comstock, it being the only Nancy Sessions mentioned in that Genealogy. "Noah Comstock of Lyme, Conn., m. Hannah Beebe, moved to Montpelier, Vt., in 1799, and ab. 1816 to Worthington, Ohio, where he died. Among his children was Rodney, b. ab. 1787, m. (1) in 1812, Nancy Sessions; m. (2) Jerusha S. Beckwith, and d. ab. 1875, aged 88, near Worthington, Ohio. He was a soldier of the War of 1812." I would suggest that M. B. M. write to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C., for the pension record in the War of 1812 of Rodney Comstock. It may contain helpful matter.—*Gen. Ed.*

1612 (2) ATWOOD-MAYO. The Atwoods of Eastham and Provincetown were not related, except remotely in England. The Eastham family was founded by Alexander Atwood, son of Stephen; he m. Ann Snow, dau. of Mark, Feb. 14, 1684. The Provincetown family was founded by Herman Atwood, son of John of Sanderstand, Surrey, Eng. Herman m. Aug. 11, 1646, Ann Copp, dau. of Wm. and d. in 1651. His son, John, was lieut. of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co. in 1695; he m. (1) Sarah, but Joshua was not the son of this wife, but the fifth child of the (2) wife Mary Smith, dau. of Francis, whom John m. Oct. 27, 1694. Their son, Joshua, was b. Apr. 13, 1701, and m. Sarah Hatch in 1732; he was a school teacher in Provincetown. His son, Samuel, m. Bathsheba (not Barsheba) and Samuel's dau. Elizabeth, b. Feb. 17, 1779, m. Seth Mayo of Plymouth (not of Eastham). Sarah, wife of Joshua, was the dau. of Rodolphus Hatch and his wife, Elizabeth Holmes. Elizabeth was the dau. of Nathaniel and Mary Holmes of Plymouth. Mary was the dau. of John Faunce (who came over in the *Ann* in 1623), and his wife, Patience Morton, dau. of George. Rodolphus Hatch was the son of Thomas and Sarah (Ellms) Hatch. Sarah was the dau. of Rodolphus and Catherine

(Whitcomb) Ellms; Catherine Whitcomb was the dau. of John Whitcomb. *Miss Jannette R. Burlingham*, Shullsburg, Wis.

1720. SHIELDS. Miss Elizabeth Austin, Carrollton, Mo., has kindly sent an account of the dedication of the monument to Gen. James Shields, at Carrollton. This account gives also a sketch of the General and of his wife, Mary A. Carr, dau. of Jerome and Sarah Carr, b. in County of Armagh, Ireland, Aug. 15, 1835.

1824. LYTHE-COLGATE. Miss Ethel R. Fasquelle, Petoskey, Mich., sends the following information in regard to the Lytle family, which may help to trace the ancestry of James G. Lytle: "John Lytle and his wife, Eleanor Lowrie, were members of the colony of the Rev. Thomas Clark that came to America in 1767 from Bally Gay, Ireland, and settled at Salem, N. Y. John Lytle was a member of Webster's regiment of N. Y. militia in the Revolution. His dau. Elizabeth, m. James Rowan, also a member of Webster's regiment."

1842. HARRIS-BONER. Samuel Harris was in the French and Indian War and also in the Revolution, according to Mrs. H. C. Valentine, Bellefonte, Penn., who will furnish official proof if desired.

1846. LASSWELL-WRIGHT. Miss Ethel R. Fasquelle, Petoskey, Mich., would like to correspond with A. W. S. See also ans. to 1710, *WRIGHT*, in the October number of the magazine.—*Gen. Ed.*

1864 (2). STROTHER. Mrs. Mary B. C. Schrovar, Rock Hill, S. C., has the Strother lineage and arms and will gladly give what information she can to G. L. S.

1873. (2) MEAD.—The Colonial Va. Register, containing a list of members of the House of Burgesses, as well as other official data, can be obtained from the Americus Book Co., Americus, Ga., for \$12.—*Gen. Ed.*

1876. (2) HUNTINGTON-MURDOCK.—Undoubtedly Mary Huntington belongs to the Huntington family of Conn. and Vt., descendants of Christopher H., of Norwich, son of Simon, who died at sea in 1638. Many branches of this family settled in Vt.—*Gen. Ed.*

1887. ABRAHAM.—In a little pamphlet, called *History of Path Valley, Pa.*, the names of

Capt. Noah Abraham, Archibald Elliott, John Barclay, Frederick Miller and James, Robert and Samuel Walker are mentioned as soldiers from Path Valley, all of whom with the exception of Noah Abraham are buried there. John Barclay had a son, who was a soldier in the War of 1812. Evidently, therefore, Noah Abraham moved from there. A search of the land deeds might tell when he sold and give his residence at time of sale.—*Gen. Ed.*

1889. BLAIR—HOLCOMB.—A new genealogy of the Colonial Families of Va. is being prepared by Miss Stella Pickett Hardy, Batesville, Ark., and full particulars can be obtained from her.—*Gen. Ed.*

1896. LEONARD.—Catherine Leonard was the dau. of Gamaliel Leonard, of Raynham, Mass., a descendant of James Leonard, who erected the first forge in America (ab. 1640) on the banks of the Taunton River. (See Hemenway's *Vt. Gazetteer*.) He was one of the selectmen of Raynham in 1776, and his will, probated in 1809, mentions his wife, Bethiah; his sons, Gamaliel, Thomas, Simeon and Eliakin; his daughters, Phebe Leonard and Cate Jones; his granddaughter, Cynthia Leonard; his grandson, Zadock Leonard, and his grandchildren, the heirs of Bethiah Backus. Gamaliel, Jr., was a Rev. soldier, and was b. May 31, 1757. In 1786 he moved to Fairhaven, Vt., where he died, leaving a numerous family.—*Gen. Ed.*

1903. STROTHER.—See answer to 1864 (2).

1903. (2) See answer to 1873 (2) for information in regard to House of Burgesses.

1911. ELDERKIN.—Anne Wood Elderkin was the wife of Jedediah Elderkin (1717-1793), whom she m. Aug. 31, 1741. She was b. in 1721 and d. in 1804. Jedediah was the son of John Elderkin and Susannah Baker, the grandson of John Elderkin and Abigail Fowler, and the great grandson of John Elderkin, the emigrant, and his (2) wife, Elizabeth

(Drake) Gaylord, dau. of John Drake, widow of Wm. Gaylord, and lineal descendant of three of the seven Earls who were elected Guardians of Magna Charta. (See Elderkin Genealogy.)—*Gen. Ed.*

1920. (2) AVERY—EDES.—From the editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, Mrs. Elroy M. Avery, comes the following: There is much delightful and practically unknown history connected with this query. After the Acadians were expelled, grants of land were made in that region on very liberal terms by the English government to any of her subjects who would settle there. Ab. 200 men from near Boston settled the Basin of the Minas. When the Rev. broke out they, being patriots, were driven back, and their sturdy patriotism saved Eastern Maine to the Colonies. Capt. James Avery headed numerous scouting parties against the Indians. John Avery, the patriotic Secretary of Mass. during the Rev., was an uncle of James. This John was also a "Son of Liberty" and the whole family were patriotic, the daughters all marrying patriots.

1925. (2) WRIGHT.—See answers to 1846 and 1889.

1926. BOONE—SESSIONS.—Esther Boone, dau. of Joseph (brother of Daniel Boone), m. Richard Sessions, Sr., who d. in Sampson Co., N. C. His son, Jesse, b. Sampson Co., Jan., 1782, had a brother, Joseph, who was the father of James P. Sessions, and emigrated to Miss. and was one of the framers of its constitution. (See Sessions Gen.)—*Gen. Ed.*

1927. STONE.—According to Hayden's Va. Genealogies, Thomas Stone, the Signer (b. bef. 1742; m. after 1762; and d. Oct. 5, 1787), m. Margaret Brown, and had only three children, Frederick, who d. unm.; Mildred, who m. July, 1791, Travers Daniel; and Margaret Eleanor, who m. John Moncure Daniel. He has therefore no living descendants by name of Stone.—*Gen. Ed.*

NATIVES OF VERMONT, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.—All Daughters of Vermont attending the Twentieth Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution are cordially invited to an informal reception, April 17, from 4 to 6 p.m., in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall.

It is hoped this invitation will reach all those answering to the same grand birthright, that of Vermonters, and that all those so justly proud of the State "that history has touched with splendor" may meet and know each other.

During the Congress the ten busts that are to adorn the lobby of Memorial Continental Hall, representing some of the greatest American Revolutionary heroes, are to be dedicated and presented to the National Society through our gracious lady, the President General, Mrs. Scott. Vermont's gift to our "Great White Hall of Fame" is the bust of our incomparable hero, Col. Ethan Allen, who, in the gray dawn of May 10, 1775, with eighty-three unorganized farmer soldiers, entered Fort Ticonderoga, N. Y., and demanded immediate surrender. "In the name of the Great Jehovah and the Continental Congress" the flower of British soldiery surrendered without bloodshed and the nation became his debtor.

THE year book of the Springfield Chapter, Springfield, Ill., Mrs. George Ketchum Hall, Regent, gives for the work of the year the history of Illinois. One topic of peculiar interest is "Illinois in the American Revolution."

I AM taking the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and am more than pleased with it, and think it should be in every household as an educator, and to engender and foster the love of home and country.—*Josephine Powell Segal*, Philadelphia.

THE Omaha Chapter, Omaha, Neb., Mrs. J. J. Stubbs, Regent, has issued an attractive year book with the by-laws of the Chapter.

National Society of the Children of the American Revolution

Minutes of the Board of Management

The monthly meeting of the Board of Management of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution was held February 9, 1911.

The meeting was called to order by Mrs. Albert Baird Cummins, National President, and all united in the Lord's Prayer.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The Registrar reported fifteen applicants, and she was instructed to cast the ballot. This was done.

The Treasurer reported a balance of \$3,905.19.

The Vice-President in Charge of Organization, Mrs. Bond, having just lost her father, was absent. Resolutions of sympathy were passed. Her report was read and approved.

Miss Katharine M. Porter, Jackson, Miss., was appointed State Director for Mississippi.

Mrs. E. N. Dangley, of Kalamazoo, Mich., was appointed State Director for Michigan. Mrs. Church's resignation was accepted with regret.

Mrs. Howard gave the name of Miss Lola Ashton as the new President of the Alexandria, Va., Society.

Mrs. Brumbaugh, Chaplain, stated that she had sent a list of the Children of the

American Revolution State Directors to Mr. Wilson, manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, and he had sent copies to each one.

It was moved and accepted that the window drapery suggested by Mrs. Brumbaugh be referred to the Custodian, Miss Custis.

Mrs. Brumbaugh said a photograph of the room would be made for the magazine, and suggested putting the same on postals and selling them during the Congress. She was authorized to see if we would be allowed to do so.

Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Paul, and Miss Hooper were appointed a committee, Mrs. Tweedale, chairman, to engage a suitable room for the Children's tea.

Mrs. Cummins will see Mrs. Scott about the Children's entertainment.

Mrs. Hauseman was authorized to ask Miss King if she would take charge of the Children's entertainment and what she would charge, and report at the next meeting.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

CATHERINE E. CUSTIS,
Secretary.
Per JOSEPHENE C. HAUNSMANN,
Acting Secretary.

ABIGAIL ADAMS CHAPTER, Des Moines, Iowa, met February 13. The afternoon was devoted to an appreciation of the late Mrs. W. H. McHenry. Mrs. L. F. Andrews, Mrs. H. R. Howell, and Mrs. W. D. Skinner represented the Daughters. Delegates were chosen for the national meeting at Washington.

TAYLOR CHAPTER, Chardon, Ohio, Mrs. Orange Pomeroy, Regent, has issued an attractive year book. It is a summer Chapter. September 14 the members give a Lafayette luncheon.

OLD NORTHWEST CHAPTER, Ravenna, Ohio, Mrs. H. H. Garrard, Regent. The year book is embellished by a picture of the founder, Mrs. Ellesif Reeves Beebe. The honor roll of ancestors is especially valuable, as it gives State and service of each.

THE year book of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. James G. Dunning, Regent, besides the usual lists of officers, has a complete directory of the Chapters of the State. The name, time of meeting, names and addresses of the officers are given. They have seven societies of the Children of the American Revolution. They have State committees on the following important subjects: Reciprocity, Martha Berry School, Children of the Republic, Prevention of Desecration of the Flag, Child Labor, AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, Co-operation in Patriotic Work.



The National Society of the
Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1910

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IOWA,	MISS HARRIET ISADORA LAKE, Independence.
	MRS. THOMAS METCALF, "Elmridge," Council Bluffs.
KANSAS,	MRS. GEORGE T. GUERNSEY, Ridgewood, Independence.
	MRS. CLARENCE S. HALL, 1025 Tennessee Street, Lawrence.
KENTUCKY,	MRS. BEN JOHNSON, Bardstown.
	MRS. JEAN DAVIS WARREN, Danville.
LOUISIANA,	MISS VIRGINIA FAIRFAX, 1808 Carondelet Street, New Orleans.
	MRS. JAMES MARTIN FOSTER, "Curraghmuir," Shreveport.
MAINE,	MISS LOUISE HELEN COBURN, Pleasant Street, Skowhegan.
	MRS. JOHN ALDEN MORSE, 42 Summer Street, Bath.
MARYLAND,	MRS. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
	MRS. BEVERLEY RANDOLPH, "Tonoloway," Hancock, Route 12.
MASSACHUSETTS,	MRS. JAMES G. DUNNING, 211 Belmont Ave., Springfield.
	MRS. HERBERT E. DAVIDSON, 104 Coolidge Hill Rd., Watertown.
MICHIGAN,	MRS. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
	MRS. BENTON HANCHETT, 1000 W. Michigan Ave., Saginaw.
MINNESOTA,	MRS. CYRUS W. WELLS, 3120 James Ave., South, Minneapolis.
	MRS. LAWRENCE CHURCH JEFFERSON, 1126 Summit Ave., St. Paul.
MISSISSIPPI,	MRS. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 714 N. State Street, Jackson.
	MRS. ANDREW FULLER FOX, West Point.
MISSOURI,	MRS. ROBERT BURETT OLIVER, 740 North Street, Cape Girardeau.
	MRS. HUNTER M. MERIWETHER, 3616 Gladstone Blvd., Kansas City.
MONTANA,	MRS. EMIL H. RENISCH, 171 Penn Block, Butte.
	MRS. FRANK A. SCHEUBER, Livingston.

NEBRASKA,	MRS. OREAL S. WARD, 1125 South 15th Street, Lincoln. MRS. WARREN PERRY, Fairbury.
NEVADA,	MRS. CHARLES S. SPRAGUE, Goldfield.
NEW HAMPSHIRE,..	MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT, Keene.
	MRS. JOSEPH H. DEARBORN, P. O. Box 313, Suncook.
NEW JERSEY,	MRS. WILLIAM LIBBEY, Princeton.
	MRS. CHARLES B. YARDLEY, 332 William Street, East Orange.
NEW MEXICO,	MRS. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fé.
	MRS. SINGLETON M. ASHENFELTER, Silver City.
NEW YORK,	MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD, 135 South 2d Ave., Mount Vernon. MRS. JOSEPH B. KING, Fort Edward.
NORTH CAROLINA, .	MRS. JOHN VAN LANDINGHAM, 500 East Ave., Charlotte. MRS. WILLIAM N. REYNOLDS, 669 West 5th Street, Winston-Salem.
OHIO,	MRS. CLAYTON R. TRUESDALL, 319 Birchard Ave., Fremont. MRS. CHARLES S. DANA, 609 3d Street, Marietta.
OKLAHOMA,	MRS. WILLIAM J. PETTEE, 123 East 3d Street, Oklahoma City. MRS. JOHN D. BENEDICT, 1123 Elgin Ave., Muskogee.
OREGON,	MRS. WALLACE MCCAMANT, Portland. MRS. THOMAS C. TAYLOR, Pendleton.
PENNSYLVANIA, ...	MRS. ALLEN PUTNAM PERLEY, "Greystone," Vallamont. Williamsport.
	MRS. SMYSER WILLIAMS, York.
RHODE ISLAND,	MRS. DANIEL MANN EDWARDS, Woonsocket. MRS. CLOVIS H. BOWEN, 134 Pine Street, Pawtucket.
SOUTH CAROLINA, .	MRS. FRANCES LOUISE MAYES, 118 Manly Street, Greenville. MRS. A. CLARENCE LICON, Orangeburg.
SOUTH DAKOTA, ...	MRS. ROBERT JACKSON GAMBLE, Yankton.
TENNESSEE,	MRS. THOMAS DAY, 580 Poplar Avenue, Memphis. MRS. HENRY CLAYBOURNE HORTON, Franklin.
TEXAS,	MRS. ALVIN V. LANE, 135 Maple Ave., Dallas. MRS. JOHN T. STEVENS, 311 Martin Street, San Antonio.
UTAH,	MRS. MARY FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
VERMONT,	MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
VIRGINIA,	MRS. JULIUS J. ESTEY, Brattleboro. MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke. MRS. WILLIAM C. MARSHALL, Staunton.
WASHINGTON,	MRS. DAVID A. GOVE, 1115 23d Ave., North, Seattle. MRS. ALBERT J. TRUMBULL, 1242 16th Ave., North, Seattle.
WEST VIRGINIA, ...	MRS. R. H. EDMONDSON, 487 High Street, Morgantown. MRS. GEORGE DE BOLT, Gaston Ave. and 1st Street, Fairmount.
WISCONSIN,	MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN FETHERS, 605 St. Lawrence Ave., Janesville. MRS. EDWIN H. VAN OSTRAND, 405 Clermont Ave., Antigo.
WYOMING,	MRS. HENRY B. PATTEN, 314 East 18th Street, Cheyenne. MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle.

HONORARY OFFICERS

(Elected for Life)

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,	MRS. ADLAI E. STEVENSON,	MRS. DANIEL MANNING,
MRS. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS,		MRS. DONALD MCLEAN.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. ROGER A. PRYOR, 1893.	MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.
MRS. A. LEO KNOTT, 1894.	MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.
MRS. ELLEN H. WALWORTH, 1894.	MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.
MRS. JOSHUA WILBOUR, 1895.	MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895..	MRS. DEB. RANDOLPH KEIM, 1906.
MRS. A. C. GEER, 1896.	MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, the following motion was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, Daughters of the American Revolution, Memorial Continental Hall, 17th and D Streets, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, mar-

National Board of Management, N. S., D. A. R.

Wednesday and Thursday, October 5 and 6, 1910

MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL,
WEDNESDAY, October 5, 1910.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held in the Board Room, Wednesday, October 5, 1910, thirty-three members being present.

The meeting was called to order at 10.30 a.m. by the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain General.

The roll was called by the Recording Secretary General, the following members answering to their names: Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General; Mrs. Tulloch, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Gregory, Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Orton, Mrs. Sternberg, Mrs. Sterling, Mrs. Noyes, Miss Mecum, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Shackelford, Mrs. Moor, Mrs. Randall, Miss Benning. The Chaplain General; the Recording Secretary General; the Registrar General; the Historian General; the Corresponding Secretary General; the Treasurer General; the Librarian General. State Regents: Mrs. Smallwood, Mrs. Mahoney, Mrs. Thom, Mrs. Brayton, Mrs. Libbey, Mrs. Truesdale, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Perley, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Lane, Mrs. Jamison. State Vice-Regent, Mrs. De Bolt. A quorum present.

The Recording Secretary General read the minutes of the June 1 Board meeting, and same were accepted after brief discussion on motion of the Vice-President General from the District. Seconded.

The Corresponding Secretary General called attention to the action taken by the Board at a previous meeting at the request of the State Regent of Minnesota, that that State be permitted to incorporate to hold property left by bequest (Sibley Mansion), stating motion was not read to the Board at the time, but was later handed in, and as written, gave permission to the Daughters of the American Revolution of that State to incorporate for this purpose, this being unconstitutional and hence null and void; and the Corresponding Secretary General asked that an errata slip appear in the magazine to this effect, and on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded, the following action was taken:

"That this correction be made in the next number of the magazine, and that Mrs. Wells be informed of the status of the case."

The State Regent of New York called attention to the motion read in the minutes,

which stated that Miss Read should be retained in her office after the first of July, which had not been done, and asked for information.

The President General said this matter will come up in the report of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee.

The President General said: As Article VI, Section 4, of the Constitution gives the President General authority to call meetings of the National Board of Management at any time she may deem necessary, I wish to give notice now, that unless exigencies arise which I do not now foresee I shall call the next regular meeting of the Board on the first Wednesday in February, 1911. Special meetings of the Board will be called the first Wednesdays in November, December, and January for the authorization of new Chapters, the appointment of Regents, the admission of new members only, and for the pension of Real Daughters.

And now, ladies, I have an announcement to make that was a shock to me; and I know will be a shock to all of you.

A year ago at the October meeting of the National Board, Mrs. Bates, then Vice-President General from Massachusetts, recommended for the position of official stenographer to the Board, one whom she said was "eminently fitted for the position." That she has proved so we can one and all testify; and it is with genuine regret, personally as well as officially, that I am compelled to read the following letter to you:

"October 1, 1910.
THE NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT,
N. S., D. A. R.
"MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,

"President General.

"One year ago you elected me to the position of official stenographer, and (at some expense and sacrifice) I came to Washington as soon as I could release myself from my work in the North.

"During the year I have tried in every way to satisfy the Society. I have studied thoroughly the work of my predecessor; by request have reported and written the Board and Committee meetings at much greater length than formerly, and done personally a large amount of clerical work, connected with notifying new members, and the copying and indexing of Memorial Continental Hall records not previously done by the official stenographer. I have classified, rearranged, and indexed the reports of the Board for the past fifteen years, and have made a careful copy

of all action of the Board and Congress having a permanent effect, since the issue of the Statute Book, January, 1902. These rulings are now on file for reference.

"I have taken no sick leave whatever, and have put in over 100 hours extra time, for which I have neither asked nor received compensation; there being some difference of opinion as to the intent of the motion on this overtime work passed by the Board at the June meeting, I have begged that the matter be dropped. I have used my own typewriter in the office (at some inconvenience to myself, I admit) during the entire year, excepting two months, when it was used for office work at home. If proper I would be glad to receive rent for the use of my machine the eight months when in constant use here in the office; this I find has been paid previously when a clerk supplied her machine.

"And now it is with real regret that I must ask you as soon as possible to release me from my work with you. Quite unexpectedly I have received an offer from the Smithsonian, so exceptional that it seems impossible to refuse. However, I am anxious that your work here shall not be disturbed in its continuity, and Dr. Walcott has given his consent, if necessary to your Board, that I may report your Board meetings until you are able to fill my place. I am most anxious to co-operate with you in every way possible, but must ask to be freed from routine work not later than October 15.

"With heartiest thanks for all your kindness to me, I beg leave to remain, with respect,

"Yours very sincerely,
(Signed) "GERTRUDE R. BRIGHAM,
"Official Stenographer."

The President General then recommended for the position of official stenographer to the Board Mrs. Gertrude B. Fowler, of Washington, D. C., stating her qualifications therefor.

The Vice-President General from Mississippi offered the following motion:

"That the report [these remarks have already appeared in the magazine] of the President General, with its recommendation be accepted; and that as an expression of our appreciation of the faithful, efficient service of Miss Brigham and our regret at her leaving our employ, the National Board of Management accept her resignation, to take effect the first day of November, and grant her vacation with pay from the fifteenth of October, and that the President General be empowered to engage Mrs. Gertrude B. Fowler or, in case of her declining to serve, some other suitable person as official stenographer to the Board of Management."

The motion was seconded by the State Regents of Virginia and New Jersey, and carried.

The Registrar General, noting in the address of the President General, and in the letter read, that the official stenographer has been giving the use of her machine to the Society, moved:

"That the official stenographer be allowed the usual amount of rent for the use of her typewriter, of which the Society has had the use during the past year."

Seconded by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters and the vice-President General from Mississippi, and carried.

The Recording Secretary General presented the following report:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have again, at the beginning of my report, to acknowledge receipt of a second chair presented to Memorial Continental Hall for the use of the Recording Secretary General, the first having been given by the Monmouth, Ill., Chapter in honor of Miss Desha, a former Recording Secretary General; and this one by the Colorado Chapter. Permit me a moment of reminiscence, as looking back through a vista of many years I see the dear old Convent in Georgetown, where Mary Goodell (now Mrs. Grant, wife of a former Governor of Colorado, and at one time Regent of the Colorado Chapter) and myself were classmates, and recalling these days it is an additional pleasure to me to be the first to use this chair, and I am reimbursed with the desire to be worthy of the honor conferred by the State of Colorado upon the office of which I am the present incumbent.

I have the honor to report that the work of my desk is up to date, owing to the proficient services of the official stenographer (Miss Brigham) and the clerk (Mrs. Fishburne) assigned me at the meeting last June, for which I thank the Board.

The Committee appointments by the President General were promptly mailed, the lists have been completed and corrected and are now before us on the table in printed form for correction, the latter the work of the Printing Committee.

All action by the Board last June has been transmitted to those affected, and all instructions have been carried out. The routine work is as follows:

Original application papers signed.....	818
Notifications of election to membership issued and mailed.....	818
Certificates of membership issued, of which 2,593 were personally signed and 2,153 bore the engraved signatures ordered by the Board.....	4,746
Letters and postals received.....	514
Letters and postals written (exclusive of Board notices and election notifications)	1,031
Charters signed.....	4
Board meeting notices mailed.....	75

The various State Regents were immediately advised of the resolution of the Board, June 1, prescribing the method of making donations for the education of Southern Mountain white children.

The motion adopted by the Board, December 9 last, was, as directed, restated to the American Audit Company.

I have to report that I have not been able to comply this summer with the law requiring the sending out within ninety days after the close of the Congress amendments offered to the Constitution for the reason that as pre-

sented at the Congress the amendments were not in form for printing, and had to be returned to the mover (Mrs. Morgan, of Georgia) for revision, who, thereupon for the present, withdrew the one amending Article IV, Section 1.

In order to explain the situation and ask advice of the Board as to the proper time to send out the remaining one I have delayed two months issuing the same, which is to amend Article VII, Section 1. Will the Board direct, therefore, whether I shall now have this one amendment to the Constitution printed and distributed to the Society? The proposed amendments to the By-laws will, of course, appear within the prescribed sixty days prior to the opening of Congress.

A new set of Constitutions has been printed, including the amendment adopted at the Nineteenth Continental Congress.

I am very glad to report progress on the work of bringing the Statute Book up to date, and it is my hope to be able to bring it out during the next few months, or as soon as possible.

From Mrs. Estey, State Vice-Regent of Vermont, has been received a letter tenderly acknowledging with great appreciation the expression of condolence of the Board on the death of her sister, Mrs. Cobb.

In August we were called on to mourn the death of Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, one of the most eminent women of our Society, known far and wide for her brilliant mind, faithful work, and loving heart. A floral emblem for the Society, representing our own National insignia in immortelles and palm leaves, backed with an American flag, was selected, our official stenographer attending to the matter, and an illuminated inscription from the pen of Mrs. Kane as follows accompanying the offering:

JUDITH ELLEN FOSTER,
Friend and Disciple of Frances Willard,
Carrying on her work with National recognition of her ability.

A sane and effective Speaker of such power that an enraged mob once burned her house in reprisal.

Representative of the Red Cross,
Sent by Secretary Hay to St. Petersburg
in 1903.

Member of the Taft Commission to the Philippines,

Investigator of Federal prisons, appointed by Attorney General Wickersham.

President Woman's Republican Association and active member Young Women's Christian Association,

Regent Constitution Chapter, D. A. R., from its inception for seven years, since when she has been Regent Emeritus.

Chairman Committee on Child Labor, in which, with her niece and secretary, Miss Elisabeth Pierce, she has accomplished work reaching far into the future.

The Daughters of the American Revolution mourn her as a Woman and recognize her as a Patriot.

August 11, 1910.

In the death September 8, 1910, of Mrs. Emily H. Park (Robert E.), former Vice-President General, of Georgia, our Society has lost one of its most distinguished members.

From our former Recording Secretary General, Miss Elisabeth Pierce, the niece of Mrs. Foster, has come a letter to the Board expressing the highest appreciation on behalf of the family of Mrs. Foster, both for the floral emblem and the inscription accompanying it.

In response to the communication notifying Mrs. Sara T. Kinney of her election as Honorary Vice-President General, came in June the following characteristic note:

"*My Dear Miss Wilcox:*

"I am this morning in receipt of the commission which makes the office of Honorary Vice-President General seem a very real thing to me. On looking it over I find that there are no strangers to me on the list of such officers. I have personally known each one of them. At one time or another we have 'fought and bled' and almost died for—and in 'the cause,' and are now (presumably) resting from our labors—tired, as well as retired. Well! it is good to rest, and the Honorables certainly have earned the right to set up rainbows—in their souls—from a sense of duty done! I hope I may be able to live up to the real meaning of the new title.

"Sincerely yours,

(Signed) "SARA T. KINNEY."

In a personal letter accompanying this, among other things, Mrs. Kinney says:

"I find from the wording of the commission that I am expected to 'fulfill the duties of the office,' etc., etc. Are there any other duties than the one which obliges an Honorary to die in order that a successor may be elected? So far as I am aware that is the only thing to be expected of me—and I'll promise—right here and now—not to (Laughter) shirk that particular duty when it presents itself to me."

In a personal letter received from our beloved and revered Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, who, as you may know, is touring Europe in an automobile, showing her seventy-odd years' wonderful vigor by being four consecutive weeks in the auto, I read the most patriotic sentiments. She says the more she sees of the Old World the better she loves her own native land, and that there is no flag like Old Glory; closing her most interesting letter with a kind word to all she loves.

From our Honorary Vice-President General, Mrs. Keim, is received the Year Book of the Berks County Chapter and the interesting "Story of a Grand Lady's Treasure Casket of Ancient Days," which you will remember was presented to our Museum last Congress by Miss Harriet de B. Keim. Year books have also been received from Western Reserve Chapter and Rebecca Parke Chapter, the title page of the latter being especially pretty, having the imprint of our insignia as originally designed by Caldwell.

From the newspapers it is learned that after an absence of two years the face of Martha Washington will once more adorn the United States postal cards, the message card bearing the portrait of General Washington, and the

reply card that of Martha Washington. This is especially interesting, as it was brought about through the efforts of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

From Mr. Maloney, of Brooklyn, has come an appeal for help in distributing a song and poem, with a view to arousing the patriotic spirit to erect a monument on the spot (corner of Third Street and Fifth Avenue, New York City) where more than two hundred Maryland patriots lie buried, where they fell, at the Battle of Long Island during the Revolutionary War, which has been referred to the chairman of the Committee on Marking Historic Spots.

In June a circular letter was received from the City of Mexico, suggesting that Friday afternoon, September 16, of this year, be set apart in every public school in the United States as a day for the study of Mexico, that being the date the people of Mexico celebrate the first centennial of their Independence from the Crown of Spain. It was with regret that

onded by the State Regent of New York, was carried:

"That the Recording Secretary General write Mrs. Morgan that according to Article IX of our Constitution amendments to the Constitution must be offered in the odd years of Congress."

The President General asked if there are any corrections to the report of the Recording Secretary General, and on motion of the State Regent of Maryland, seconded by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, and the Vice-President General from the District, the report was accepted with its recommendation.

The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was presented, as follows:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The following report covers correspondence attended to and supplies sent from the office of Corresponding Secretary General from June 1, 1910, to October 1, 1910:

	June.	July.	August.	September.	Total.
Letters received.....	193	157	156	188	694
Letters written.....	145	177	200	229	751
Application blanks.....	3,238	1,042	1,987	2,283	9,150
Supplemental blanks.....	534	368	370	439	1,711
Constitutions.....	40	35	298	62	435
Circular "How to Become a Member.".....	219	177	215	305	916
Miniature blanks.....	177	154	190	204	731
Officers' lists.....	230	170	204	194	798
Transfer cards.....	54	36	117	91	298

the author of this letter had to be told the date chosen fell during the vacation period of the schools in the district.

Regrets for to-day's meeting are received from Mrs. Day, by reason of her presence at the Appalachian Exposition in Knoxville during the Daughters of the American Revolutionary Day, October 5-7; Mrs. Morgan Smith, whose absence on account of the serious illness of her sister, will be received with sympathy by the Board; Mrs. Stilson, Mrs. Barron, Mrs. Fowler, Mrs. Wheaton, Mrs. Fethers, Mrs. Wells, Mrs. Pursell, Mrs. Campbell, who is arriving this morning in New York on her return from Europe; Mrs. Prince, Miss Fairfax, Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. Delafield, Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Guernsey, Mrs. Abbott, Mrs. Dunning, and Mrs. Buel, the latter on account of illness; all sending their cordial greetings to the members in attendance to-day.

At the suggestion of the Registrar General I recommend the purchase of a new seal, it being reported that the spring on the present seal is broken, and the same generally worn out; the old seal, of course, to be destroyed.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

October 5, 1910.

Referring to the question of the printing of the amendments to the Constitution offered at the Congress last April, the following motion offered by the State Regent of Virginia, sec-

To the number of Constitutions sent out as above there should be added 1,250, sent to State and Chapter Regents and Vice-Regents, making in all 1,685.

In accordance with instructions received at the June Board meeting I have engaged as clerk Miss Flora Fernald, who has taken up the duties of the office most satisfactorily. The mail is distributed by her as directed and "the general information" letters are answered from my office.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,
Corresponding Secretary General, N.S.D.A.R.

The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was accepted on motion of the State Regent of Pennsylvania, seconded.

The Corresponding Secretary General then presented a request from Mrs. James C. Fisher, Readville, Va., to use the insignia on a tablet to commemorate an historical event. The Corresponding Secretary moved that this request be granted, and the motion was seconded and carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General next read a letter of greeting from Daughters of the American Revolution members of an excursion on the high seas, to the President General, signed by Mrs. Alice M. Wood, Secretary *pro tem*; a notice of lectures by Professor Moorehead, regarding Lewis and Clarke's Expedition, saying that information about same would be on file in her office; a

telegram of congratulations to the President General from the conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution Board, meeting at Marietta, Ga., with invitation to attend the State conference, this invitation being seconded by one from the Vice-President General of Georgia, the President General saying she regretted her inability to accept, and last, a communication from Mrs. Draper, acting chairman of the Printing Committee, announcing the committee lists, one hundred sample copies having been printed, and asking for corrections on examination by the Board. The committee lists were then distributed.

The Registrar General presented her report, first saying she wished to call the attention of the Board to the report of the Recording Secretary General regarding the seal; that in complying with the vote of the Board, the order for the signatures of President General and Recording Secretary General was placed before leaving the city for the summer; terms were made with J. E. Caldwell to have these extra stamps made at a very reasonable rate, and as fast as they have been returned to the office the certificates have been sent out, and all who have been admitted during the past year would have received their certificates up to April, except for the failure of the old seal to act.

The Registrar General continued her report, saying that more routine work had been accomplished the past summer than ever before; that this time last year over eight hundred supplemental applications were awaiting verification, while this year there are only a little over five hundred; and this morning she had the honor to report the largest number of members ever admitted to the Society at any Board meeting, 1,326 (applause).

The report is as follows:

Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following:

Applications presented to the Board.....	1,326
Supplemental applications verified.....	665
Original papers returned unverified.....	119
Supplemental papers returned unverified.	145
Permits for the Insignia issued.....	555
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued..	295
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued.	224
Applications of Real Daughters presented	4
Certificates engrossed.....	2,593
Certificates issued.....	4,740
Number of letters, including duplicate application papers issued.....	3,442
Number of cards issued.....	1,644
Original papers awaiting information.....	186
Supplemental papers awaiting information	579
New records verified.....	404
Original papers awaiting Notary's seal..	20
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary's seal	13
Total number of papers verified.....	2,004
Number of application papers copied, 64, at 25 cents.....	\$16.00

Number of State Regents' lists copied

1— 1.50

\$17.50

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General, N. S., D. A. R.

The Registrar General called attention to the fact that two out of the three Real Daughters presented are twin sisters—most unusual, and from Michigan.

The report of the Registrar General was accepted with thanks, on motion of the Recording Secretary General, seconded.

The Registrar General read the names of the 1,326 applicants for membership, and on motion of the Historian General, seconded, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the admission of these ladies whose names had been read, and the President General declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters presented the following report:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The State Regent of South Dakota, having expressed her desire to resign the duties of the office, or only hold them until the appointment of a successor, and the "Paha Wakan" Chapter having failed to elect, the President General, through this office, appoints and asks the Board to confirm Mrs. Carrie Osborn Gamble, of Yankton.

The State Vice-Regent of Michigan, Mrs. Abby L. Fyfe, asks the Board to accept her resignation from that office.

Through their respective State Regents, the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Lucile Folk Cox, of Helena, Ark.

Mrs. Maude Ervay Fagin, of San Diego, Cal.

Mrs. Clara G. Peabody, of Ontario, Cal.

Mrs. Julia Church Culver, of Naugatuck, Conn.

Mrs. Sarah Robertson Strozier, of Greenville, Ga.

Mrs. Mattie Tarbottom Harris, of Sandersville, Ga.

Mrs. Eva Pennell Brown, of Wenonah, Ill.

Mrs. Mary Catherine Howe, of Delphi, Ind.

Mrs. Lou M. Jackson, of Iowa Falls, Iowa.

Miss Caroline Anderson Sutton, of Salina, Kan.

Mrs. Belle Putnam Spalding, of Lebanon, Ky.

Mrs. Evie Nash Hand, of Starkville, Miss.

Mrs. Willie Honey Johnson, of Montgomery City, Mo.

Mrs. Pearle McNeil Bean, of Nevada, Mo.

Mrs. Carrie Thomas Griffin, of Carlsbad, N. M.

Mrs. Lillian Murphy Cain, of St. Matthews, S. C.

Mrs. Belle Carter Tipton, of Elizabethton, Tenn.

Mrs. Eleanor Molloy Gillespie, of Fayetteville, Tenn.

Mrs. Elizabeth Messick Houck, of Memphis, Tenn.

Mrs. Sallie Malone Brevard, of Union City, Tenn.

Mrs. Mary Grice Burnside, of Wichita Falls, Texas.

Mrs. Maria C. Read Watkins, of Chatham, Va.

Mrs. Maria Cornelia Tallmadge Spence, of Milwaukee, Wis.

Mrs. Ella Ballou Lobingier, of Manila, P. I.

The Board is also requested to authorize the formation of Chapters at Onawa, Iowa; Chillicothe, Mo.; Gonzales, Texas; Rome, Italy.

Mrs. Margaret Leach, appointed Regent at Villisca, Iowa, tenders her resignation on leaving Villisca.

Also Mrs. Sue Darlington Whicher, having removed from Carlsbad, N. M., resigns her Regency at that place.

The following Regencies have expired by time limitation: Mrs. Mary E. Fauntleroy, of New Harmony, Ind.; Mrs. Carolina A. Titus, of Winthrop, Iowa; Mrs. Jennie Tilton, of Carlisle, Ky.; Mrs. Wallace M. Bartlett, of Lawrenceburg, Ky.; Mrs. Lois M. G. Sharpless, of Hazelton, Pa.

Through its State Regent the "Thomas Jefferson" Chapter of Atlanta, Ga., announces its disbandment, and returns its charter to the Board to be destroyed.

Under date of August 2, 1909, the "General Miranda" Chapter of Peru, Ind., was reported to the Treasurer General as disbanded by the Secretary. The State Regent, however, desired, before reporting the matter to the Board, to attempt the reawakening of the Chapter. Her efforts have been unavailing and the Treasurer General to-day reports the Chapter as hopelessly in arrears, and asks the Board to formally annul it.

The "Andrew Pickens" Chapter of Seneca, S. C., presents a petition—herewith laid before the Board—to change its date of organization from February 22, 1902, to February 22, 1905, that it may include in its charter, which it now for the first time requests, the name of the Regent who brought the Chapter literally to life again. Charters issued, 4; Chapter Regents' Commissions, 13.

Letters written, 351; letters received, 291; officers' lists written for, 458; officers' lists received, 367.

The card catalogue reports:

Member's cards.....	818
Deaths	49
Resignations	48
Dropped	—
Reinstatements	13
Marriages	124
Corrections	786

Admitted membership, June 1, 1910....80,531
Actual membership, June 1, 1910.....63,994

Before closing my report it will, I think, be of interest to the members of the Board to recount the discovery of a lost Chapter in the course of my summer's work.

In the transferring and systematizing of the Chapter, charter, and correspondence files, an organizing list was found among the earliest charters marked: "Athens, Athens, Georgia.

No Record." This was headed "Athens Chapter, Organized July 1, 1892," and contained a list of the officers and seventeen members. On referring to the Chapter ledger I found "Mrs. Ellen A. Crawford, Athens." Appointment confirmed May 25, 1892, but no record of the organization of a Chapter. In the older ledger, from which the present one was transferred, I found "Chapter Regent, Mrs. E. A. Crawford, Athens (Athens), in parenthesis—and in pencil—May 25, 1892." In the oldest record of all I found "Chapter Regent, Mrs. E. A. Crawford, Athens, 'Athens Chapter.'" Finding Mrs. Crawford still catalogued among the active members I at once wrote her, detailing the circumstances, and asking if the Athens Chapter really had an existence or had died unborn; and in response received a most interesting letter, showing that the Chapter really had existed for some three or four years, and possessed a charter, issued March 20, 1893, and signed by Letitia Green Stevenson, President General, and Eugenia Washington, Recording Secretary General. Mrs. Crawford also sent me a page from the AMERICAN MONTHLY, containing a report of the first year's work of the "Athens" Chapter.

Deaths, removals, and other reasons depleted the membership so that the Chapter became inoperative and considered itself disbanded, though never officially so recorded, and those of the members who remained in Athens later became affiliated with the "Elijah Clarke."

The ex-Regent, in telling the history of her Chapter, said that the charter had always been a valued memento of her first work in the Society, and she would be glad always to retain it. And since the Chapter is now for the first time entered on the records and was never officially disbanded, it would seem unreasonable to deprive her of that which has value for her, and none for us, and which we may be sure will never be misused.

I would state there is a precedent for this courtesy; as in going over the correspondence files this summer I found a case where the Regent of a disbanded Chapter requested, as a favor, to retain the charter, and though the answer was not procurable as the letter books were not in use at that time, the fact that the charter was not returned would indicate that the request was granted.

If the Board approves, therefore, I will write to Mrs. Crawford that the charter of the "Athens" Chapter will remain in her care.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,
Vice-President General in Charge of
Organization of Chapters.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization supplemented her report with several matters, explained in detail, upon which the Board acted *ad seriatim*, the first being the resignation of the State Vice-Regent of Michigan, Mrs. Fyfe, which, on motion of the Vice-President General from Virginia, was accepted.

Then the resignations of Chapter Regents, as listed, were accepted on motion.

Next, a report from the State Regent of

Georgia, Mrs. Graham, announcing the disbandment of the Thomas Jefferson Chapter, of Atlanta. The Vice-President General of Georgia asked that the charter be preserved with the word "Annulled" written across it. The Vice-President General from the district moved that the charter be destroyed, the Statutes (No. 223) so directing. The charter was accordingly destroyed by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization in the presence of the Board.

She next reported concerning the formal disbandment of the General Miranda Chapter, one member retaining her membership at large and asked the Board to formally annul this Chapter. This action was taken.

She then read a letter from the Treasurer of the Andrew Pickens Chapter of South Carolina, asking to change their date of organization from February 22, 1902, to February 22, 1905. The State Regent of Ohio, seconded by the Vice-President General of Ohio, moved that the Board concede this request. The question was discussed at length, but the opinion that the present Board could not legislate for the 1905 Board obtained and the State Regent of Ohio withdrew her motion in favor of the following, offered by the Chaplain General, seconded by the State Regent of New Jersey:

"That the Board suggest that the 'Andrew Pickens' Chapter disband now and then organize anew."

Carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General called for the order of the day and the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters presented a request from the Athens, Ga., Chapter to disband, but to retain the Charter as a souvenir. She recommended that, if possible, this be granted. It was stated that the Board declined to disband the Buff and Blue Chapter until they returned the charter.

The Vice-President General from Connecticut suggested that the charter might be "destroyed," in the sense of the statute, by writing the word "annulled" across it, and returning it to the lady. The President General said that would be making a precedent. On motion of the State Regent of Virginia (who stated she offered this motion in order to allow the Regent to retain the charter for a while at least), seconded by the Chaplain General and Historian General, it was carried:

"That Mrs. Crawford (the Regent) be asked to reorganize this Chapter."

On motion of the Historian General, the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was accepted.

The Corresponding Secretary General called attention to its being now half-past one o'clock, the hour appointed for the luncheon given by the President General in honor of the National Board of Management. Accordingly recess was taken until 2.45 p.m. on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded by the State Regent of Michigan.

The President General invited the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, the State Regent of Rhode Island, the State Regent of New Jersey, and the Vice-President General of Vermont, to stand with her in the banquet room to assist in receiving the guests.

The Board then proceeded to the banquet room.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Board was called to order at 3.10 p.m., the President General in the chair.

The report of the Treasurer General was called, and read by the Corresponding Secretary General, in the temporary absence of Mrs. Hoover, and is as follows: (With the consent of the Board, items were omitted and totals given.)

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

June 1—September 30, 1910.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, May 31, 1910..... \$36,780.04

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$7,486, less \$590 refunded.....	\$6,896.00
Initiation fees, \$1,335, less \$99 refunded.....	1,236.00
Book plate.....	.50
Certificates, members.....	3.00
Current interest.....	221.57
D. A. R. report to Smithsonian Institution.....	3.39
Directory	12.48
Duplicate papers.....	30.50
Early history.....	1.42
Exchange66
Lineage books.....	217.59
Magazine	1,318.23
Ribbon	3.95
Stationery	37.47
Statute books.....	.00

Telephone pay stations.....	6.62
Rosettes	3.60
Proceedings, Nineteenth Continental Congress:	
Refund of postage from printer.....	\$18.20
Sale of Proceedings.....	8.16
	26.36
Water used for Normal School Commencement.....	1.00
Refund, account overcharge for stamps, by Curator.....	42.88
Refund, House Committee, Nineteenth Continental Congress.....	85.21
	\$10,149.03
	\$10,149.03
	\$46,929.07

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Clerical service.....	\$65.00
Telegrams, cards and envelopes.....	2.35
	\$67.35
<i>Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.</i>	
Clerical service.....	\$520.00
Engrossing Charters and Commissions.....	17.10
Sundries	21.10
	558.20

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Clerical service.....	\$530.00
Printing postals, and postage.....	12.70
Sundries	31.32
	574.02

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerical service.....	\$190.00
Constitutions, blanks, lists, postals and postage.....	543.00
Sundries	17.80
	750.80

Office of Registrar General.

Clerical service.....	\$2,165.00
Binding 34 volumes Registrar's Records.....	87.75
Printing postals, and postage.....	64.46
Sundries	54.25
	2,371.46

Office of Treasurer General.

Clerical service.....	\$1,799.01
2 record books, and binding 5 volumes.....	28.00
Blanks, circulars, vouchers, bills, and check, receipt and press	
copy books.....	149.00
Sundries	23.15
	1,999.16

Office of Librarian General.

Clerical service.....	\$302.47
2 subscriptions and binding 21 volumes.....	30.60
Sundries	7.60
	340.67

Office of Historian General.

Clerical service.....	\$660.00
20 file boxes, and binding 30 Lineage Books.....	35.50
1,000 Lineage Books, expressage and postage.....	601.38
Refund	2.00
	1,298.88

Office of Assistant Historian General.

Clerical service.....	\$130.00
1,050 report blanks, and postage.....	34.06
Sundries	4.15
	168.21

Certificate.

Clerical service.....	\$300.00
Seals, tubes, engrossing and stamping certificates, and signature plates.....	264.77
Postage and expressage.....	257.92
	822.69

Magazine.

Salary of Business Manager and clerical service.....	\$422.00
Editorial and Genealogical Departments.....	519.96
Printing May, June, July, August and September numbers, and office expenses.....	1,966.14
Auditing accounts.....	50.00
Circulars, letterheads, process letters and envelopes.....	23.75
Printing postals, and postage, and 16 half-tones.....	130.34
Sundries	75.86
	<u>3,188.05</u>

General Office.

Clerical service.....	\$440.00
Car fare and messenger service.....	67.94
22,000 stamped envelopes and postage.....	545.45
Committee, Children of the Republic (advanced).....	200.00
Committee, Continental Hall.....	.25
Committee, Conservation	228.22
Committee, Finance	9.50
Committee, Patriotic Education	115.00
Committee, Printing	3.20
Committee, Supervision	6.68
Water, ice and towel service.....	95.14
Sundries	266.68
	<u>1,978.06</u>

Continental Hall.

Superintendent, watchman, janitor, fireman, telephone operator and housekeeper.....	\$866.57
Guide, doorkeeper, carpenter and charwomen.....	659.83
Electric current and water rent.....	395.21
Sundries	294.62
	<u>2,216.23</u>

Support, Real Daughters.

Support for June, July, August and September.....	\$1,080.00
	<u>1,080.00</u>

Nineteenth Continental Congress.

Lecturer and taxicab service.....	\$50.40
Decorating hall.....	123.56
Spoons for 40 Pages.....	60.00
Ballots, programs and Treasurer General's reports.....	102.50
Sundries	13.75
	<u>350.21</u>

Stationery.

National Officers and Committees.....	\$224.30
State Regents.....	121.62

Telephone.

Telephone service, 4 months.....	\$114.88
	<u>114.88</u>

Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment.

Umbrella stand and checks, mats and door fasteners.....	\$88.80
Screens and desk fans.....	166.30
12 guard ropes for auditorium and galleries.....	92.50
Sundries	40.75
	<u>388.35</u>

Auditing Accounts.

Auditing accounts Treasurer General and Curator.....	\$200.00
	<u>200.00</u>

Ribbon.

3 bolts D. A. R. ribbon.....	\$9.00
	<u>9.00</u>

State Regents' Postage.

For 12 State Regents.....	\$80.00
	<u>80.00</u>

Chalkley Manuscript.

Clerical service.....	\$99.20
Storage, insurance and rent of typewriter.....	27.00
Sundries	33.24
	<u>159.44</u>
Proceedings, Nineteenth Continental Congress.	
Printing Proceedings.....	\$1,667.25
Postage, indexing and electro of insignia.....	650.36
	<u>2,317.61</u>
Rosettes.	
Refund, Mrs. Stevens.....	\$2.50
	<u>2.50</u>
Spoons.	
Spoon, 1 Real Daughter.....	\$2.40
	<u>2.40</u>
	<u>21,384.09</u>
Transferred to Permanent Fund by order of Nineteenth Continental Congress...	\$25,544.98
	<u>15,000.00</u>

Balance on hand September 30, 1910..... \$10,544.98

On deposit in:

National Metropolitan Bank.....	\$8,564.44
Washington Loan and Trust Company Bank.....	1,980.54
	<u>\$10,544.98</u>

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, May 31, 1910.....	\$57.48
Interest58
	<u>\$58.06</u>
	<u>\$58.06</u>

On hand September 30, 1910..... \$58.06

Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean Historical Fund.

As at last report, May 31, 1910.....	\$1,407.47
Mrs. Alice P. Jamison.....	25.00
	<u>\$1,432.47</u>
	<u>\$1,432.47</u>

On hand September 30, 1910..... \$1,432.47

Franco-American Fund.

As at last report, May 31, 1910.....	\$211.36
	\$211.36
	\$211.36

Patriotic Education Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Jacksonville Chapter, Florida.....	\$10.00
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Illinois.....	25.00
Kate Aylesford Chapter, New Jersey.....	10.00
Monmouth Chapter, New Jersey.....	25.00
	<u>\$70.00</u>
	<u>\$70.00</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

Industrial School, Penland, N. C. (Jacksonville Chapter, Florida)	\$10.00
Helen Dunlop Home, Arkansas (Mrs. Matthew T. Scott).....	25.00
Southern Industrial Educational Association (Kate Aylesford and Monmouth Chapters).....	35.00
	<u>\$70.00</u>
	<u>\$70.00</u>

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, May 31, 1910..... \$19,468.40

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.....	\$75.00
Life Membership Fees.....	350.00

Continental Hall Contributions.

Colorado Chapter, account Independence chair for Recording Secretary General on platform, Colorado.....	25.00
Mary Washington Chapter, for gilt frame for portrait of Mrs. Lockwood, library, District of Columbia.....	33.50
Mary Washington Chapter, account library, District of Columbia	3.00
Mrs. Helen P. Kane, District of Columbia.....	3.00
Terminal Taxicab Company, District of Columbia.....	3.00
Washington College of Law, District of Columbia.....	35.00

Mrs. Nellie F. Johnson, Idaho.....	1.00
Rebecca Park Chapter, account mirror for room, Illinois.....	1.50
Friends of Mrs. Edward Roby, Illinois.....	50.00
Refund on freight charges overpaid on furniture for room, Indiana.....	.69
Thomas Johnson Chapter, account room, Maryland.....	100.00
Mordecai Gist Chapter, account room, Maryland.....	5.00
Michigan Chapters, account furnishing room, Michigan.....	200.00
Sophie de Marsac Campan Chapter, account file case, room, Michigan.....	34.00
Mrs. James P. Brayton, of Sophie de Marsac Campan Chapter, for furnishing file case, room, Michigan.....	8.50
Mrs. Mary N. Putnam, account room, New Jersey.....	100.00
Mrs. Delia S. Avery, of Buffalo Chapter, New York.....	100.00
Onondaga Chapter, New York.....	20.00
Owahgena Chapter, New York.....	10.00
Edward Buncombe Chapter, account column, North Carolina.....	15.00
Thomas Polk Chapter, account column, North Carolina.....	25.00
Mrs. A. S. Robertson, South Carolina.....	.25
Kokosing Chapter, Ohio.....	5.00
Vermont Chapters, account bust, Vermont.....	120.30
Interest on permanent fund.....	\$135.24
Commission on Recognition Pins.....	18.50
Commission on Insignia.....	32.51
Commission on Spoons.....	24.35
Commission on Record Shields.....	1.00
Use of hall, Girls' Friendly Society.....	\$25.00
Use of hall, Washington College of Law.....	15.00
Use of hall, Army Medical School.....	25.00
Use of hall, Normal School.....	40.00
Use of benches, unveiling Pulaski and Kosciusko monuments.....	\$48.54
Refund on laying sidewalk, Disbursing Office, District of Columbia.....	97.38
Transferred from Current Fund by order of Nineteenth Continental Congress.....	15,000.00
	\$15,000.00
	\$16,786.26

EXPENDITURES.

Account contract and extra work, Memorial Continental Hall.....	\$7,011.45
Inspector of Works, June, July, and August.....	300.00
Interest on \$150,000.00 loan.....	3,750.00
Installing three hose connections.....	49.65
Steel stack for vault.....	190.00
Balance pavement within parking and curbs.....	909.00
Balance electric fixtures.....	700.00
Dumb waiter.....	735.75
Balance bronze doors.....	4,342.00
Life Membership fees returned to Chapter.....	37.50
Draperies for Colorado box.....	60.46
Independence chair for platform, Colorado Chapter.....	75.00
Folding chart holder, District of Columbia, room.....	189.75
Elevator, by Miss Ella A. Bartlett, of Mary Bartlett Chapter, District of Columbia.....	5,000.00
Furnishings for library, Mary Washington Chapter, District of Columbia.....	373.25
Two chairs for platform, Jacksonville Chapter, Florida.....	20.00
Bust, Gen. James Edward Oglethorpe, Georgia Chapters.....	500.00
Furnishings for Illinois room.....	114.47
Furnishings for Indiana room.....	489.10
Furnishings for Iowa room.....	454.75
Drapery for box, John Marshall Chapter.....	66.40
Furnishings for Maryland room.....	513.60
South pair bronze doors, Massachusetts Chapters.....	3,000.00
Drapery for box, Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Massachusetts.....	66.46
Bust of John Adams, John Adams Chapter, Massachusetts.....	500.00
Furnishings for Michigan room.....	845.00

Furnishings for Missouri room.....	14.75
Bust of Gen. John Stark, New Hampshire.....	500.00
Two portraits, New Jersey room.....	200.00
Furnishings for New York room.....	378.90
Furnishings for Ohio room.....	9.63
Three chairs for platform, Daughters of the American Revolution, of South Carolina.....	30.00
Bust of Gen. George Washington, <i>Washington Chapters</i>	500.00
Engraving plates for chairs, West Virginia room.....	5.10
Draperies for box, <i>Wisconsin Chapters</i>	66.46
	<u>\$32,004.49</u>
	<u>\$32,004.49</u>

Balance on hand, September 30, 1910..... \$4,250.17
On deposit in:

American Security and Trust Company Bank.....	\$1,191.76
National Savings and Trust Company Bank.....	3,058.41
	<u>\$4,250.17</u>

Cash balance on deposit in banks, September 30, 1910..... \$4,250.17

PERMANENT INVESTMENT.

\$25,000.00 par value railroad bonds, cost.....	\$24,477.10
Less net proceeds from sale of \$10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad bonds.....	\$10,298.50
Less net proceeds from sale of \$10,000 par value B. & O. Railroad bonds.....	10,259.89
Less net proceeds from sale of \$2,000 par value Chicago & Alton Railroad bonds.....	1,603.87
	<u>\$22,162.26</u>
	<u>\$2,314.84</u>

Total permanent fund, cash and investments..... \$6,565.01

Respectfully submitted,

LULA REEVE HOOVER,

Treasurer General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Approved: MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,

President General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

On motion of the Historian General, the report was accepted.

The District Regent spoke to the report, saying it was difficult to follow the same, and moved, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, the Vice-Presidents General from Pennsylvania and Georgia, and the State Regent of Pennsylvania:

"That at least ten hectograph or carbon copies of the Treasurer General's report be in the Board Room on the morning of the regular meetings, to be accessible to members of the Board for reference."

Motion carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General next read from the Treasurer General's report the names of 190 deceased members, and on motion of the Vice-President General from Ohio the Board arose in silent tribute to their memory.

The names of sixty members to be resigned, thirty to be dropped, and thirteen to be reinstated were next read, and on motion of the Historian General, seconded, the actions requested in the Treasurer General's report were taken, and these members were declared resigned, dropped, and reinstated, respectively.

The President General said she had a pleasant communication to make, which she read to the Board, from Miss Brigham, Official

Stenographer, donating \$25 in gold to make her mother, Mrs. Augusta Richardson Brigham, a life member of the Society. The President General said, "We certainly appreciate this gift on the part of Miss Brigham," and the same was accepted.

The Vice-President General from Ohio presented, on behalf of the Western Reserve Chapter, application for pension of their Real Daughter, Mrs. Sturtevant, who is ninety years old, blind, helpless, and in extreme need, the application being accompanied by the necessary evidence, a certificate from the Mayor of Cleveland and the pastor of her church, as well as a letter of application from the Regent of Western Reserve Chapter.

On motion of the State Regent of Maryland, seconded by the Vice-President General of Pennsylvania, the pension was granted.

The Historian General presented her report, detailing the amount of work accomplished this year in comparison with that of a year ago. The report is as follows:

Madam President General and Ladies of the Board: It gives me great pleasure to present to you to-day the report of the last four months' work in my office, because I think it will show you how much the work has been facilitated by your vote of last June in giving me the entire service of the second clerk.

In spite of the fact that the work was much behind at last report, and in spite also of the usual vacations of my two clerks, the work is much further advanced now than it was at this same time last year. Then Volume 29 was by no means ready for print. Now, as you will see, Volume 31 is practically ready for printing, and Volume 32 is almost half prepared, and the necessary letters and postals have all been sent. I feel much encouraged over this result, and think that you also will enjoy it.

As detailed below: Postal cards, numbering 679, were sent to members notifying them that Volume 30, containing their records, is now for sale.

Volume 31—

Letters written asking for further data.	229
Postal cards	49
Replies received	88

Volume 32—

Letters written	36
Replies	18

The thirty-first volume is edited, typewritten, and compared. Postal cards have been sent to Daughters who have not replied to letters, stating that the book will go to press November 1, and a reply is desired before that time.

The thirty-second volume has been copied from original records; five hundred have been compared with the Card Catalogue, and two hundred have been edited and typewritten.

The enthusiasm which we all felt over the opening of the new building of the International Bureau of the American Republics last spring, on the square just below us, reminded me that we had once sent a wreath to be placed on the tomb of General Francisco de Miranda at Caracas. Some of you will remember that the late Mrs. Georgia Stockton Hatcher, then Assistant Historian General, proposed during the Congress of 1900 that such a wreath be placed on that tomb. Mrs. Donald McLean, then Regent of the New York City Chapter, moved that the wreath be placed.

It was so ordered by the Congress, and the wreath was duly sent, as is shown in the pictures in our third and fourth reports to the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. The wreath was of palms and immortelles, tied with the ribbon of our Society, and was received by General Castro, then President of Venezuela, with much pleasant ceremony, after its presentation by Mr. Loomis, our then Minister to Venezuela.

The newness and freshness of our own building and of that of our neighbor across the way reminded me that the wreath presented ten years ago must look worn by this time, and the blue ribbon must be sadly soiled. So I wrote to my cousin, Mr. John Barrett, Director of the Bureau of American Republics, asking if he could ascertain for me the present condition of the wreath, in time for me to bring up the matter at the June Board meeting. His Secretary, Mr. Yanes, at once wrote to the Venezuelan Minister, but the answer did not come in time for the June meeting. I

therefore present it now, and you will see that a new wreath is needed.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
Historian General.

OCTOBER 5, 1910.
Letter attached. Translation.

LEGATION
OF THE UNITED STATES OF VENEZUELA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

HONORABLE MR. DIRECTOR:

Referring to the esteemed letter of your Bureau of May 16 last, advising me of the desire of Mrs. Gertrude B. Darwin, Historian General of the Daughters of the American Revolution, to know whether the wreath placed by that Society on the tomb of General Francisco de Miranda in 1900, in the National Cemetery of Caracas, is in good condition, I beg to inform you that I am in receipt of a reply from my government, dated the 10th of the past month, stating that the said wreath is still in existence in the cemetery, although somewhat damaged, undoubtedly from the effect of time.

I beg that you will kindly transmit this information to Mrs. Darwin, and I will be grateful if you will at the same time express to her the appreciation both of this Legation and of the Government of Venezuela for the distinction with which the Daughters of the American Revolution have honored and desire to continue honoring the memory of the illustrious General Miranda, hero and martyr of the Revolution of Independence of South America.

Thanking you in advance, I take advantage of this opportunity to renew the assurance of my most distinguished consideration.

(Signed) P. EZEQUIEL ROJAS.

HON. JOHN BARRETT, Director of the International Bureau of the American Republics,
Washington, D. C.

The Historian General recommended the renewal of this wreath in recognition of General Miranda's services to the revolutionary cause, he being also Lafayette's friend. The question was discussed, the Vice-President General from the District speaking in favor of renewing the wreath, and on motion of the State Regent of Pennsylvania, seconded by the State Regents of Maryland and New Jersey, a motion to renew this wreath was carried.

The report of the Historian General was accepted, on motion of the State Regent of Pennsylvania, seconded.

The Assistant Historian General being absent, no report was presented.

The report of the Librarian General was presented, showing acquisitions of 36 books, 28 pamphlets, and 34 periodicals; 26 books presented and 10 received in exchange; 25 pamphlets presented.

The report is as follows:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions received since the meeting of June 1, 1910:

BOOKS.

Genealogy of the Descendants of Thomas

Gleason, of Watertown, Mass., 1607-1909. Published by John Barber White. Edited by Lillian May Wilson. Haverhill, 1909. Presented by John Barber White.

Barber Genealogy. Section I. Descendants of Thomas Barber, of Windsor, Conn., 1614-1909. Section II. Descendants of John Barber, of Worcester, Mass., 1714-1909. Published by John Barber White. Edited by Lillian May Wilson. Haverhill, 1909. Presented by John Barber White.

Genealogy of the Graves Family in America. By John Card Graves. Volume I. Buffalo, 1896. Presented by the author.

History of Old St. David's Church, Radnor, in Delaware County, Pa., with complete alphabetical list of wardens and vestrymen, and of the interments in the graveyard 1700-1906. By Henry Pleasants. Philadelphia, 1907. Received from the author in exchange.

History of Old Eagle School, Tredyffrin, in Chester County, Pa., with alphabetical lists of interments in the graveyard and of German settlers in Chester County. By Henry Pleasants. Philadelphia, 1909. Received from the author in exchange.

History of New Hanover County and the Lower Cape Fear Region. By Alfred Moore Waddell. Wilmington, 1909. Presented by the author.

Lineage Books. N. S. D. A. R. Volume XXIX. Washington, 1910. Two copies. Presented by the Society.

Lineage Book. N. S. D. A. R. Volume XXX. Washington, 1910. Two copies. Presented by the Society.

Biographical History of Robert Randall and His Descendants. By William L. Chaffin. New York, 1909. Received in exchange.

Ancestry and Descendants of Josiah Hale. By Oscar Fitzalan Hale. The Tuttle Company. Rutland, Vt. Received in exchange.

History of the Battle of Point Pleasant, Fought Between White Men and Indians at the Mouth of the Great Kanawha River, Monday, October 10, 1774. By Virgil A. Lewis. Charlestown, W. Va., 1909. Presented by the author.

First and Second Biennial Report of the Department of Archives and History of the State of West Virginia. Virgil A. Lewis, State Historian and Archivist. Charleston, W. Va., 1906, 1908. Presented by the compiler.

The Conkling-Prosch Family, with Some Reference to the Dotter, Roe, Reynolds, Brooks, Mapes, Elder, McCarter and Other Connections. By Thomas W. Prosch. Seattle, Press of the General Lithographing & Printing Company, 1909. Presented by the author.

Genealogy of the Descendants of Thomas Carter, of Reading and Weston, Mass., and of Hebron and Warren, Conn. Also some account of the descendants of his brothers Eleazar, Daniel, Ebenezer, and Ezra, sons of Thomas³ Carter and grandsons of Rev. Thomas Carter, of Woburn, Mass. Compiled and published by Howard Williston Carter. Norfolk, Conn., 1909. Received in exchange.

Compendium of Census, 1726-1905, of the State of New Jersey. Trenton, N. J., 1906. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

History of the Currency of the Country and of the Loans of the United States from the Earliest Period to June 30, 1900. Washington, Government Printing Office, 1900. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

Pension Records. Volume V. Received through office of Registrar General.

Records of Officers and Men of New Jersey in Wars 1791-1815. Compiled in office of Adjutant General. Trenton, 1909. Presented by Hon. William F. Sadler, Jr.

Proceedings of the Nineteenth Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, April 18 to 23, 1910. Washington, 1910. Presented by the Society.

Evolution of the American Flag. From materials collected by the late George Canby. By Lloyd Balderston. Philadelphia, 1909. Received in exchange from Theodore S. Leach.

History of the American and Puritanical Family of Sutliff or Sutliffe, Spelled Sutcliffe in England. The first American family (A.D. 1614) connected with New England, and among the first to be connected with the settlement of the original English possessions in the New World, and a genealogy of all the descendants through Nathaniel Sutliff, Jr. By Samuel Milton Sutliff, Jr. The Kelmscott Press, Downers Grove, Ill., 1909. Presented by the author.

Ancestors and Descendants of Luke Rogers and Sarah Wright Brown. Compiled by Ethel Brigham Leatherbee. Boston, 1907. Presented by the author.

Viele, 1659-1909. Two hundred and fifty years with a Dutch family of New York. Compiled by Kathlyne Knickerbocker Viele. New York, Tobias A. Wright, 1909. Presented by the author.

John Alden, of Ashfield, Mass., and Chautauqua County, N. Y. His Alden ancestors and his descendants. Compiled by Frank Wesley Alden. Delaware, Ohio, 1909. Presented by the author.

Descendants of John Mowry of Rhode Island. By William A. Mowry. Providence, Preston & Rounds Company, 1909. Received in exchange.

The Urann Family of New England, Including the Descendants of Margaret (Urann) Gammell. By Charles Collyer Whittier. Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1910. Received in exchange.

Giles Badger and His Descendants. First four generations and a portion of the fifth, sixth and seventh generations. By John Cogswell Badger. Manchester, John B. Clarke Company, 1909. Received in exchange.

Autobiography of Thomas Painter. Relating his experiences during the War of the Revolution. Printed for private circulation. Presented by Mrs. Lewis Clephane.

North Carolina Booklet. Volume IX. Raleigh, N. C. Published by the North Carolina Society, Daughters of the Revolution, 1909-10. Received in exchange.

Universal International Genealogy and of the Ancient Fernald Families. By Charles Augustus Fernald. Boston, 1910. Received in exchange from author.

Beatty-Ashfordby. The ancestry of the John Beatty and Susanna Ashfordby, with some of

their descendants. By Mrs. Rudolph Samuel Turk. New York, Frank Allaben Genealogical Company. Received in exchange.

Three Centuries in Champlain Valley. A collection of historical facts and incidents. Tercentenary edition. Compiled and edited by Mrs. George Fuller Tuttle, Regent Saranac Chapter, D. A. R. Plattsburgh, 1909. Presented through Mrs. Elroy M. Avery.

Genealogy of Some Descendants of Dr. Samuel Fuller of the "Mayflower." Compiled by William Hyslop Fuller, of Palmer, Mass. To which is added a supplement to the Genealogy of Some Descendants of Edward Fuller of the Mayflower, published 1908. Palmer, 1910. Received in exchange.

"The Ancient House of Kavanaugh," as represented in Ireland, England, France, Prussia and America. Compiled by Anna T. Poynter Kavanaugh. Presented by Miss Louise Floyd Kavanaugh.

The Story of New England. Illustrated. Being a narrative of the principal events from the arrival of the Pilgrims in 1620 and of the Puritans in 1624 to the present time. By Edward Oliver Skelton. Boston, 1910. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

PAMPHLETS.

The Richard Webber Family. A genealogy from the first settlement in America. Compiled by Lucy A. Washburn. Medina, Ohio. A. I. Root Company. Presented by the compiler.

Descendants of Thomas Lake, of Stratford, Conn. Compiled by David Minor Lake, Albert Edward Lake and Arthur Crawford Lake. Chicago, 1908. Presented by the compilers.

Supplement to History of Old St. David's Church, Radnor, in Delaware County, Pa. Containing correction of errors in original history and important additional data. By Henry Pleasants. Philadelphia, 1909. Received in exchange.

Record of the Lands and Past Descendants of Henry and Anne Clark, who settled on the head branches of Whippany River; Roxiticus, Old Hunterdon County, N. J., in the year 1728. Collected and arranged by Henry Spencer Clark. Paterson, 1909. Presented by the compiler.

Historical Sketch of Blooming Grove Church, Orange County, N. Y. By J. Scott King. Presented by Blooming Grove Chapter.

Index to the "History of the Blanchard Family." By Jonathan Hunt. Compiled and presented by Mrs. Louise Bethune.

Year books have been received from 22 chapters.

PERIODICALS.

<i>American Monthly Magazine</i> ...	June, July, Au-
	gust, September
<i>American Catholic Historical Researches</i> ...	July,
	October
<i>Bulletin New York Public Library</i> ...	June, July,
	August, September
<i>Maryland Historical Magazine</i> ...	March, June,
	September
<i>Mayflower Descendant</i> ...	April, July
<i>Medford Historical Register</i> ...	July
<i>Missouri Historical Review</i> ...	July

<i>New England Family History</i>	July
<i>New England Historical and Genealogical Register</i>	July, October
<i>New York Genealogical and Biographical Record</i>	July
<i>North Carolina Booklet</i>	July
<i>Owl, The, Genealogical Quarterly Magazine</i>	September
<i>Pennsylvania German</i>	June, July, August, September
<i>South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine</i>	July
<i>Texas State Historical Association Quarterly</i>	January, April, July
<i>Virginia County Records</i>	June
<i>Virginia Magazine of History and Biography</i>	July
<i>William and Mary College Quarterly</i>	July

The above list comprises 36 books, 28 pamphlets and 34 periodicals. Twenty-six books were presented and 10 received in exchange. Twenty-five pamphlets were presented. The few book plates received since my request to the Continental Congress are here. The book which I ordered has not yet been finished by the binder. The members of the Board are again asked to interest themselves in this collection.

In regard to the Chalkley manuscript, I have to report that after various trials and tribulations I secured the services of an expert copyist, who did beautiful work. The ordinary difficulty in finding a competent clerk was complicated in this case by the question of her board and lodging in a very expensive summer resort. She was only with me from July 15 until the first of September. I returned to Washington on the fifteenth of September, in order to lose as little time as possible, and got to work on the morning of the nineteenth.

The book of Court Orders is finished, and we are now working on the book of Wills. Judge Chalkley's notes are in very fine handwriting, and are spaced chronologically, and therefore, when typewritten, do not condense. So we have, as a result, from 428 manuscript pages and 430 pages of typewriting. I have thought it well to bring this copy with me to-day that you may all see just how tedious this work has been. There are pages and pages of proper names which must be copied correctly, wherein the difference of an "a" or an "o," or an "i" from an "e" becomes of such great importance that the work is, of necessity, slow. Every page of this copy has been twice verified, and I venture to say that it is correct.

This book of Court Orders is only one of twelve parts of this stupendous work. Three times before I have told you of what these parts consist, and again I will ask you to listen very carefully while I read you this statement copied from my report to the Continental Congress last April: "These notes cover some three thousand pages, and concern the families living in Augusta County, Va., during the years 1745-1820; and include names, dates, references, incidents, copies from wills, deeds, court records, affidavits, depositions, reports of commission, tax lists, delinquent lists, decrees,

marriages, marriage bonds, Indian War and Revolutionary soldiers' pensions, declaration for pensions, land entries, and inscriptions upon tombstones.

"Augusta County, Va., at that period of our history embraced an immense territory; all the land west of the Blue Ridge, including the south of the Potomac and Ohio rivers, and north of North Carolina, the Shenandoah Valley region, southwest Virginia, the whole of West Virginia, a portion of Pennsylvania; and the whole State of Kentucky."

And this from Judge Chalkley's own statement:

"These records concern the ancestors of a very great number of people now residing in the South, Southwest, West, and Northwest, especially those of Scotch-Irish extraction. Augusta County was settled by the Scotch-Irish under John Lewis, and was thus a continuation of the Scotch-Irish migration through Pennsylvania, and became the distributing source of their descendants over the western portion of the United States."

Thus, from a genealogist's and historian's standpoint, when our Society paid \$500 for this manuscript we got the biggest bargain on record, and possess to-day a veritable mine of information.

To handle these papers, to realize their value causes a lover of our early history a positive thrill of excitement, and leads me this day to recommend that the Board order this work pressed.

The little year books which have come in to the Library since the Continental Congress are all of uniform size— $5\frac{1}{2}$ by $7\frac{1}{2}$ —with the exception of three, and you have no idea what a delightful little volume we shall make of it.

I wish to thank our President General for the courtesy shown me in July, when she granted my request that Mr. Casey be not allowed to install his idea of steel stacks in our library.

These shelves are in the basement, and I hope the Board will go down and view them. They look like nothing but steel preserve closets. They eliminate ventilation for the books and the shelves are stationary—genealogical library is not bought by the yard or in sets of fifty—and had Mr. Casey carried out his intention of putting up these structures last July about 2,000 of our books would have reposed upon the floor!

I wrote and telegraphed my disapproval, only to be told that my authority had no existence. Then I wired to our President General asking her to deny this installation until after the Board meeting. She instantly replied, and then I came to Washington, and was informed that the book stacks were to be put in as Mr. Casey had got them "O. K." by somebody or other. But when I inquired of the contractor who was to do the work what steps he would take to insure the library against loss which would probably ensue if piles of valuable books were left all summer on the floor, the contractor agreed to see Mr. Casey. I was later informed that Mr. Casey had again ordered another set of stacks. To whom his specifications have been submitted I know not. The

ladies who are furnishing the library have not been consulted, and your Librarian General has been utterly ignored.

I have given a great deal of time and study to all the needs of a library, the housing, care, and management of its books, and tell you that this is a very serious question. With the present arrangement of our reading room we have little or no space for expansion; another year will see our shelves filled, and yet we all look forward to the day when our genealogical collection will be rated among the finest in the United States.

Ladies, we don't want pantry shelves in our library, even if they are enameled white. We asked for steel stacks, we are going to pay for steel stacks, and I beg you now to insist on having steel stacks!

I have got together drawings and estimates of such stacks which are required by the best libraries in the country, and some photographs of how they look when in position. Will you grant me the favor of going into this matter with me?

Respectfully submitted,
MARY H. WILLIS.

October 5, 1910.

The Librarian General again requested the members of the Board to interest themselves in the collection of book plates being made; reported concerning the progress of work in copying the Chalkley records, stating as a result 430 pages of typewriting for 400 pages of manuscript, and that the work was being continued, there being in all about 3,000 pages; and reported, further, concerning the convenience of having the year books of uniform size— $5\frac{1}{2}$ by $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches—and a plan for binding the same in one volume. In closing, she said:

"I have this year to thank our President General for the very great courtesy which she granted me in July when she ordered that Mr. Casey be not allowed to install the stacks until after the Board meeting."

The report of the Librarian General was accepted, on motion of the Historian General.

A discussion of some length followed concerning the Chalkley manuscript, action being subsequently taken, the State Regent of Pennsylvania at this point calling for the order of the day.

The report of the Finance Committee was presented, as follows:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Your Finance Committee reports bills authorized during the months of June, July, August, and September, 1910, to the amount of \$23,183.15. The largest items comprising this amount being:

Payroll	\$9,458.43
Printing Magazine, which includes Proceedings Nineteenth Continental Congress	3,917.06
Support "Real Daughters"	1,080.00
Postage, which includes stamped en- velopes and mailing Proceedings...	1,308.80

The Finance Committee recommends that

the "petty cash account" be transferred to the office of the Treasurer General; that Mrs. Bradley be placed on the regular payroll, and that on December 14, when she will have completed a year of faithful service, her salary be raised to \$85 per month.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,
Chairman Finance Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

ELLEN S. MUSSEY,
ANNE H. PERLEY,
JULIET H. COX.

The State Regent of Michigan offered a motion to accept this report with its recommendations, and was seconded. The Chairman of Finance Committee spoke to the recommendation concerning petty cash account, reverting to the recommendation of the Auditor last June, that the petty cash account be taken from the Curator and moved to the office of the Treasurer General.

The Vice-President General from the District inquired how far the Auditor had progressed in his work re-ordered last June, the Chairman of Finance Committee replying, "It will be completed probably before the next Board meeting."

The motion to accept report of Finance Committee with its recommendations was then put and carried.

The report of the Auditing Committee being called, Miss Mecum, the Vice-President General of New Jersey, a member of the committee, stated (in the absence of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman) that she had no report.

The report of the Revolutionary Relics Committee being called, the Chairman, the Vice-President General of Georgia, said she had no report.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was given leave at this point to read a letter addressed to the General Andrew Pickens Chapter, written in the recess, in pursuance of the vote taken at the morning session, and it was approved.

The report of the Supervision Committee was called, and was presented by the Vice-Chairman of the committee, Mrs. Boynton, in the absence of Mrs. Barnes, the Chairman, the report being as follows:

Madam President General, Members of the Board of Management, N. S. D. A. R.:

The active force of the Supervision Committee, composed of Mesdames Boynton, Cattna, Robbins, St. Clair, Gasch, Miss Ramsay, and the Chairman, has put in a very busy summer. If the results of our labors are apparent, we shall be more than satisfied.

SUPERINTENDENT:

You will recall that at the June Board meeting the former chairman reported that the Superintendent was under notice of dismissal.

From the time of his departure until September 1 we have taken care of the Hall without a superintendent, but as the time for operating the heating plant approached we deemed it for the best interests of the building to put a thoroughly competent engineer and electrician in charge.

After careful consideration of the merits

of a great number of applicants, and with the approval of the President General, we selected Mr. Joseph W. Lewis for the position.

He is to be a *working* Superintendent, and we believe possesses the qualities requisite for this position.

His salary is to be \$100 a month, and, at our request, he will make his home in the building. This we consider an added protection, and feel fortunate in securing a man willing to agree to this arrangement.

He will occupy the rooms at the rear of the building on the third floor designated in the plans for such purpose.

TYPEWRITERS:

We have had requests for three typewriters—one for the Corresponding Secretary's room, one for the use of the Official Stenographer, and one for the Treasurer General. Does it not seem wise to the Board that hereafter we adopt a standard machine, having the universal keyboard, to be purchased by the Society when it becomes necessary to add to our stock of typewriters?

In the past it has been the custom to buy the machine favored by the clerk making the request, and thus we find ourselves with at least one high-priced machine on our hands which no one is willing to use.

If it was understood that we were willing to buy only a certain machine, the clerks would readily accommodate themselves to the use of it, I am sure, and we be spared the risk of finding ourselves with a lot of useless machines in our possession.

PETTY CASH FUND:

The Supervision Committee was embarrassed for want of funds for petty cash expenses during the vacation of the Curator, owing to the fact that the petty cash is kept in bank and can be checked out by her only. It is the sense of this committee that petty cash should be available at any time, and we suggest a motion by this Board that the petty cash be kept in the safe in the office of the Treasurer General.

CURATOR'S MAIL:

Also that, as the Curator's office is under the control of the Treasurer General, according to the rules suggested by the Finance Committee, and adopted at the June Board meeting, we suggest a motion that, in her absence, her mail be delivered to that office.

TIME REGISTER:

You will recall that on June 1 the Registrar General was granted permission to have her clerks report their time in the Registrar's office, on the assumption that this was the method employed in the Treasurer's office.

It seems this was a mistaken idea in regard to the Treasurer's clerks, and the Supervision Committee is of the idea that a universal custom should prevail.

There is one clerk in this building whom the various members of this committee have repeatedly seen coming to work late and leaving earlier than the prescribed hour the same day. We feel that this is not fair to the conscientious workers who labor from nine to

four, and is taking a day's wage from the Society for less than a day's labor.

We recommend a very simple system which we have seen in successful operation. This would consist of a rack in the Curator's office, similar to a key-rack, on which would hang brass tags bearing various numbers.

Each clerk would be assigned a number, and as she entered the building in the morning, she would remove her tag from the rack and drop it into a box prepared to receive the same. It would take but a moment, and be an easy matter for the Curator to make a record of the tags remaining on the rack after nine o'clock. VACATIONS:

In co-operation with the chief clerks of the various offices, the vacations have been so arranged that the work has gone on without interruption or the need of extra help, with one exception.

We regret to report that the office of the Historian General was closed from the eighteenth to the twenty-ninth of August.

One clerk had received permission to take her leave, and the other went without notice to the committee.

Inasmuch as the request for more help in this office is quite recent, it would seem as though one of two things had occurred. Either the extra help was not necessary, or important work of the Society had been neglected.

EMPLOYEES' PAYROLL:

During the absence through the summer of the officers concerned with the monetary affairs of the Society, it has been difficult to have the money available for the payroll of the employees. We therefore suggest a motion, that in the absence of the Treasurer General and Chairman of Finance, the usual form of procedure be waived and a responsible person designated by the Board be empowered to sign these vouchers for the pay of the employees and clerks.

DATA FOR GENEALOGICAL EDITOR:

At the request of the Genealogical Editor, we ask that the Registrar General be given permission to turn over the names of new members, with the names and titles of their ancestors, as they appear on the certificates, when they have been compared with the certificates, and would otherwise be destroyed.

This would be of great assistance in answering the queries of those who desire to enter the Society, or are seeking to obtain additional information.

NAME PLATES:

We are under the impression that it is the intention of the States which have furnished rooms to place brass name plates upon the doors of same. For their convenience and information, we have secured estimates on such plates which we would be glad to exhibit.

We will not weary you with a detailed account of our routine business, but will gladly discuss our work at more length with any who are interested, and our minutes are at your disposal.

(Signed) EDITH TALBOT BARNES,
Chairman,

HELEN M. BOYNTON,
Vice-Chairman,
EDNA TYLER GASCH,
Secretary.
MATILDA J. RAMSAY,
MARY E. ST. CLAIR,
ANTOINETTE V. N. CATTNA,
BERTHA MURDOCK ROBBINS.

The Vice-Chairman then spoke at some length to the various recommendations reported, introducing other routine matters, and actions were taken as follows: (1) The recommendation to transfer the petty cash account to the Treasurer General's office had already been approved in motion to accept a similar recommendation contained in the report of the Chairman of the Finance Committee. (2) Samples of name plates, with quotations of prices, to be placed upon the doors of various rooms, were shown, but the matter was referred to Continental Hall Committee on suggestion of the President General. (3) A letter commanding Mr. Lewis, the new Superintendent of Building, was read. (4) The question of adopting a standard typewriter, having a universal keyboard, was not discussed nor acted upon. (5) The request of the Genealogical Editor to have the Registrar General turn over to the former the names of new members, with the names and titles of their ancestors as they appear on the certificate, was granted, on motion of the Vice-President General of New Jersey, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General. (6) The bill presented from the Treasurer General's office for the Registrar General was authorized to be paid, on motion of the Vice-President General in charge, etc., seconded by the Librarian General. (7) A recommendation to insure the elevator was made, the expense being stated as \$35 for one year, or \$94.50 for three years, under liability policy in the Travelers' Insurance Company, and that the insurance would represent \$5,000 for one person in case of accident; a defect in the construction was also reported. This insurance was approved, on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded by the Librarian General, as follows:

"That the insurance be taken for three years, and, if necessary, if it falls to us, that the place in the sills be fixed."

(8) The necessity for a guide being stated, and there being recommended a young man, 26 years old, honorably discharged from the army, who was willing to come for \$10 a week, the following motion, offered by the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded by the Vice-President of the District and the Librarian General, was carried:

"That the guide recommended be employed at \$10 a week, and the boy at the door be provided for a short time to see how it works, and that a uniform be provided."

(9) The messenger boy (Calvern) being an appointee of the Board, the recommendation was made to increase his wages from \$15 to \$18 a month, to date from the June Board meeting, when the committee first recommended it, and it was approved, on motion of the Librarian General, seconded. (10) De-

fects and conditions of deterioration in the building were noted, especially the condition of the floor and dampness in the Registrar General's office, an offer to lay another floor for \$38.50 being stated, which expense was authorized, on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded. (11) The lack of hot water in the building was next noted, it being reported that for an approximate expense of \$88 heating arrangements in connection with the boiler, etc., could be put in, which expense was authorized, on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded. (12) To the suggestion for a motion to the effect that in the absence of the Treasurer General and Chairman of Finance Committee the usual form of procedure be waived and a responsible person, designated by the Board, be empowered to sign vouchers for the pay of the employees and clerks, there was no action. (13) To the suggestion for a motion authorizing that in the absence of the Curator her mail be delivered to the office of the Treasurer General, there was no action.

The State Regent of New York moved to accept the report of the Vice-Chairman of the Committee on Supervision, without the recommendations, same to be taken up *ad seriatim*. Motion seconded.

The Corresponding Secretary General explained that the report of Mrs. Barnes, as Chairman of the Supervision Committee, had been read by the Vice-Chairman, no action having been taken on that report, the things acted on being matters that came up in the regular course of business, aside from the report.

Whereupon the President General asked if there is any objection to the recommendations that Mrs. Barnes and the Supervision Committee have made with so much care. No objection being expressed, the Chair put the question and declared the report adopted.

The Chairman of the Committee on Publication (the Vice-President General of Mississippi) presented her report (first stating that her committee had held a meeting the day before, October 4), as follows:

REPORT OF THE PUBLICATION COMMITTEE TO THE
NATIONAL BOARD, OCTOBER 5, 1910.

Madam President General and Ladies of the
National Board:

As Chairman of the Publication Committee I have a report this afternoon in regard to a matter which has been referred to my committee, the Chalkley manuscript.

These papers have been in the possession of the Society for five years, filed away in a safety deposit vault, hidden from all eyes. They were purchased from Judge Chalkley for five hundred dollars (\$500), all ready, he said, to go into the hands of the printer.

Constantly the matter has come before you, until it has grown if not quite a burden, still a great care. No one could do anything with it. Repeated efforts were made by committee after committee to make some disposition of the papers; all ended in failure. Not more than a year ago Mrs. Jamison, of Virginia, Chairman of one of these committees, made

an exhaustive search for a publisher. She even offered the manuscript to be printed with only a return of a certain number of copies for our own Library and for exchange. She and others wrote and wrote, interviewed and besought firms to undertake the work, with the same result.

The Departments of History in Kentucky, West Virginia, and Virginia were approached in regard to the purchase and publication of the manuscript, but there was absolutely no demand for it in that direction. No one would engage in so precarious an enterprise as publishing a book mainly interesting to genealogists, a book concerned with the history of a county of which numerous histories have been written; where, as eminent authorities tell us, the field has been so fully covered that it is extremely doubtful whether or not there is any new untold fact to be made public.

When the matter was referred to my committee, I confess a keen sentimental interest in the publication of the papers. It appealed to me. But after compelling myself to look at the matter all around, and in a business way (as one should approach all questions where the property of our Society is involved), the question resolved itself into two parts, and the publication of the papers depends on the answer you give:

First, is the matter contained in the MSS. so valuable, so new, that it is advisable to publish? and, second, have we the money now to publish?

In regard to the first, your committee have not trusted their own unaided judgment, but have consulted eminent genealogists, eminent authorities on history, and the consensus of opinion is that it is not advisable because the field has been so fully covered, there have been so many histories of Augusta County. All the lists, deeds, marriages, wills, etc., etc., are still on record, to be consulted by whoever wishes, so absolutely open to study, that the demand for this publication is not a crying one.

Mr. Putnam, Librarian of Congress, than whom there is no one better qualified to judge of the literary value or merit of a work, was consulted in regard to this MSS.

I asked if he could not arrange to publish it in view of the importance of the papers. I also asked his advice as to the best disposition to be made of them if we could not afford to publish ourselves, and he replied that there was no appropriation for the publication of anything except the papers that were the property of the United States Government. That if this Society made a gift of the papers to the Congressional Library, he would have them examined and indexed by an expert, a synopsis of them made, and if any new material were found it should be published; but he could not promise publication unless it should be found that fresh new data was there. The MSS. should be cared for and preserved, and available for examination or study by any one, Daughter of the American Revolution or other. In fact, we accomplish this publication in a sense by placing them where they can be seen and read of all men, and at no cost to

us. Besides, if honor and glory be desired, this Society would have the prestige derived from making a handsome gift to the Congressional Library, an act of both patriotic and educational value. Then again, Mr. Putnam says if at any later time any D. A. R. wishes to publish the MSS. it will be at their disposal freely.

By accepting this offer we place the information contained in the MSS. where it is available and accessible, as it is not at present, hidden away in a vault.

The sight of these records is no new thing. Have they not been open to examination in the Court House of Augusta for nearly a hundred years? We need not attempt to keep our copy of the records secret.

However, if we are looking for *éclat* (which we are not, for we wish to achieve, to accomplish, and let the credit of the work fall where it will), allow me to read a letter from Dr. Jameson, head of the Department of Historic Research in the Carnegie Institution at Washington, one of the most eminent authorities on history in this country, who gives his opinion of the value of the Chalkley MSS., and also suggests a line of future work for the Publication Committee of the Society:

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON,
DEPARTMENT OF HISTORICAL RESEARCH,
500 BOND BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D. C.
J. FRANKLIN JAMESON,
DIRECTOR.

My Dear Madam:

As I said in our conversation, there may be reasons for printing the Augusta County records growing out of the circumstances under which they were acquired, and the mere fact of their possession might, other things equal, give them a definite claim to publication. Yet if the National Society, D. A. R. wishes to inaugurate activities in the way of historical publication by bringing out first of all a volume that will reflect the highest kind of credit upon the Society, I think it must cut loose from all considerations of expenditure already incurred, decline to publish a mass of manuscript merely because it is at hand, and instead ask itself the question, What is, on its merits, the best publication to undertake? I do not think this would be the records of Augusta County. They are evidently far more important than those of the ordinary county, because of the extensive area involved, yet after all the items are local, and the whole range does not extend beyond a small part of the whole colonial system. It is a body of material which the State of West Virginia, for instance, might very well deal with, but not, in my judgment, appropriate for the work of a national society.

You ask for suggestions for future work for your committee. I venture to mention two, which I think would be excellent, though I am not prepared to say that they would be the very best possible. At all events, they are of the kind which I have advocated above.

a. While a vast amount has been printed about the military events of the American Revolution, the operations on land, very little indeed has been printed respecting the mari-

time operations. Captain Mahan's remarks, and those of other sagacious historians, have shown us how extremely important this aspect of the Revolution is. But there is a striking dearth of material in print for its prosecution, and therefore little has been written. The sources in America are very meager. But there is a great wealth of material on the subject in the Admiralty section of the British Public Record Office, more especially in the dispatches of the Admirals and the letters of the Captains on the North American Station. I am certain that one or two good volumes could be made up of absolutely fresh material from this source, and that their publication would give a distinct *éclat* to the beginning of the Society's work.

b. Another suggestion is that one should begin at the beginning of the Revolutionary period by printing a volume of papers relating to the Stamp Act, derived mainly from the same source, the best treasure house of the British Public Record Office. Many documents upon this subject have been printed, chiefly, however, respecting the reception of the Stamp Act in America, not so much regarding its genesis and its passage through Parliament. I am almost certain that a good fresh book of documents could be made up in this field.

I venture to suggest, however, that it would be prudent for your committee to make at first a small appropriation, say of fifty, or one hundred dollars, for the preparation of a careful quantitative statement respecting the materials available for any given enterprise, rather than to vote outright that any given enterprise be undertaken. I have seen so many societies unintentionally victimized by persons who led them into schemes that proved, in the end, to be of far greater magnitude than had been expected, that I always advise this cautious mode of procedure. The National Society of the Colonial Dames of America has followed this course, and they have had perfect satisfaction, and avoided the chagrin a committee feels in asking for additional money. One of the best experts in the naval history of the Revolution is now working in the Admiralty papers in London, and could at any time, if desired, interrupt his work long enough to frame a careful program and estimate for either of the projects I have named.

If it would be of any help to you or to your committee I could appear before them at some future time, and should be glad to place myself at their disposal, since such projects of useful documentary publications always appeal strongly to me. I am delighted that your Society thinks of engaging in such work.

Believe me with the highest regard, very truly yours,

(Signed) J. F. JAMESON.
TO MRS. EGBERT JONES,
HOTEL RALEIGH, WASHINGTON, D. C.

And now the question of expense. Is not this Society already burdened with the debt of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars? Do we not all realize that these last thousands will be harder to raise than the first? Have we not all experienced the difficulty in raising generous contributions to the Memorial

Continental Hall, because the individual members are so far from it, and lack the inspiration we get from the actual use and possession of our white marble palace? It seems so much wiser to your committee not to divert the money from the Hall, at this time, but to arrange for the safe-keeping and availability of the MSS. by accepting Mr. Putnam's offer, the only one this committee has received.

Now about the two typewritten copies already ordered.

The committee feels very strongly about the unwisdom of locking up and keeping secretly hidden away these copies. The MSS. were bought by this Society. It is the property of every individual D. A. R. and should be placed in the Library at the Hall, subject to their examination, under proper supervision of course.

Give the Registrar entire use of one copy, but allow the second copy to be placed in the Library for reference, as any other such work should be. The most valuable MSS. and papers in the big public libraries are accessible. I have experienced much freedom and courtesy in examining papers in Lenox Library, the Public Library in Philadelphia, in Richmond and elsewhere. Let us guard our papers carefully, but deny to no D. A. R. the right to examine them and profit by them, for they belong to us all.

The making of these two copies will probably cost several hundred dollars, has already cost up to September 1, \$150, but I am glad we are to have them; but do not let us hide them as the manuscript has been hidden.

Some one has said that by publishing these Chalkley papers we reap 50,000 new members by placing the material where genealogists can get at it.

By placing the papers in the Congressional Library we make them available; by giving a copy to our own Registrar General we aid her in equal manner; by placing the copy in the Library, open to examination, we aid Daughters of the American Revolution members in their own researches, and we gain our 50,000 increase without the expense of publication.

Now in regard to Dr. Jameson's offer of aid to us in choosing material that is new and fresh and most desirable for publication. It is well to plan for the future; soon our Hall will be completed and we may turn with free hands to engage more eagerly and earnestly than ever before in the great work of Patriotic Education, in that conservation which improves, develops, uplifts and preserves the human souls found near us in such dire need of care.

And in this line comes the study and the publication of rare facts relating to Revolutionary history which will illuminate many doubtful points, and which will reflect dignity and honor on the Society. There is something inspiring to contemplate what a future of usefulness lies before us, of what great things there are yet to compass, and which we only seem to feel the need of doing.

The Publication Committee met at ten o'clock Tuesday morning, October 4, in Memo-

rial Continental Hall, and recommends to the National Board: . . .

1. That the National Board of Management make a gift of the Chalkley papers to the Congressional Library.

2. That all members of this Society have access to the typewritten copy of the Chalkley papers in possession of the Librarian General.

3. That Dr. Jameson be invited to address the Board on subject of desirable historical publications.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) ELIZABETH HOWARD JONES,
Chairman.

October 5, 1910.

The State Regent of New York moved the report of the Publication Committee be held over until the February meeting, saying it is a pretty large matter to look into any of these propositions. (Seconded.)

The Vice-President General from Connecticut moved to amend: "That there be a comparison of the Chalkley MSS. with Waddell's Annals." The question was discussed, and the State Regent of Pennsylvania seconded the amendment, with the suggestion that the comparison be made by the Publication Committee, as they were appointed for that purpose. The State Regent of New York asked that it be left to the Librarian General, as she is the custodian of the Chalkley MSS. The State Regent of Virginia suggested that there be a joint comparison between the two ladies (Chairman Publication Committee and Librarian General), and after further discussion the following motion, offered by the State Regent of New York, seconded by the State Regent of the District, embracing amendments, first, by the Vice-President General of Connecticut, and the second by the State Regents of Pennsylvania and Virginia, prevailed:

"That the consideration of the disposition of the Chalkley records be deferred to the February Board meeting, and that the Librarian General and the Chairman of Publication Committee compare these records with the Waddell Annals, and report to the Board."

Later, upon inquiry, it was agreed by the Board that a second carbon of the typewritten copy of the Chalkley MSS. should be made and sent to the Chairman of the Committee on Publication.

The Chairman of Publication Committee called attention to the three recommendations in her report, referring to the one that Dr. Jameson be invited to address the Board; whereupon the Vice-President General of Georgia moved to thank Dr. Jameson for his very interesting letter, and to ask him to speak as he offered to do. The State Regent of Virginia amended by suggesting that Dr. Jameson be asked to speak at one of the evening sessions of the next Congress, which amendment was accepted, and the motion adopted as amended, it having been seconded.

The Vice-President General from Connecticut, in the absence of the State Regent, presented to the Library two copies of a book in Italian for Italian immigrants, published by

the Connecticut D. A. R. Chapters, and which has received favorable comment from the American and Italian press. These were accepted, on motion of the State Regent of Texas, seconded.

The Chalkley records were again discussed, but without action, as the order of the day was called by the Vice-President General of the District.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a notice concerning the historical book "The Constitution and its Framers," by Mrs. Nannie McCormick Coleman, of Chicago, and offered the following motion, seconded by the State Regent of New York, which was carried, the President General and the Vice-President General from Illinois highly commending the book:

"Now Therefore Be It Resolved: That we the Daughters of the American Revolution, in Executive Session assembled, heartily endorse the able and scholarly work of one of our members, Mrs. Nannie McCormick Coleman, entitled 'The Constitution and Its Framers,' because its pages show many years of deep thought and devoted historical and biographical research; and we recommend this volume as a textbook for schools, academies and colleges, and assert that it deserves a place on the shelves of every public library in the United States, and it should be in the home of every loyal American family to teach a loftier patriotism and better citizenship. Furthermore, we accept the generous offer of its publishers, The Progress Company, of Chicago, Illinois, to give 50 cents on each \$3 edition (bound in buckram) and \$1 on each \$5 edition (bound in black leather) toward the Continental Hall fund, on each copy sold by members, and we urge every Daughter to make herself a Committee of One to promote the circulation, reading and study of 'The Constitution and Its Framers.'

The report of the Magazine Committee was read by the Corresponding Secretary General (same having been made to the President General by Mrs. Mussey, Chairman) and this report was followed by the report of the Committee (from the Board) appointed to obtain and act upon bids for publishing the Magazine, being signed by all the members of this Committee, presented by the Chairman, Mrs. Swormstedt, in connection with which she also read a special report by Mrs. Mussey as Chairman of the Committee on Printing the Congressional Proceedings, saying: "Of course, not being a Board Committee, she does not have to report to the Board, but the President General has requested this special report."

These reports are as follows:

1317 NEW YORK AVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.,
OCTOBER 4, 1910.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
President General, D. A. R.

My Dear Madam President General: At your request, for the information of yourself and the National Board of Management, I submit the following special report as to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

In accordance with the order of the Nineteenth Continental Congress, the office of the Business Manager of the Magazine was closed on June 30, 1910, and her accounts and cash on hand turned over to the Treasurer General.

With the able assistance of the secretary to the President General, Miss Myers, and while she was absent on her vacation, of Miss Fernald, clerk to the Corresponding Secretary General, the mailing lists have been prepared, over twenty-five hundred bills sent out to delinquent subscribers, and hundreds of letters of complaints investigated and answered.

The mailing list was thoroughly revised and magazines discontinued when subscribers were in arrears. You will be glad to know that the sending out of bills has resulted in a very substantial increase in the payment of subscriptions. It was found in many cases that the members had never ordered the magazine, and did not know why it was sent. Others were names of deceased persons, and various facts developed which when made known resulted in pruning down our mailing list to only paying subscribers and a saving of postage and printing. One husband of a Daughter who has been receiving "a magazine" unsolicited, not only refused to pay the bill, but sternly called our attention to the fact that we were violating the law in sending magazines to persons not bona fide subscribers.

Other complaints were occasioned by a failure to credit renewals when made beginning principally with January 1, 1910. The Secretary of this Committee, Mrs. G. M. Brumbaugh, will continue to look after these complaints.

Owing to the fact that the new contract for the publishing the Magazine was not made July 1, as intended, and acting on your direction, Madam President General, I went to Harrisburg and arranged for the Telegraph Printing Company, of that city, to continue to publish the magazine on the basis of our old contract. I also by your direction visited Mrs. Elroy M. Avery, the Editor of the Magazine, and arranged with her all the changes as to details of business consequent upon the new management.

The new publisher, Mr. F. W. Wilson, has been here and has also visited our Editor in Cleveland, and writes that he is pleased with her loyal spirit of co-operation in endeavoring to make the magazine a success.

The work of preparing a complete list of our active membership, with addresses, involving as it does all names of new members in our card catalogue since the publication of the directory of 1908, makes some twelve thousand names. I have employed the necessary clerical assistance for this work under the supervision of Mrs. Brumbaugh, the Secretary of this Committee. I have also ordered an extra carbon copy of this list made for the use of the Society. It will also be necessary to correct the addresses in the printed directory. It is intended by the new publisher to appeal to every Daughter to become interested in the Magazine.

In order to do this, we must co-operate by

personal work, and by urging the appointment of Magazine Committees in every State and Chapter.

Very respectfully yours,
ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
Chairman Magazine Committee.

Report of Committee appointed to obtain and act upon bids for publishing AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for coming year:
To the National Board of Management:

Your Committee respectfully reports that: The Collier Publishing Company withdrew its offer to publish the Magazine, much to the Committee's regret. Thereupon, the Chairman of the Magazine Committee was authorized to continue her correspondence with other reliable publishing firms, with the result that the offer of Mr. F. W. Wilson, of New York City, was finally accepted as being the best within the terms allowed under the resolution adopted by the Nineteenth Continental Congress, which limited the term of the contract to one year. Publishers generally were unwilling to put capital and work on a one year contract for a magazine that had a record of an ever increasing deficit, reaching last year the sum of \$6,131.67.

The contract with Mr. Wilson goes into effect with the November number, and the Society agrees to furnish him the names and addresses of all its members; to pay him for such subscriptions as it has already collected in advance for each month as the magazines are issued; to control and pay for the editorial work and expenses as heretofore, and, generally, to do all in its power to increase the quality of the magazine and increase the circulation.

Mr. Wilson agrees to pay all other expenses, which includes the mechanical production, mailing and postage, and to give the Society a number of text and illustrated pages equal in capacity to the type measuring of ninety-six pages of the present pages of our Magazine. If the Society uses more than this space, it will pay the cost of such extra printing and extra cuts.

Mr. Wilson furnishes the Society without charge with twenty-five copies of the Magazine monthly.

Mr. Wilson has complete control regarding the make-up and decoration of the Magazine, but cannot publish any objectionable advertisements, and is to be bound by the rules of the Quoin Club as to this. He cannot increase the price of the Magazine above the present rate.

This arrangement relieves the home office of the business management, collection of subscriptions, etc., and all the attendant expenses, except the editorial expenses, which were last year \$1,599.66. Whenever the Magazine becomes a paying proposition, with a net income of \$6000, we will receive 10 per cent. of such profits.

The careful investigation made by our Committee leads us to believe that we have secured for the Society the services of a reliable man of business experience in magazine work, with the necessary capital and energy needed to improve our official organ, which, with the

loyal co-operation of our Society, should make our Magazine a creditable and successful publication.

The larger part of the work involved in carrying out the order of the Congress as to the Magazine has fallen upon the Chairman of the Magazine Committee, and the members of the special committee from the Board of Management, desire to bear testimony to her ability and loyalty in persevering in the face of numerous difficulties until the contract was made.

We respectfully recommend that all matters and business pertaining to the Magazine in any way be referred to the Chairman of the Magazine Committee with power to act.

Respectfully submitted,
ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
Chairman Magazine Committee.
MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT.
LULA REEVE HOOVER.
IDA E. S. NOYES.
ESTHER F. NOBLE.
VIRGINIA RANDOLPH SHACKLEFORD.

To the National Board of Management, D. A. R.

Report as to Printing and Indexing Proceedings of the Nineteenth Continental Congress.

In accordance with the action of the Nineteenth Continental Congress on Wednesday, April 20, 1910, directing that "the proceedings of the Nineteenth Continental Congress be published in a separate volume, properly indexed, as soon as possible after the adjournment of the Congress, and that a copy be furnished free to each Chapter, each National Officer, and those subscribing to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, whose subscriptions are now paid up to July 1 next," the Board of Management directed the Chairman of the Magazine Committee to arrange for this work.

The work was given to the lowest bidder, the Globe Printing Company, of the District of Columbia, the contract including printing and mailing, thus relieving our officers of this work.

The proceedings of the last Congress, including the voluminous reports of officers, State Regents and Committees, were almost twice the length of those of the Eighteenth Congress. Notwithstanding this unforeseen condition, the expense of printing this large volume of 648 pages, $7\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$ inches, of small type, was of no greater than the 400 pages of $6\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ inches, in large type, of the magazine (our former method of printing) in three numbers. We estimate that it would have cost us at least \$1000 more to have printed the proceedings in the Magazine this year. There would have been a saving of less than \$300 in postage, however.

The volume was indexed by an expert indexer and the entire mailing list was covered by the first week in July. There is also in the office of the Curator some two hundred extra copies for those who wish to purchase them.

The Chairman of the Magazine Committee has received commendations and thanks from Officers, State Regents, Chapter Regents and other Daughters from all over the country.

They all testify to the advantage of having the indexed proceedings so promptly in hand in one volume. One Regent says it is "indispensable," and no one desires to go back to the old method of publishing in the Magazine in three numbers.

Respectfully submitted,

ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
Chairman Magazine Committee.

OCTOBER 1, 1910.

Replying to a question as to whether subscribers to the Magazine will receive the Congressional Proceedings next year, Mrs. Swormstedt stated: "This was a special year. It will be a matter for the Congress to decide. Subscribers to the Magazine hereafter will not have the proceedings, I think; a report of that Committee will have to be made to the Congress. I think the Proceedings have been sent to all State and Chapter Officers, and to all subscribers whose subscriptions were paid to the first of July."

On motion of the State Regent of Virginia, seconded by the Vice-Presidents General from Virginia and New Jersey, it was carried, as follows:

"That the recommendations of the Special Committee be adopted and that all business pertaining to the Magazine be referred to the Chairman of the Magazine Committee with power to act."

The Registrar General presented certain vouchers for extra work done outside of office hours during the summer by certain of her clerks, at her request, the same having been arranged with the Supervision Committee, but there being some misunderstanding about O'King same, she presented it to the Board for confirmation. On motion of the Librarian General, seconded, authority was given to the Registrar General to sign these vouchers, the Treasurer General to pay the same upon presentation.

The Treasurer General presented a similar request for pay for extra overtime work performed by five of her clerks, whose names she read, the total amount being, she said, less than \$60; and upon motion, seconded, the same action as in the case of the Registrar General, was taken, and payment authorized.

The Corresponding Secretary General asked leave to present two or three small matters—first, the case of death of a Real Daughter, Maria Redding, of Georgia, eighty-five years old, in great destitution, as reported by a letter from one W. L. Horne, and on motion of the State Regent of Ohio, seconded by the Vice-President General from Ohio, it was carried:

"That the Vice-President General of Georgia investigate the case of Mrs. Redding, and if she deems the case worthy that the amount asked, \$100, be paid by the National Board, per the Treasurer General."

The Corresponding Secretary General presented an application for the Hall for presentation of a French play.

The President General asked that the Board authorize her to decline the use of the Hall for theatrical purposes.

On motion of the Vice-President General

from Ohio, seconded by the Librarian General, the following motion was adopted:

"That the President General be authorized to refuse the auditorium of Memorial Continental Hall to all persons desiring to use it for theatrical entertainments, tableaux or exhibitions of any sort."

The President General presented the two letters from the Sons of the American Revolution (the first, dated April 18, 1910, and signed Yates Stirling and Aubrey Pearre, Jr., and the second, dated May 24, 1910, signed G. W. Baird), asking the co-operation of the Daughters of the American Revolution in securing a suitable crypt for the remains of John Paul Jones. She asked that these letters be incorporated in the report of to-day's meeting, and that a resolution of co-operation with the efforts of the Sons of the Revolution in this matter be offered; whereupon, on motion of the Vice-President General from Illinois, seconded by the State Regent of New York, it was carried:

"That we endeavor to act in accordance with the request of Dr. Baird."

The first letter referred to above, dated April 18, signed by Messrs. Stirling and Yates, called for action regarding the commemoration of Fort McHenry as an historic spot; the successful repulse of the British there having inspired Francis Scott Key to write our National song, "The Star Spangled Banner." The Vice-President General from Illinois asked if the Daughters of 1812 do not attend to this celebration, and on motion of the State Regent of New York, seconded, the matter was laid on the table.

BALTIMORE, April 18, 1910.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dear Madam: The Maryland Society, Sons of the American Revolution, is very much interested in any undertaking which stimulates American patriotism, and very strongly commends the suggestion embodied in the letter of its Vice-President, Mr. George W. Hyde, to the *Baltimore Star*, a copy of which is inclosed herewith.

To carry out the suggestion contained in this letter would be, in the judgment of this Society, a very timely and fitting tribute to the National Hymn, as well as a forceful reminder to all persons passing Fort McHenry of the historic spot, and the successful repulse of the British, which inspired the distinguished Marylander, Francis Scott Key, to write the song, which is now the inspiration of the Nation.

We trust you can think of some practical manner in which you can co-operate to bring about this very happy result, and will appreciate any service you can render.

Cordially yours,
YATES STIRLING,
President.
AUBREY PEARRE, JR.,
Secretary.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 24, 1910.
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT, President General
of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Dear Madam: I beg that you use your good offices to help in the matter of securing a deficiency appropriation to complete the crypt under the new chapel at the Naval Academy, which was designed to be the Tomb of *John Paul Jones*. The Secretary of the Navy has recommended it each year. The Senate has once passed it. The Naval Committee in the House has favorably reported it, but it expired on the calendar.

No one opposes it; everybody declared in favor of it. But it expires on the calendar. Evidently there is a lack of interest in Congress, but I am sure they will resume activity if their constituency urges it. The S. A. R. and the Navy League are now taking it up.

Can you not induce *all* your State Societies to become interested in it, and each and every loyal Daughter write a letter to her Senator and her Member of Congress, and see if they cannot be enthused? This will cost nothing but the stationery and postage. It can offend no one, as all have expressed in favor of it.

Thanking you in advance, I am, with great respect,

Your servant,

G. W. BAIRD.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a request from the Pilgrim Memorial Association of Cape Cod, Mass., asking for subscriptions toward putting a peal of four bells in the belfry surmounting the monument erected by them at Provincetown, Mass., each bell to bear the name of a prominent woman of the Pilgrim Company.

The State Regent of Virginia expressed the opinion that our Society must confine itself to the Revolutionary period, and suggested that the Colonial Dames might help in this subscription.

No action taken on this matter.

The State Regent of New York presented the matter of the Helen Dunlap School in Arkansas, in which Mrs. Barrow, State Regent, is much interested, it being along the line of the Martha Berry School, and referred to a donation or subscription from the President General toward the cause; she asked that the Daughters include that school in their list of donations for the Southern Mountain schools for white children.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. Delight Keller, Chairman Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots, recommending the appointment of a committee on official Daughters of the American Revolution markers to bring the matter before the next Congress. The question was briefly discussed, no action being taken.

The Vice-President General from the District, referring to a previous question, with reference to a wreath which she ordered for the Lafayette Statue on September 6, the anniversary of his death, concerning the official ribbon formerly kept on hand for such purposes, said she was obliged to use a narrower style, which was not so dignified in appearance, and asked that the former style of official ribbon be supplied for such purposes. Her motion, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, was carried, as follows:

"That Caldwell be asked to furnish the

Curator with that particular style of ribbon, to be kept on hand for such purposes."

The Corresponding Secretary General next read a letter from the State Regent of Tennessee, Mrs. Day, asking for an expression from the Board regarding the power of State Conferences. The Corresponding Secretary General said:

"This matter has come up several times in the Congress, but we never have time there to thrash it out. Of course, the Board has no authority to act beyond recommending to Congress."

The Librarian General moved that the President General appoint a committee to take this matter under advisement.

The question was discussed, the Corresponding Secretary General seconding the motion of the Librarian General and recommending a committee, representing as far as possible the different sections of the country, to be appointed by the President General.

The Vice-President General from the District offered an amendment that members of the Board be allowed to put their own interpretation on that, and say that State Regents and State Vice-Regents shall be nominated in their own States and elected in Washington. Seconded.

The motion was adopted as follows (moved by Librarian General, seconded by Corresponding Secretary General):

"That the President General appoint a representative committee to sit upon this question of State Conference, and report to the Board, that the Board may recommend to Congress."

The Vice-President General from the District moved that the Vice-President General in charge of Organization of Chapters send out a circular to the Chapters. No action.

The President General announced as the new Chairman of the Conservation Committee Mrs. Orton, Jr., Vice-President General from Ohio. Mrs. Orton passed around the Board a copy of the certificate awarded to Mr. Gifford Pinchot, a new certificate on Conservation to be awarded to schools and chapters taking up the study of conservation. She asked the Board to authorize her expenses as Chairman of the Committee on Conservation—printing, postage and typewriting. On motion of the Vice-President General in charge of Organization of Chapters, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, the same were authorized.

The Historian General announced the death of a Real Daughter, reported by the State Regent of Georgia, on September 3, Mrs. Frances Leonard Cleveland, aged ninety-four years, which death was not noted in the report of deceased members previously offered.

The Historian General, on a question of personal privilege, said:

"In the report of the Supervision Committee, perhaps, you noticed it was stated that the office of the Historian General was closed for some weeks, and the inference was that the work was not going on. I call attention to the amount of work done by my clerks; and it would seem, to me, that is sufficient answer;

but it was impossible to have the office open and have the clerks away. I could not be there because I had to be in the Juvenile Court. There seemed no other way than to close the office. I think the Society suffered no loss during that time; at least, I hope the ladies will think so. I think so."

The President General replied: "A very satisfactory explanation, Mrs. Darwin."

The Treasurer General presented a request for extra clerical help in her office, and moved, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, that she be allowed such extra help as is necessary. The motion was carried.

The electric lights went off at this time, 6:30 P. M., owing to a short circuit at the power plant, but the deliberations continued, as follows:

The Librarian General called attention to the status of book stacks for the Library, and after discussion, on motion of the Librarian General, seconded by the Registrar General, it was carried:

"That no steel stacks shall be placed in the Library unless they receive the approval of the Librarian General."

The State Regent of Virginia presented an invitation to the Board to attend the State Conference at Bristol, October 12 and 13, and the Vice-President General of Illinois, seconded, moved a vote of thanks, with great appreciation.

The Recording Secretary General presented for the State Regent of Massachusetts, Mrs. Dunning, who was absent, an invitation to the State Conference in Massachusetts, October 20 and 21, reading from the first page, announcement of a reception to be given at the Vendome, in honor of the President General; Mrs. Moor, Vice-President General, presented a similar invitation for Vermont; Mrs. Truestalde, State Regent, an invitation for Ohio's Conference, October 26 and 27; and Mrs. Brayton, State Regent, the same for Michigan, for the 12th and 13th of next month (November); to all of which invitations, the Vice-President General of Illinois, moved a similar vote of thanks, with appreciation, which was unanimously carried.

The Vice-President General of Vermont presented a book about the Green Mountain State for the Library. The President General presented to the Library a copy of Mrs. McCormick's book, "The Constitution and Its Framers." The Librarian General expressed thanks for both volumes.

The Recording Secretary General moved to adjourn, "as the room is in total darkness, which precludes the reading of these motions."

The President General reported an important communication from the Advisory Board, and asked that an adjourned session of the Board be held previous to the Continental Hall Committee meeting, held the following day at 3 o'clock. The Librarian General suggested 2:30 P. M. This was amended to 2 o'clock, and the Board adjourned at 6:45 P. M.

until 2 P. M., the following day, Thursday, October 6, 1910.

Respectfully submitted,
MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General, N. S., D. A. R.

APPROVED:

February 1, 1911.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON SESSION.

THURSDAY, October 6, 1910.
The adjourned meeting of the Board was called to order at 2:30 P. M., October 6, the President General in the chair.

In the absence of the Recording Secretary General, on account of illness, on motion of the Librarian General, seconded, Miss Pierce, Registrar General, was appointed Secretary *pro tem*. Thirteen members were present, as follows, one or two others entering toward the close of the meeting: The President General, Mrs. Sternberg, Mrs. Tulloch, Mrs. Noyes, Mrs. Randall, Miss Mecum, the Corresponding Secretary General, the Registrar General, the Librarian General, Miss Benning, Mrs. Perley, Mrs. Lane, Mrs. Brayton.

The President General reported to the Board regarding Memorial Continental Hall conditions, reading a correspondence between herself and members of the Advisory Board on the subject:

CHARLEVOIX, MICH., Sept. 1, 1910.
MR. BERNARD GREEN,
Congressional Library,
Washington, D. C.

MY DEAR MR. GREEN: I yesterday, August 31st, signed the last certificate sent by Messrs. Norcross Brothers, leaving now only the \$28,500 to be settled for, and with the certificates from Mr. Casey came the notice from Messrs. Norcross, that in thirty-five days from August 12th they would expect the payment to them of \$28,500.

Now we have not accepted the building, and we do not know that it is in a satisfactory condition to accept. I am writing to ask the Advisory Committee of gentlemen to take this matter up with Messrs. Norcross and Mr. Casey in person and to advise me just what to do.

The contractors cannot be permitted to count the thirty-five days from August 12th, or from any date indeed, until they have turned the building over to us, and we have accepted it in a satisfactory condition. This has not been done, and we will not accept it until it has been thoroughly gone over by Mr. Casey with an expert or experts of our own selection, to examine every part of the building in detail. I will ask the Advisory Committee to appoint a committee to select such expert or experts—disinterested—who will make this investigation for us, and this will have to be done before we consent to talk about the thirty-five days.

Also having fulfilled our part of the contract, and having paid every dollar of extras of every description that Messrs. Norcross have charged, I want advice as to our rights under the contract to claim the \$50 per day forfeit and the office rent we have paid from April 10th, 1909, to March 1st, 1910, by reason

of not having been able to occupy the hall on account of its unfinished condition. I regret exceedingly the necessity to tax these gentlemen—who have been so courteous in this way—but there is a responsibility about this I do not feel equal to assume, and if we can only get these matters satisfactorily settled, I think we will have clear sailing in the future.

Very cordially yours,

JULIA G. SCOTT,
President General.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 1, 1910.
MR. BERNARD R. GREEN,

Chairman Advisory Committee.

MY DEAR COLONEL GREEN: Your letter of the 26th ultimo in regard to the construction of our Continental Memorial Hall has been duly received.

I beg you to carefully consider the conditions that confront us. I am the head of a great organization numbering over sixty-five thousand women, who have individually and collectively contributed over a half million of dollars for the erection of a building in memory of the patriots of the country. It is the work of women and every dollar has been raised by them. I am, therefore, accountable to them, and every one of them, for the wise expenditure of their money and charged with seeing that all parties concerned give full value for the money expended.

* * * * *

(b) The Society was obliged to carry on its business in inadequate rented quarters at an expense of \$225 per month from April 10, 1909, to March 1, 1910, and we were at considerable expense in making the building at all usable for the Congress in 1909. Items can be given when necessary from Treasurer's books.

(c) Norcross Brothers are familiar with conditions in April, 1909, and the dirt and dust of the cold and wind pouring in, which made that Congress so uncomfortable, all owing to the fact that the building was not completed according to contract on April 10.

I have previously requested the Advisory Committee to appoint a committee to select a disinterested local architect to inspect the building and give his opinion.

Awaiting the favor of your further investigations, I am

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) JULIA G. SCOTT.

P. S.—I am extremely anxious to have a meeting of the Advisory Committee some time to-morrow, Monday or Tuesday, in order to get some statement as to this final settlement to present to the Board on Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 4, 1910.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
President General, N. S., D. A. R.,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MADAM: At a meeting of the Advisory Committee held this morning certain questions submitted by you were considered, and in response to those questions, we advise you as follows:

First: It is the opinion of the Committee that all defects in the construction of Continental Memorial Hall, before acceptance of

the building by your Society, should be made at the expense of the contractors, and that your Society should not be charged with any expense in connection with them;

Second: It is the opinion of the Committee that your Society will be justified in making the final payment of the contractors if the certificate certifying that the building has been satisfactorily completed is signed by your architect, Mr. Casey, and by Mr. Bernard R. Green;

Third: It is the opinion of the Committee that your Society is entitled under the contract, to payment by Norcross Brothers, of \$50 per day for failure to complete the building by the date specified in the contract. We refer you to the case of District of Columbia *vs.* Harlan and Hollingsworth Company, reported in the decisions of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, Vol. 30, at folio 270.

Yours very truly,

CHARLES C. GLOVER.

WILLIAM HOOVER.

HENRY B. F. MACFARLAND.

The defects in the building construction were generally discussed, the Corresponding Secretary General expressing the opinion that the condition of the walls is a most serious reflection on the architect.

On motion of the Librarian General, seconded by the State Regent of Michigan, a rising vote of thanks to the President General was unanimously adopted, the same being worded as follows:

"I move a rising vote of thanks to our President General for all her efforts to straighten out these involved questions connected with the contractors of Continental Hall."

The President General said: "I am very much obliged for your appreciation, but I would like a vote of thanks when these walls are fixed, when the heating plant works right, and the elevator."

She referred to Mrs. Washington, of Georgia, who was coming up to-day to pay the last thousand dollars on the building, which money has been lying in deposit for eighteen months.

The Vice-President General from the District, seconded by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization and the Vice-President General from Vermont, offered the following motion, which was unanimously adopted:

"That the Board directs the President General to send a copy of the communication from the Advisory Board of Gentlemen to the National Board to Norcross Brothers, the contractors, and to Mr. Casey, the architect."

The President General:

"Ladies, I am very glad of your approval. This matter will be submitted to Norcross Brothers and Mr. Casey, and let them take the next step. Then we will be governed by what they will say. The Advisory Board are at our back. They are going to see us through."

The Vice-President General from Illinois asked permission to offer a motion, and, after discussion, the following motion by the Vice-President General of Illinois, seconded by the

Vice-President General of New Jersey, was unanimously adopted:

"That the Board of Management, N. S., D. A. R., heartily approve the President General's attitude in refusing the final payment to Norcross Brothers until all of the defects in the building are remedied at the expense of the said Norcross Brothers, contractors."

At the request of the President General, the following action was taken, on motion of the Vice-President General from Georgia, seconded by the Librarian General:

"That during the absence of the President General her secretary shall be an extra clerk for emergency in any office, the payroll to be signed for such service by the Curator; and that our President General be allowed the services of a clerk and typewriter wherever she may be."

On request of the Registrar General, the following action was taken, on motion of the

Registrar General, seconded by the State Regent of Michigan:

"That a permit be given to Paul E. Cabaret & Co., to place the National Insignia upon a bronze tablet for the Saginaw Chapter, of Saginaw, Mich."

The motions as adopted at the three sessions of the Board were read by the Official Stenographer and the Secretary *pro tem*, and, with slight corrections, approved.

During the latter part of the meeting Mrs. Shackelford, Mrs. Sterling and Mrs. Truesdale were present.

There being no further business, on motion, the Board adjourned at 3:20 P. M.

Respectfully submitted,

GRACE M. PIERCE,
Secretary, pro tem...

APPROVED:

February 1, 1911.
MRS. MATTHEW SCOTT,
President General, N. S., D. A. R.

Special Meeting—National Board of Management, N. S., D. A. R.

November 2, 1910

On Wednesday, November 2, 1910, the National Board of Management held a special meeting at Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

The meeting was called to order at 10:30 a.m. by the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain General, the Board uniting in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

By unanimous consent the roll-call was omitted, the Recording Secretary General taking a list of those present.

The following members were present: The President General; Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Emily P. S. Moor, Vice-President General from Vermont; Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Vice-President General from the District; Mrs. Thomas K. Noble, Chaplain General; Mrs. Mabel G. Swormstedt, Corresponding Secretary General; Miss Grace M. Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Short Willis, Librarian General; Miss Mary R. Wilcox, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. George T. Smallwood, Regent of the District of Columbia.

The Chaplain General stated that the Historian General, who had been very ill for some time, was at her place of business this morning for the first time since her illness, but would attend the meeting here if her presence was required. The President General expressed the regret of the Board at the illness of the Historian General and hoped she would not make the effort to attend the meeting.

In the absence of the Treasurer General, the Corresponding Secretary General read, by request, a list of five names to be reinstated on the roll of members, this preceding the report of the Vice-President General in

Charge of Organization of Chapters, for the reason that one on the list belonged to a Chapter to be reported disbanded. This action was taken on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded by the Chaplain General.

The Registrar General presented her report as follows, first stating that the engraver is now working on the certificates of members admitted last June, and before the next Board meeting would probably be beyond October. In reply to the question, the Registrar General said that out of the 1830 certificates recently issued, 174 were from Mrs. McLean. REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, N. S., D. A. R.

NOVEMBER 2, 1910.

MADAM PRESIDENT GENERAL AND MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

I have the honor to report the following for the past month:

Applications presented to the Board	502
Supplemental applications verified.	277
Original papers returned unverified	35
Supplemental papers returned unverified	95
Permits for the Insignia issued	215
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued	121
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued	124
Application of Real Daughters presented	0
Certificates engrossed	1,034
Certificates issued	1,830
Number of letters, including duplicate applications, issued	1,331
Number of cards	999
Original papers awaiting information	140

Supplemental papers awaiting information	639
New records verified.....	215
Original papers awaiting Notary's seal	9
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary's seal.....	0
Total number of papers verified.....	779
Number of applications copied.....	20 \$5.00
Number of State Regents' lists copied	1 .50
	\$5.50

Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE,

Registrar General N. S., D. A. R.

Report accepted on motion of the Recording Secretary General, seconded.

The Registrar General then read the list of names of applicants for membership, 502 in all, and on motion of the Vice-President General from the District, seconded by the Vice-President General from Vermont, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for these applicants for membership, the President General declaring them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Registrar General asked permission of the Board for a certain lady to put in the application papers of her future daughter-in-law, without the applicant's signature, as a Christmas gift, and that her name be presented at the December meeting. The Vice-President General from the District said there was a precedent for this action, and moved, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, that permission be granted. Motion carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General moved that the Registrar General be instructed to have prepared and sent to the Chapter Regents postal cards stating that application papers of new members should be sent in for consideration at the special meetings; and that the only business to be considered at said special meetings, which are held the first Wednesday of those months not specified for the regular meetings, will be the formation of new Chapters, admission of new members, and the pensioning of Real Daughters. The motion was seconded and carried.

The chair ruled that there shall be incorporated in such notices a statement that the minutes of the special meetings would be read and approved at the next special meeting, this question having come under consideration.

The report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was presented, and is as follows:

REPORT—November 2, 1910.

MADAM PRESIDENT GENERAL AND MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

The Montezuma Chapter of Nevada has elected, and asks the Board to confirm as State Regent, Mrs. Blanche Seaman Sprague, of Goldfield.

The State Conference of Michigan has elected, and asks the Board to confirm as State Vice Regent, Mrs. Susan Elise Hanchett, of Saginaw.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Miss Anna Black, of Riverside, Cal.

Mrs. Mary Eliza Tirrell, of Natick, Mass.

Mrs. Harriet Mitchell Sawyer, of Hillsdale, Mich.

Mrs. Irene Simpson Morton, of Nebraska City, Neb.

Miss Katie Daffan, of Ennis, Texas.

Mrs. Ida White Walker, of Gonzales, Texas.

The Board is also asked to authorize Chapters at Durham, N. C., and Portland, Ore.

Through the State Regent of Georgia the Sarah McIntosh Chapter herewith presents its intention to disband and affiliate with the Joseph Habersham, and asks the Board to formally annul the Chapter.

The following Regencies have expired by time limitation:

Mrs. May S. McFadden, of Fitzgerald, Ga.

Mrs. Lily L. B. Carroll, of Charleston, W. Va.

Mrs. Imogene H. Field, of Ripon, Wis.

On account of the financial condition of the Transylvania Chapter of Kentucky and the Katharine Steel Chapter of Alabama, both of which Chapters are two years in arrears, by report of the Treasurer General, the Board is asked to declare them null and void.

Charters issued, 12; letters written, 177; letters received, 108; officers' lists written for, 172; officers' lists received, 101.

The card catalogue reports:

Members' cards.....	1,326
Deaths	190
Resignations	60
Dropped	30
Reinstatements	13
Marriages	27
Corrections	670

Admitted membership October 5, 1910, 81-857; actual membership October 5, 1910, 65-034.

Respectfully submitted,
MIRANDA B. TULLOCH,

Vice-President General in Charge of

Organization of Chapters, N. S., D. A. R.
Report accepted on motion of the Vice-President General from the District, seconded.

The Corresponding Secretary General read the Treasurer General's report of eighteen members to be resigned and seven members to be dropped, and upon motion, duly seconded, these actions were taken.

The Corresponding Secretary General read the Treasurer General's list of sixty members deceased, and on the call of the President General the Board arose in token of sympathy and respect.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter from the State Regent of New Hampshire, asking that a pension be granted to Mrs.

Sophronia Watson York, a Real Daughter, and member of the Granite Chapter, of Newfields, N. H. This application was accompanied by the necessary evidence, and on motion, seconded, the pension was granted.

Adjournment having been moved by the Chaplain General, seconded, the President

General declared the meeting adjourned at 11.40 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General, N. S., D. A. R.
Approved by the Board at its special meeting, December 7, 1910.

Special Meeting—National Board of Management, N. S., D. A. R.

December 7, 1910

WEDNESDAY, December 7, 1910.

On Wednesday, December 7, 1910, the National Board of Management held a special meeting in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

The meeting was called to order at 10.30 a.m. by the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.

The Board united with the Chaplain General in saying the Lord's Prayer.

The following members were present: The President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott; the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch; the Vice-President General from Vermont, Mrs. Emily P. S. Moor; the Vice-President General from the District, Mrs. George M. Sternberg; the Chaplain General; the Corresponding Secretary General; the Registrar General; the Librarian General; the Recording Secretary General; the Regent of the District of Columbia, Mrs. George T. Smallwood, and the State Regent of New York, Mrs. Joseph S. Wood.

The minutes of the previous special meeting were read by the Recording Secretary General, and on motion adopted.

The Registrar General presented her report as follows:

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, DECEMBER 7, 1910. Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month:

Applications presented to the Board.....	636
Supplemental applications verified.....	635
Original papers returned unverified.....	16
Supplemental papers returned unverified.....	45
Permits for the Insignia issued.....	249
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued.....	151
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued.....	103
Applications of Real Daughters presented.....	2
Certificates engrossed.....	876
Certificates issued.....	1,744
Number of letters, including duplicate papers issued.....	1,900
Number of cards issued.....	3,144
Original papers awaiting information.....	160
Supplemental papers awaiting information.....	558
New records verified.....	225
Original papers awaiting Notary's seal.....	10
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary's seal.....	0

Total number of papers verified.....	1,001
Number of applications copied.....	47 @ 25c—\$11.75
Number of State Regents' lists copied	1— 5.00
	\$16.75

Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE,

Registrar General, N. S., D. A. R.

Report accepted on motion of the Corresponding Secretary General, seconded by the Chaplain General.

The Registrar General stated that the postal cards sent out in accordance with the authorization of the special meeting of November 2, regarding the business to be transacted at the special meetings, had borne good fruit, as evidenced by the large number of application papers received during the past ten days; also that the certificates now going out are for members admitted at the October Board meeting this fall, and that by our next meeting the balance of the certificates for October, and probably those for November, will be issued.

The Registrar General further stated that the list this morning contained the names of two Real Daughters, sisters, both blind and over ninety, and as it had been learned that they were in needy circumstances, she hoped pensions would be granted to them as soon as possible, their papers being on the way. She then read the list of names of applicants for membership, 636 in all, and on motion of the Vice-President General of the District, seconded by the State Regent of New York, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for these applicants for membership, the President General declaring them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Corresponding Secretary General stated the pensions could be granted, conditionally, to these Real Daughters—that is, as soon as their papers are received the pensions will be granted, but to be approved now by the Board—and that this has been done before by previous Boards. The Corresponding Secretary General then presented the name of a Real Daughter for pension.

The State Regent of New York moved that pending the arrival of the formal applications, pensions be granted conditionally to the following Real Daughters, the name of the third one having been presented by the Corresponding Secretary General:

Mrs. Almira Leonard and Mrs. Abigail Strong, members of Benjamin Prescott Chapter, of Fredonia, N. Y., and Mrs. Hannah Maria Howard, member of the Mary Torr Chapter, of Rochester, N. H. The motion was seconded by the Chaplain General and carried.

The report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was presented as follows:

REPORT, December 7, 1910.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Through their respective State Regents, the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Eliza Porter Smith Whittington, of Hot Springs, Ark.
 Miss Myra Bartlett, of Pomona, Cal.
 Mrs. Stella Conard Hill, of Holly, Colo.
 Mrs. Caroline Dunbar McElhinny, of Central City, Ky.
 Mrs. Alice Woodward Leakin Welsh, of Millersville, Md.
 Miss Byrd Hall, of Trenton, Mo.
 Mrs. Dora Sartelle Bennett, of David City, Neb.
 Miss Mary Isabel Greeley, of Bradford, N. H.
 Mrs. Mary Doan Henry, of East Cleveland, Ohio.
 Mrs. Susan Merrill Clinton, of Tulsa, Okla.
 Mrs. Mable Holmes Parsons, of Medford, Ore.
 Mrs. Sarah A. Moore, of McKeesport, Pa.
 Miss Alice McKean Butterfield, of Montrose, Pa.
 Mrs. Florence E. Green Haven, of Cavedish, Vt.
 Mrs. Nannie Hannah Barringer, of Blacksburg, Va.
 Mrs. Eleanor Letchworth Smith Reed, of Porto Rico.
 Mrs. Alice Whitney Bascom, of Ticonderoga, N. Y.
 Mrs. Lucy Reid Harvey Stark, of Louisiana, Mo.

And the reappointment of Mrs. Isabel Page Fisk, of Morrisville, Vt., and Mrs. Imogene H. Field, of Ripon, Wis.

The Board is also asked to authorize the formation of Chapters at Whiting, Iowa, and Warren, Pa.

I regretfully report to the Board the resignations of Mrs. Minnie Coddington Rodey, Territorial Regent at Porto Rico, and Mrs. Betty McLean Dallam, Regent at Manila, P. I.; and with her resignation Mrs. Rodey sends a most interesting letter concerning conditions in Porto Rico, which, with the permission of the Board, I will read at the close of this report.

The following Regencies have expired by time limitation: Mrs. Abigail Moss Henry, of Guntersville, Ala.; Mrs. Julia P. Greenley, of Greenville, Miss.; Mrs. Susie G. Knowlton, of Perthshire, Miss.

Letters received, 138; letters written, 209; officers' lists written for, 40; officers' lists received, 80; charters issued, 9; State Regent's

commission issued, 1; Chapter Regents' commissions issued, 30.

The card catalogue reports:

Members' cards.....	502
Corrections	570
Deaths	60
Dropped	7
Marriages	201
Resignations	18
Reinstated	5
Admitted membership, November 2, 1910	82,359
Actual membership, November 2, 1910..	65,455

Respectfully submitted,
 MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, N. S., D. A. R.

Report accepted on motion of the Chaplain General, duly seconded.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters read a letter from Mrs. Betty McLean Dallam tendering, with regret, her resignation as Regent of the Manila Chapter, National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, due to the fact that the state of her health forbids her further residence in the Philippine Islands, and saying that the honor of having been the first Regent in Manila was highly appreciated.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters then read a letter from Mrs. Rodey, Territorial Regent of Porto Rico, inclosing her dues and tendering her resignation as Regent of Porto Rico, owing to the fact that a change in her husband's position took them back to New Mexico, and with this resignation as Regent of the Island of Porto Rico, Mrs. Rodey also asked to be placed, without delay, as a member in her home Chapter, the Lew Wallace, of Albuquerque, and that, if possible, one dollar of the dues be returned to the Lew Wallace Chapter.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters then read the following account of what Mrs. Rodey had accomplished during the eight months she was in San Juan, Porto Rico:

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO,

November 13, 1910.

Mrs. Miranda Barney Tulloch, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters:

MY DEAR MADAM VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL.—Through you . . . I wish to make a statement in regard to the work I was assigned as Regent of the Island of Porto Rico.

I can hardly call this account a "report," because one would look for more valuable results than exist. Unless one has been there it is difficult to explain conditions. . . . The Americans are on the island for Government service, or for short duration. Even those who own fruit plantations are only there for a few months during the winter. Not more than a dozen Americans eligible for Daughters of the American Revolution thought it worth while to come to my rooms and talk over the situation—I arrived there in summer—no one will do anything before September;

and I was called from there in January, which gave me only four months to try to organize a Chapter. I found six ladies residing at San Juan. Their husbands were Government officials and the length of their stay necessarily uncertain. They were all members of Eastern Chapters and did not like to resign for fear of removal before a Chapter could be organized there. I did, however, call meetings every two weeks the last two months I was there, and had found four, eligible, who were willing to become National members. One of those died after I left.

Mrs. Estelle Walker, Mrs. Newton Reed, and her daughter were already members, and are as near permanent residents as one could find on the island. I felt, with Mrs. Reed's assistance, I could have formed a Chapter; but it could not be done in four months, or even a year. There is only one mail a week, and by the time some have received their papers others will have been ordered away. But it can be done. And I never was discouraged as to ultimate success.

It would be my suggestion to open a correspondence with Mrs. Newton Reed and Mrs. Dexter. Mrs. Dexter's husband is Commissioner of Education, and her home Chapter is Buffalo, I think. I cannot say what is Mrs. Reed's pleasure or what the Daughters of the American Revolution ladies of San Juan wish, but there are bright, clever women there who are members of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and it might be advisable for the National Board to know their wishes before making an appointment. Mrs. Reed is a lovely woman, capable and popular, and I would not have her or any of the Porto Rico ladies think I would presume to say what they may or may not do.

There is interesting work on the island—the home of Ponce de Leon, and the (claimed) first landing place of Columbus. The work in the schools is more than the teachers can manage alone. The children are bright and eager to learn and the Daughters of the American Revolution could find much interesting work in this making of future American citizens.

If, owing to the fluctuating population, a regular Chapter is not feasible, the National Board might suggest meetings of the Daughters of the American Revolution as general workers for the Society, reporting to the National Board. That was the plan we were meeting under when I left, expecting out of this general gathering eventually to find enough to form a Chapter. We were to read the history of the island and to take up the work of distributing reading matter, especially pictorial magazines, to the native children as a force for the furtherance of American ideas. . . .

(Signed) MINNIE CODDINGTON RODEY.

The Corresponding Secretary General, having asked if Mrs. Bukey had been authorized to form a Chapter in the District, and the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters replying that Mrs. Bukey could not now form this Chapter without our getting into trouble, as she lives outside the

District in Virginia, a general discussion followed, the question being whether this appointment of Chapter Regent comes within the jurisdiction of the Regent of the District of Columbia or within that of the State Regent of Virginia.

On motion of the Vice-President General of the District of Columbia, seconded by the Chaplain General, this matter was laid on the table. On motion of the Chaplain General, seconded by the State Regent of New York, the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was instructed by the Board to communicate with Mrs. Bukey as to the status of her appointment as Chapter Regent.

The matter was taken from the table on entrance of the Regent for the District of Columbia, who said: "With deference to the State Regent of Virginia I suggest to the Board the appointment of Mrs. Roberta Julia Magruder Bukey as Regent to form a Chapter, and personally recommend her." The Regent of the District of Columbia said, further, she doubted whether she, as Regent of the District of Columbia, had the right, without first conferring with the Board and the State Regent of Virginia, to ask for the confirmation of this appointment.

Finally the Chair ruled the question be deferred until next month, it being, in the meantime, referred to the State Regent of Virginia.

On motion of the Vice-President General from the District, seconded by the Librarian General, a loving letter of sympathy from the members of the Board to the Treasurer General on the death of her sister and a sincere letter of sympathy to Mrs. Draper on the serious illness of her mother, whose death was momentarily expected, were directed to be sent.

The Corresponding Secretary read, on request, the Treasurer General's report of 40 members to be resigned, 441 members to be dropped (21 at their own request), and 9 members to be reinstated, and upon motion, duly seconded, these several actions were taken.

The Corresponding Secretary General then read the Treasurer General's list of 183 members deceased, and on the call of the President General the Board arose in token of respect and sympathy.

During a discussion upon the large number of members dropped for non-payment of dues, the Corresponding Secretary General stated that the number was always large at this season of the year, as bills for payment of dues were sent out during the summer months when the other work in the offices was slack, and after three months the members who had not sent in their dues were dropped.

The State Regent of New York offered the following motion:

"That each State Regent be requested to investigate in her State the list of members dropped for non-payment of dues and make a personal appeal, urging their making application for reinstatement."

This motion was seconded by the Vice-

President General and the State Regent for the District of Columbia, and carried.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from the Vice-President General of Missouri, regretting that, on account of the illness of her son, she could not attend this meeting; she being then on her way to Colorado with her son.

Upon motion, duly seconded, the President General announced adjournment at 11:45 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) MARY R. WILCOX,

Recording Secretary General, N. S., D. A. R.

Approved January 11, 1911.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
President General, N. S., D. A. R.

National Board of Management, N. S., D. A. R.

February 1, 1911

WEDNESDAY, February 1, 1911.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, was held in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall on Wednesday, February 1, 1911.

The meeting was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, at 10:40 a.m., and opened with the following prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Thomas K. Noble:

The eyes of the Lord are in every place, beholding the evil and the good. Every word upon our lips and every thought in our hearts He knoweth altogether. Be ye therefore steadfast, immovable, always abounding in good works, for as much as we know that such labor is not in vain. O God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee that while Thine eyes are in every place beholding the evil, Thou dost also note the good, and while Thou dost know every word upon our lips, Thou dost also mark the thoughts and intents of our hearts. We thank Thee, O Father, that Thou art our judge, for Thou art just and merciful. May we therefore stand fast, always abounding in sweet and loving words and gentle and loving deeds. We ask Thy blessing upon this Board of Management to-day. We pray that Thou wilt give us kind interest and sound judgment and may our work be so consecrated that Thou canst speak, and we pray Thou wilt give us grace to be loyal to each other, to this great Society, to our beloved country, and above all to be supremely loyal to Thee, our Heavenly Father, and may the words of our mouth and the meditation of our heart be acceptable in Thy sight, O Lord, our Strength and our Redeemer. We ask this mercy not in our own name, but in the name of Thy Son, Jesus Christ, who taught His disciples to pray: Our Father, (here the Board joined with the Chaplain General in repeating the Lord's Prayer).

The roll was called by the Recording Secretary General, the following members answering to their names:

The President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott; the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch. Vice-Presidents General: From Alabama, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith; Mississippi, Mrs. Egbert R. Jones; Virginia, Mrs. George S. Shackelford; District of Columbia, Mrs. George M. Sternberg; Vermont, Mrs. Emily P. S. Moor; Nebraska, Mrs. Andrew K.

Gault; the Chaplain General, Mrs. Thomas K. Noble; the Recording Secretary General, Miss Mary R. Wilcox; the Registrar General, Miss Grace M. Pierce; the Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. Mabel G. Swormstedt; the Treasurer General, Mrs. Lula R. Hoover; the Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Henry S. Bowron; the Librarian General, Mrs. Short Willis. State Regents: Connecticut, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel; District of Columbia, Mrs. George T. Smallwood; Illinois, Mrs. John C. Ames; Maine, Miss Louise Helen Coburn; Massachusetts, Mrs. James G. Dunning; Michigan, Mrs. James P. Brayton; New Jersey, Mrs. William Libby; New York, Mrs. Joseph S. Wood; Pennsylvania, Mrs. Allen Putnam Perley; South Dakota, Mrs. Robert Gamble; Virginia, Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison. Vice-Regents: North Carolina, Mrs. William N. Reynolds; Ohio, Mrs. Charles S. Dana; West Virginia, Mrs. George De Bolt.

The President General stated she had several sad announcements to make, one being the death of the mother of Mrs. Noyes, Vice-President General from Illinois; also the death of Mrs. Beverly Kennon, a direct descendant of Martha Washington (her mother having been a Custis), and that Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry had been appointed by the President General to represent the Society at the funeral, and to send flowers in the name of the Society. The third announcement was the death of Miss Mary Desha, one of the founders of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. In this connection the President General said:

"It is with profound emotion that I have to announce to you the death of a distinguished woman, Miss Mary Desha, who had the honor of being a founder of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

"She was born of a famous Kentucky family, inheriting rare qualities of mind and spirit, and passed the greater part of her life at the National Capital, where she participated with characteristic whole-hearted vigor in the various intellectual and patriotic activities of the city. A woman of strong feelings, ardently championing whatever causes she believed right, it seems as though her intensely active brain and emotional nature had worn out its tenement of clay before the allotted time.

"Her incisive intellect and unusual mastery of parliamentary law made her a recognized authority upon all parliamentary questions connected with the development of our great organization.

"To those who knew her in the intense activity of her busy life it seems difficult to realize that this ardent, energetic, indefatigable spirit is at last at rest.

"In this hour made solemn by the presence of death, 'The great Companion,' which sooner or later will beckon each one of us to leave all our earthly interests, and follow 'where beyond these voices there is peace,' may we lay aside whatever small differences may have divided us, and with hearts and minds free from 'the pride of man and the strife of tongues,' unite to honor in her death, this woman, who in her life never stinted of her time or energy or devotion, in the service of this great Society which she helped to found."

Proceeding, the President General stated that as soon as made aware of the death of Miss Desha she appointed a committee of the Chaplain General, Mrs. Noble, as Chairman; the State Regent of the District, Mrs. George T. Smallwood, and Mrs. Ben Johnson, State Regent of Kentucky, to make arrangements for the funeral; and a committee to prepare appropriate resolutions, with Mrs. Lockwood as Chairman, Miss Mary R. Wilcox, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Cyrus Backus, Vice-Regent of the Katherine Montgomery (Miss Desha's) Chapter; Mrs. Pulsifer, and Mrs. Henry Mann, of the District of Columbia. She said further that although not officially notified of Miss Desha's death until late the following morning, she at once proceeded, in company with Mrs. Dickinson, the wife of the Secretary of War, and Mrs. Ben Johnson, the State Regent of Kentucky, to Miss Desha's home to pay her respects to the deceased. There learning of a meeting called at the Librarian General's home to make arrangements for the funeral, she felt that Memorial Continental Hall was the proper place, and issued notices of the change of meeting place. The flag on the Hall was half-masted by order of the President General, with instructions that it remain at half-mast until after the funeral. A meeting was held, where Mrs. Lockwood offered beautiful resolutions. Through the efforts of Mrs. Dickinson a portion of the Marine Band was secured for the funeral.

The Librarian General here stated that the failure to notify the President General of Miss Desha's death was an inadvertence, as she had been erroneously informed that notice had been sent to the President General.

The State Regent of New York moved:

"That this Board extend through Mrs. Willis a vote of sincerest thanks and appreciation to those kind Samaritans who on Sunday last saw the sudden passing of our honored Founder, Miss Desha, and ministered unto her with tenderest respect."

The motion was seconded by the Vice-Regent from the District, and carried.

The Vice-President General from Mississippi offered the following motion, which was seconded by the State Regent from Virginia, and carried:

"That the Board extend thanks to Mrs. Dickinson for her gracious and kindly assist-

ance to the President General in connection with the arrangements for the funeral of Miss Desha, and especially for the securing of the Marine Band; and also to Mrs. Willis and all the others who so devotedly gave their services, responding so promptly and ably to the sudden call for their help; also to the clergymen, Rev. Dr. Charles Wood and Rev. S. Taylor, and to the Marine Band."

The Corresponding Secretary General then moved:

"That the Board indorse and authorize the financial arrangements for Miss Desha's funeral made at the meeting Monday, January 30."

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General from the District, and passed.

The President General further stated that a relative of Miss Desha, a member of her Chapter, had been commissioned, by unanimous vote, to accompany the remains to Kentucky.

The Recording Secretary General then read the minutes of the October Board meeting, which were approved.

The Registrar General then read the minutes of the adjourned meeting of October (at which she had been secretary *pro tem.*, the Recording Secretary General having been absent on account of sickness), and on motion, duly seconded, these were approved.

The Corresponding Secretary General called attention to the contract with the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, which calls for 96 pages, and to the fact that the minutes should be condensed as much as possible, as excess pages are charged for at the rate of \$3.25 per page.

A letter was read by the President General from the Regent of the Rebecca Motte Chapter, of Charleston, S. C., expressing sincere regret at the death of Miss Desha, and a telegram from Mrs. Walworth conveying deepest sympathy for her loss.

Upon request of the President General, a motion was passed authorizing her to have the minutes of the special meetings published in the magazine.

In accordance with the authority contained in the motion adopted at the last meeting of the Board,

"That the President General appoint a representative committee to sit upon this question of State Conference and report to the Board, that the Board may recommend to Congress," the President General announced the following committee to sit upon the question of State Conference: Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, Chairman; Mrs. Donald McLean, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. John F. Swift, Mrs. John T. Sterling, Mrs. Noble C. Shumway, and Mrs. S. B. C. Morgan.

The President General then reported on the final settlement with Norcross Brothers Company of affairs connected with the erection of Memorial Continental Hall, a settlement which had been pending for some time, with a possibility of its adjudication in court. An Advisory Board, composed of Messrs. Bernard R. Green, Chairman; Charles C. Glover, Gen. John M. Wilson, Charles J. Bell, Henry B. F. Macfarland, William D. Hoover, Gen. John

C. Bates, and Col. Spencer Cosby, was formed to counsel and aid the Committee on Continental Hall. This Board held ten or eleven meetings, and so ably adjusted matters that the President General was able to report the conclusion of a final agreement with Norcross Brothers for the payment of \$24,000 in settlement of their account. She read the following correspondence explaining matters, and asked authority from the Board to make the final settlement of \$24,000 in payment of Norcross Brothers.

(COPY.)

"WASHINGTON, D. C., January 6, 1911.

"Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, Washington, D. C.:

"Dear Madam:

"At a meeting of the Advisory Committee of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, held this morning at the Riggs National Bank, it was resolved, on the motion of Mr. C. C. Glover, seconded by Mr. M. D. Hoover:

"That the President General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution be advised that in the judgment of the Advisory Committee the counsel for the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution should be instructed to write Mr. O. W. Norcross, president of the Norcross Brothers Company, submitting the following as embodying the principle of settlement which should be adopted as to the liquidated damages provided for in the contract with the Norcross Brothers Company for the completion of the Continental Memorial Hall, namely:

"First. That a date be agreed upon as the date when the building was completed, as, for example, April 8, 1910, and that the terminal date of the period during which the liquidated damages accrued from April 10, 1909, the date when the building was to be completed under the contract.

"Second. That from the period during which the liquidated damages accrued should be deducted whatever time was lost by Norcross Brothers Company through the act of the architect or owner or in any manner provided for in the contract.

"Third. That in any event Norcross Brothers Company shall reimburse the Society for its actual expenditures for office rent for the period between April 10, 1909, and the terminal date within which liquidated damages were accrued.

"And that in submitting this plan of settlement the counsel shall state to Mr. Norcross that the claims in the letter of Norcross Brothers Company, by W. J. Denholm, vice-president, dated December 31, 1910, as to the period of time lost without fault on the part of Norcross Brothers Company will be given full and generous consideration, together with all other claims of a similar sort made by Norcross Brothers Company in making the deductions from the period during which liquidated dam-

ages accrued provided for in this plan of settlement.

Very respectfully,

"BERNARD R. GREEN,
"Chairman."

(COPY.)

"WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21, 1911.

"Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, Washington, D. C.:

"Dear Madam:

"At a meeting of the Advisory Committee, held this morning at Riggs National Bank, it was resolved, upon motion of General John M. Wilson, seconded by Mr. C. C. Glover:

"That the Advisory Committee approves the agreement made between W. J. Denholm, vice-president of Norcross Brothers Company, on behalf of Norcross Brothers Company, and Henry B. F. Macfarland, Counsel, and Bernard R. Green, Chairman of the Advisory Committee, on behalf of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, with respect to the pending account for the construction of Continental Hall, dated January 16, 1911, as follows:

"Memorandum of Agreement between W. J. Denholm, Vice-President of the Norcross Brothers Company, on behalf of the Norcross Brothers Company, and Henry B. F. Macfarland and Bernard R. Green, on behalf of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, with respect to the pending account for the construction of the Continental Hall.

"It is agreed that from the twelve-month period from April 10, 1909, to April 8, 1910, during which liquidated damages accrued, should be deducted nine months as time lost by Norcross Brothers Company from the various causes provided for in the contract, and that as a result \$4,500 shall be paid by the Norcross Brothers Company to the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution in full settlement of the claim of the Society under the contract referred to."

"That the Advisory Committee advises Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, to approve said agreement as furnishing under all the circumstances "a just and equitable settlement," in the language of Edward Pearce Casey, the architect under this contract.

"That the Advisory Committee takes this action believing that the settlement is made strictly upon the basis of the contract, and provides for the payment of liquidated damages as stipulated minus such allowance for time lost without fault of the Norcross Brothers Company as the contract contemplates, and that the amount actually to be paid by the Norcross Brothers Company covers fully all the expenses to which said Society was subjected by reason of the delay in the completion of the building."

"Very respectfully yours, etc.,

"BERNARD R. GREEN,
"Chairman Advisory Committee."

(COPY.)

"WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30, 1911.
 "Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, President General,
 N. S. D. A. R., Washington, D. C.:
 "Dear Mrs. Scott:

"I promised to give you an outline of the reasoning governing the Advisory Committee in reaching the conclusion they did for advising you as to a reasonable settlement of the contract with the Norcross Brothers Company for the completion of Memorial Continental Hall.

"By means of a very full hearing of the officers of the company and the architect through Mr. Macfarland, your counsel, and myself as representative of the Society, it appeared plainly that the original undertaking to complete the entire building in every respect within ten months was nearly an impossibility in itself. It transpired, moreover, that strikes at the works of the contractor, beyond his control, consuming altogether several weeks of time and exerting hurtful influence on the effective progress of the work, introduced vexations impediments. It also proved unexpectedly to be unusually difficult and time consuming to get from the quarry the proper selection and quality of marble required for the building, and especially for the main pediment containing the elaborately carved ornament therein.

"Some changes in the construction, found very desirable for its betterment, during the progress of the work caused other delays, and there were also certain extra items of work not pertaining to the original contract, introduced for the good of the building, as shown by the results, all operative more or less indirectly to retard the very rapid and unbroken progress of the work by which only would it have been at all possible to carry out the contract on time. The use of the building for the Society's Congress and otherwise, for which the contractor lent his assistance most considerately and effectively, also interrupted rather seriously the work.

"It is impossible to define and measure with precision the insidious effect of external and extraneous causes upon the progress of building work which is necessarily so complicated and ramifying as the conditions at Memorial Hall.

"The hearings and considerations on the part of Mr. Macfarland and myself were numerous, complicated, and painstaking in order to insure the conservation of the interests of the Society, and finally, after weighing all the facts, definite and indefinite, it was determined and agreed upon that the actual delay in the completion of the building beyond the contract time was twelve months, from which was subtracted nine months as covering the time practically allowable to the contractor for loss of time through causes beyond his control, as provided for in the terms of the contract. By the contract penalty of \$50 per day, this left practically the amount of \$4,500 to be paid by the contractor as recommended by the Advisory Committee.

"Very truly yours,
 BERNARD R. GREEN, Chairman."

The State Regent of Massachusetts moved the approval of the agreement and authorization of the President General to conclude the settlement. Motion was seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, and carried.

The President General stated that a penalty had been deducted of \$50 per day for three months, the time agreed upon by the Advisory Board and by the architect.

For legal services rendered by Mr. Henry B. F. Macfarland in connection with the settlement with Norcross Brothers (which counsel had been recommended by the Advisory Board), as shown by the following correspondence, the Librarian General moved:

"That the Treasurer General be empowered to pay to H. B. F. Macfarland seven hundred and fifty dollars for services as counsel, upon the authority of the President General."

The motion was seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, and carried.

Upon explanation by the President General of a bill for \$1,403.56 for steel stacks, etc., the certificate calling for \$1,200.04 for steel stacks and \$303.52 for expenses not specified in the certificate, it was moved by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, seconded by the Registrar General, and carried:

"That the President General is hereby authorized to pay all bills that have accrued in completing the Memorial Continental Hall."

Upon motion by the State Regent of Virginia, seconded by the State Regents of Pennsylvania and Connecticut and the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, the following resolutions were passed:

"Whereas, Mr. Bernard R. Green, Chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Continental Hall Committee of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, ably assisted by his colleagues in this lab... Messrs. Charles C. Glover, Gen. John M. Wilson, Charles J. Bell, Henry B. F. Macfarland, William D. Hoover, Gen. John C. Bates, and Col. Spencer Corly, have by their generous devotion to the interests of the Daughters of the American Revolution, rendered invaluable services to our National Society by helping us to arrive at a just and equitable settlement with Norcross Brothers Company; and

"Whereas, The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution must always feel deeply indebted to the members of this Advisory Committee for the time and energy which, without stint and without reward, they have devoted to the delicate task of arranging a satisfactory settlement of all the complicated questions that have arisen in connection with the completion of Continental Memorial Hall; and

"Whereas, The Society, feeling a profound sense of gratitude and obligation to every member of this board, and particularly to the legal counsel, Mr. Henry B. F. Macfarland, for the interest and skill manifested in the adjustment of these affairs; be it

"Resolved, That these resolutions be unanimously adopted by the National Board of Management, now in session, that the Board

indorses the personal thanks already sent to the members of the Advisory Committee by the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and orders that these resolutions together with her letter be embodied in the minutes of to-day's proceedings, and that a copy of the resolutions be sent to Messrs. Bernard R. Green and his associates on the committee."

"THE ARLINGTON, January 23, 1911.

"Mr. Bernard R. Green, Chairman Advisory Committee of Continental Hall Committee, N. S. D. A. R.:

"My Dear Mr. Green:

"Allow me, through you, to convey to the Advisory Committee my most grateful appreciation of their generous and skillful service in effecting the just and equitable settlement with Norcross Brothers Company, in behalf of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

"Words are inadequate to express to these gentlemen, to yourself, and to Mr. Macfarland—our legal counsel—my personal gratitude for your great interest in our affairs and for your painstaking, successful effort to adjust for us, satisfactorily, most difficult and delicate questions of equity and justice.

"Through eleven meetings of this committee you have borne our interest upon your hearts, and from your busy lives and your own absorbing affairs have taken time and given careful thought in order to arrange this final settlement for the N. S. D. A. R. in a friendly and amicable spirit that leaves no room for a single regret. I could not delay my personal expression of appreciation and gratitude, which I am sure is only anticipating the action of the National Board of Management, which meets on Wednesday, February the First.

Faithfully,

"(Signed) JULIA G. SCOTT,
"President General, N. S. D. A. R.
"(MRS. MATTHEW T.)"

The Vice-President General from the District referred to a resolution passed at the meeting of the Committee on Resolutions regarding the death of Miss Desha, that a memorial number of the magazine be issued, and after some discussion on the point that greater honor would be shown to her memory by issuing a separate memorial pamphlet, the following motion by the Chaplain General, seconded by the Librarian General and the Corresponding Secretary General, was passed:

"That a memorial pamphlet in honor of Miss Mary Desha be published under the direction of a committee appointed by the President General, authorized to make all arrangements and have all expenses paid."

In pursuance of this motion the President General appointed a committee, with the Chaplain General as Chairman, and the following members: Mrs. Lockwood; the Vice-President General from the District of Colum-

bia, Mrs. George M. Sternberg; the State Regent of the District, Mrs. George T. Smallwood; the State Regent of Kentucky, Mrs. Ben Johnson; the Recording Secretary General, Miss Mary R. Wilcox, and the Librarian General, Mrs. Short Willis.

The Recording Secretary General then read her report, as follows:

MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report that all the necessary routine work has been performed; notices of Board meetings and elections to membership in our National Society, signing of application papers, answering various letters and cards, signing charters, and preparing minutes of the Board meetings for submission for approval. The circular letter directed to be sent at our special meeting of December 7 last, regarding State Regents looking up dropped or strayed members, was promptly issued. The proposed amendments to our national by-laws, offered at the last Congress, are in form for printing.

Regrets for this meeting of the Board are received from Mrs. Williamson, of Mississippi; Mrs. Randall, of Texas; Mrs. Stilson, of California; Mrs. Fowler, of Indiana (because the ill health of her husband necessitated their going to California); Mrs. Day, of Tennessee; Mrs. Wheaton, of Colorado; Mrs. Truesdall, of Ohio; Mrs. Thom, of Maryland; Mrs. Sterling, of Connecticut (due to illness); Mrs. Abbott (due to illness), Mrs. Delafield, Mrs. Edwards, and Miss Benning.

On receiving news last October of the death of Senator Dolliver, whose wife was very recently our Historian General, a beautiful floral emblem was sent from my office, in the name of the National Society, to be in time for the funeral at Fort Dodge, and the following telegram:

"The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution learns of the death of Senator Dolliver with great sorrow, not only on account of our regard and affection for you, but also because of our personal friendship, admiration, and gratitude for him. Please accept our sincere sympathy.

"MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
"President General, N. S. D. A. R.

"MARY R. WILCOX,
"Recording Secretary General, N. S., D. A. R."

In response to our note of condolence to the Treasurer General in her hour of sorrow from the death of her sister, we have received a note saying she is grateful indeed and appreciates most deeply and sincerely our thought of her in the time of her affliction.

On learning of the death of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, in October last, our card of condolence was promptly sent to the family, and in response we have received the accompanying card:

We the children of Julia Ward Howe desire to express our heartfelt gratitude to the many friends whose tokens of sympathy for us and of tender reverence for our beloved mother have brought us comfort in our great bereavement.

HENRY MARION HOWE
FLORENCE HOWE HALL
LAURA ELIZABETH RICHARDS
MAUDE HOWE ELLIOTT

NEWPORT, R. I.
October, 1910

Year books are received from the William French Chapter, of Vermont; Cincinnati Chapter, of Ohio; Rumford Chapter, of New Hampshire; Benjamin Tallmadge Chapter, of Wisconsin; Springfield Chapter, of Illinois; Colorado Chapter, of Denver; the Rachel Donelson Chapter, of Springfield, Mo., the latter named in honor of my great-great-great aunt, the wife of General (President) Andrew Jackson, and the Council Bluffs Chapter, of Iowa. The flag salute of the Colorado Chapter being so inspiring, it is here repeated:

"One Flag, one land,
One heart, one hand,
One Nation—evermore!"

From Miss Temple is received the sketch of John Sevier, written by her father and edited by herself, being dedicated to the people of the Appalachian region. From Mrs. McCourt, President Minnesota Society, D. A. R. (incorporated), is received the "History of the Old Sibley House," it being the first stone house built in the State, with this unusual personal history: That in this house the Sibley children were born, strange to say, each in a different State, the boundaries of the States changing between the times of their births, one in Michigan, one in Wisconsin, one in Iowa, one in the Dakotas, one in Minnesota Territory, and one in Minnesota State—but all under the same roof. In connection with this, it is pleasant to note that Mrs. Wells writes that the Minnesota Daughters of the American Revolution have the legal technicalities of their ownership of Sibley House satisfactorily adjusted.

Notices are received presenting the names of Mrs. James P. Brayton, of Michigan; Mrs. Ben F. Gray, Jr., of Missouri; Mrs. R. H. Edmondson, of West Virginia; Mrs. Clayton R. Truesdall, of Ohio, and Miss Harriet I. Lake, of Iowa, for election to the office of Vice-President General.

I desire to commend the services of Mrs. Alice Fishburne, and to say that the work of my office would have been seriously handicapped without her. I have in my hand a sheaf of recommendations in her favor from various National officers, and I personally recommend that her valuable services be recognized and rewarded by an increase in salary

of \$10 per month, such promotion to take effect to-day.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

She also read a letter from the State Regent of Washington, regretting her inability to attend the meeting and asking if the National Society would be willing to issue cards of introduction for members traveling. It was decided that this matter should be left to the State Regents if the insignia was not considered sufficient introduction.

The Recording Secretary General also read letters regarding seats at the Congress when members are not present; from Mrs. Stilson regarding reciprocity luncheons, and regarding a song for which the writer desires recognition; also regarding some pictures of Memorial Continental Hall. These were referred to various committees.

Upon motion, duly seconded, the report of the Recording Secretary General was accepted and her recommendation approved for increase of salary of Mrs. Alice Fishburne from \$65 to \$75 per month, to take effect February 1.

The Corresponding Secretary General then read her report, as follows:

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL, NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The following report covers correspondence attended to and supplies sent from the office of the Corresponding Secretary General from October 1, 1910, to February 1, 1911:

Letters received.....	1,291
Letters written.....	1,422
Application blanks.....	15,359
Supplemental blanks.....	2,930
Contributions	1,586
Circular "How to Become a Member" ..	1,582
Miniature blanks.....	1,393
Officers' lists.....	1,433
Transfer cards.....	1,123

It is recommended that the clerk of this office, Miss Flora Fernald, who has served most acceptably and capably in charge of the affairs under her supervision, be promoted in salary to \$60 per month.

(Signed) MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,
Corresponding Secretary General, D. A. R.

Upon motion of the State Regent from Massachusetts, duly seconded, the report was accepted, with its recommendation.

The Registrar General asked permission to file a supplemental report, owing to the fact that the offices had been closed the day before in honor of Miss Desha, and then read the names of 505 applicants for admission to the Society.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, N. S. D.
 A. R., FEBRUARY 1, 1911.

**Madam President General, Members of the
 National Board of Management:**

I have the honor to report the following for the past month:

Applications presented to the Board.....	679
Supplemental applications verified.....	183
Original papers returned unverified.....	19
Supplemental papers returned unverified.....	32
Permits for the Insignia issued.....	265
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued.....	148
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued.....	125
Applications of Real Daughters presented.....	2
Certificates engrossed.....	524
Certificates issued.....	812
Number of letters, including duplicate papers issued.....	774
Number of cards.....	978
Original papers awaiting information.....	154
Supplemental papers awaiting information.....	
New records verified.....	554
Original papers awaiting notary's seal.....	163
Supplemental papers awaiting notary's seal.....	10
Total number of papers verified.....	877
Number of applications copied, 52 at 25 cents.....	\$13.00
Number of State Regents' lists copied, 1 at \$5.....	5.00
Total.....	\$18.00

Respectfully submitted,

Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon motion by the Chaplain General, duly seconded, the Recording Secretary General was instructed to cast the ballot for admission of these persons as members, which was done, and the President General declared them duly elected members of the Society.

Upon request from the Vice-President General from Nebraska, the Registrar General explained that in the early days of the Society, when requirements were more lax, members had been admitted upon incomplete data, which subsequent applicants upon these lines were requested to furnish.

Upon a question of privilege requested by the Vice-President General from Mississippi, which was moved and granted, she was given permission to have her report made the order of the day at three o'clock. As the Chalkley manuscripts were involved, the Librarian General asked that her report precede the report of the Vice-President General from Mississippi, who gave way, with the understanding that her report should follow that of the Librarian General.

The President General invited the Board to luncheon in the banquet room, and upon motion by the State Regent from New York, recess was taken until two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The President General called the meeting to order at two o'clock, and asked for the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

The Vice-President General from the District requested recognition in order to move the following vote of thanks to the President General, and the appointment of a committee to arrange for a luncheon for every Board meeting. The motion, seconded by the Chaplain General, was passed, as follows:

"That a vote of thanks be given our President General for her kind thought in providing a luncheon to-day, and also that a committee be appointed to arrange for a luncheon here every Board day and that each lady pay 25 cents for her luncheon."

The President General appointed a committee consisting of the Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. Swormstedt, Chairman; the Treasurer General, Mrs. Hoover, and the Registrar General, Miss Pierce.

The following report was read by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters:

**REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN
 CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS.**

FEBRUARY 1, 1911.

**Madam President General and Members of the
 National Board of Management:**

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Louise Brier Stratton, of Los Angeles, Cal.
Miss Ethelwyn Bassett Hall, of Washington, D. C.
Mrs. Harriet Page Byrd Ramage, of Washington, D. C.
Mrs. Anna Jeffers Stout, of Washington, D. C.
Miss Anna Webster Lytle, of Lewiston, Idaho.
Mrs. Dixie May Cornell Gebhardt, of Knoxville, Iowa.
Mrs. Cora E. Burbank Plummer, of Dexter, Maine.
Mrs. Mary T. Barker, of Chevy Chase, Md.
Mrs. Mary Weatherby Patton, of Arlington, Md.
Mrs. Ida Aileen Howell Tye, of Pickens, Miss.
Dr. Phoebe A. Oliver Briggs, of South Danville, N. Y.
Mrs. Eliza Wiley, of Durham, N. C.
Mrs. Eva Chenoweth Robinson, of Harrisville, W. Va.

(Confirmed February 2.)

Mrs. Caroline F. E. B. Greigor, of Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Bessie Wilkins, of Eastman, Ga.

And the reappointment of:

Mrs. Winna Thomas Morgan, of Trinidad, Colo.

Miss Carolyn White, of Dillon, Mont.

The Board is also asked to authorize the formation of Chapters at South Bend, Ind.; Sullivan, Ind.; Marcy, N. Y., and Lincolnton, N. C.

The Regency of Mrs. Emma Garrick Ford, of Middleboro, Ky., has expired by time limitation.

Letters received.....	132
Letters written.....	150
Charter lists written for.....	74
Officers' lists received.....	24

Charters issued.....	7
Chapter Regents' commissions issued.....	10
The card catalogue reports:	
Member's cards.....	681
Corrections.....	236
Deaths.....	36
Dropped.....	9
Marriages.....	38
Resignations.....	16
Reinstatements.....	17
Admitted to membership, January 11, 1911.....	83,677
Actual membership, January 11, 1911.....	66,074

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH.

The report was accepted, upon motion duly seconded and carried. The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters presented the resignation of her clerk,

Miss Harper, and upon motion, seconded, the resignation was accepted.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters asked authority to employ Mrs. Florence Wiber, and, although in view of her capability it was desired to make her salary larger, the usual practice was followed in justice to other clerks, and the following motion by the Vice-President General from the District, seconded by the State Regent from Pennsylvania, was passed:

"That the salary for the clerk in the office of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters be one dollar a day until her efficiency has been proven."

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization asked authority to employ Miss Elizabeth Guy for credential work, at one dollar per day; motion passed.

The report of the Treasurer General was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

October 1, 1910—January 28, 1911.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, September 30, 1910..... \$10,544.98

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$9.505, less \$500 refunded.....	\$9,005.00
Initiation fees, \$2,531, less \$31 refunded.....	2,500.00
Certificates—members and life members.....	14.00
Current interest.....	70.26
D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution.....	11.26
Directory.....	12.10
Duplicate papers.....	57.00
Early history.....	.60
Exchange.....	.96
Lineage books.....	133.20
Magazine.....	435.63
Office furniture—sale of desks and typewriter.....	28.00
Ribbon.....	25.91
Stationery.....	51.45
Statute books.....	.92
Telephone pay stations.....	7.17
Rosettes.....	2.79
Proceedings, Nineteenth Continental Congress.....	2.66
General expense—Amount found in former Curator's desk, December 14, 1909.....	48
	\$12,359.39
	12,359.39
	\$22,904.37

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Clerical service.....	\$65.00
Typewriter paper.....	3.15
	\$68.15

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.	
Clerical service.....	\$390.00
Engrossing charters and commissions.....	28.00
Sundries.....	27.15

446.05

Office of Recording Secretary General.	
Clerical service.....	\$397.50
Cards.....	31.75
Sundries.....	35.41

464.66

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerical service.....	\$175.00	
Application blanks, lists, cards, and postage.....	331.25	
Sundries	8.66	
		514.91

Office of Registrar General.

Clerical service.....	\$1,625.64	
Binding 30 volumes.....	71.25	
Postals and printing.....	36.30	
Sundries	9.54	
		1,742.73

Office of Treasurer General.

Clerical service.....	\$1,784.14	
Bills, circulars, and cards.....	61.50	
Sundries	5.79	
		1,851.43

Office of Historian General.

Clerical service.....	\$525.00	
Freight, expressage, and postage.....	47.58	
Sundries	17.05	
		589.63

Office of Assistant Historian General.

Clerical service.....	\$97.50	
Twelfth D. A. R. Report.....	92.81	
		190.31

Office of Librarian General.

Clerical service.....	\$225.00	
Thirteen new volumes, and binding 27 volumes.....	56.87	
Sundries	13.91	
		295.78

Certificate.

Clerical service.....	\$225.00	
Seals, tubes, and engrossing certificates.....	258.67	
Postage, expressage, and freight.....	328.27	
		811.94

Chalkley Manuscript.

Clerical service.....	\$222.50	
Storage and rent of typewriter.....	19.50	
		242.00

Magazine.

Extra clerical service.....	\$250.74	
Editorial and Genealogical departments.....	419.97	
October, November, December and January numbers.....	1,025.83	
Adjustments and commission on "ads".....	84.63	
Sundries	208.27	
		1,989.44

General Office.

Clerical service.....	\$360.80	
Messenger	81.45	
22,000 stamped envelopes.....	475.68	
Committee, Conservation.....	39.79	
Committee, Continental Hall.....	40.17	
Committee, Ways and Means.....	15.00	
Committee, Patriotic Education.....	207.35	
Committee, Publication.....	15.00	
Committee, Supervision.....	.34	
Committee, Yorktown-Jamestown Military Road.....	10.00	
Water, ice, and towel service.....	61.17	
Sundries	146.21	
		1,452.96

Continental Hall.

Superintendent, watchman, janitor, fireman, telephone operator, and housekeeper.....	\$1,017.50	
Guide, doorkeeper, carpenter, and charwomen.....	1,009.76	
Electric current and coal.....	460.17	
Sundries	423.44	
		2,919.87

Support, Real Daughters.

Support for October, November, December, and January.....	\$1,096.00
	1,096.00

Twentieth Continental Congress.

Clerical service.....	\$52.36
Credential circulars and envelopes.....	53.76
	106.12

State Regents' Postage.

For 12 State Regents.....	\$100.00
	100.00

Auditing Accounts.

Treasurer and Curator, 4 months.....	\$200.00
Account special examination from 1894 to date.....	2,750.00
	2,950.00

Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment.

Three typewriters.....	\$263.25
Screens, shades, and blinds.....	1,461.75
Sundries.....	44.75
	1,769.75

Telephone.

Telephone service, 4 months.....	\$124.99
	124.99
	19,726.72

Balance on hand January 28, 1911.....	
On deposit in.....	

National Metropolitan Bank.....	\$3,157.35
Washington Loan and Trust Company Bank.....	20.30
	3,177.65

Petty cash fund.....	175.00	\$175.00	\$175.00
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Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, September 30, 1910.....	\$58.06
Interest.....	.58
	58.64
	58.64

On hand January 28, 1911.....	
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Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean Historical Fund.			
As at last report, September 30, 1910.....	\$1,432.47	\$1,432.47	\$1,432.47

Franco-American Fund.

Lafayette Memorial Commission.....	\$211.36
Expenditures:	
Wreath and ribbon, Lafayette statue.....	\$13.50
	197.86

Balance on hand January 28, 1911.....	
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*Patriotic Education Fund.**RECEIPTS.*

Centennial State Chapter, Colorado.....	\$5.00
Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Connecticut.....	50.00
Mrs. Eben Clark, of Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Connecticut.....	50.00
Mary Clapp Wooster Chapter, Connecticut.....	25.00
Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, Connecticut.....	75.00
Mrs. Seymour, of Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, Connecticut.....	25.00
Moline Chapter, Illinois.....	10.00
Spirit of '76 Chapter, Louisiana.....	5.00
Molly Stark Chapter, New Hampshire.....	25.00
Fort McArthur Chapter, Ohio.....	10.00
Miami Chapter, Ohio.....	5.00
Nathaniel Massie Chapter, Ohio.....	10.00
Brookville Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	5.00
DuBois Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	10.00
Fort McIntosh Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	1.00
George Clymer Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	50.00
Moshannon Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	2.00
Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania.....	25.00

<i>Daniel Morgan Chapter, South Carolina</i>	50.00
<i>Kate Barry Chapter, South Carolina</i>	10.00
<i>Samuel Bacot Chapter, South Carolina</i>	10.00
<i>Narcissa Whitman Chapter, Washington</i>	10.00
	<u>468.00</u>
	<u>\$468.00</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

<i>Martha Berry School, Rome, Ga.</i>	\$282.00
<i>Maryville College, Maryville, Tenn.</i>	150.00
<i>Southern Industrial Educational Association</i>	26.00
	<u>458.00</u>
	<u>458.00</u>

Balance on hand January 28, 1911..... \$10.00

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE PERMANENT FUND.
Balance in banks at last report, September 30, 1910..... \$4,250.17

RECEIPTS.

<i>Charter fees</i>	\$100.00	\$100.00
<i>Life membership fees</i>	900.00	900.00

Continental Hall Contributions.

<i>Gaviota Chapter, account furnishing room, California</i>	25.00
<i>La Puerta del Oro Chapter, account table for room, California</i>	75.00
<i>Santa Ysabel Chapter, chair for room, California</i>	25.00
<i>Mrs. Maria B. Wheaton, of Colorado Chapter, account plate for box, Colorado</i>	10.00
<i>Phoebe Humphrey Chapter, account bronze doors, Connecticut</i>	5.00
<i>Mrs. Charles H. Pinney, of Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, through President General, for banquet hall, Connecticut</i>	50.25
<i>Mary Bartlett Chapter, sale of souvenir blotters, District of Columbia</i>	1.00
<i>Mary Washington Chapter, account furnishing library, District of Columbia</i>	114.10
<i>Mrs. Helen P. Kane, District of Columbia</i>	4.00
<i>Christ Child Society, District of Columbia</i>	20.00
Found in hall, District of Columbia.....	.20
<i>Jacksonville Chapter, two extra plates for platform chairs, Florida</i>	1.70
<i>Rebecca Parke Chapter, account banquet hall, Illinois</i>	50.00
<i>Mrs. George L. Lawrence, of Rebecca Parke Chapter, account banquet hall, Illinois</i>	50.00
<i>Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter, account banquet hall, Illinois</i>	100.00
<i>Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter, account banquet hall, Illinois</i>	100.00
<i>Lincoln Chapter, Illinois</i>	10.00
<i>Gen. Arthur St. Clair Chapter, locks for cabinet, Indiana</i>	7.50
<i>Richmond Chapter, account table-cover for room, Indiana</i>	10.00
<i>Council Bluffs Chapter, account desk for room, Iowa</i>	20.00
<i>Kentucky Chapters, account bust of Isaac Shelby, Kentucky</i>	198.50
<i>Lexington Chapter, account bust of Isaac Shelby, Kentucky</i>	1.50
<i>Baltimore Chapter, account banquet hall, Maryland</i>	100.00
<i>Mrs. Tabitha J. Hance, of Baltimore Chapter, Maryland</i>	10.00
<i>Mrs. Burton W. Potter, of Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter, account chair for box, Massachusetts</i>	10.00
<i>Michigan Chapters, account coverings for draperies in room, Michigan</i>	15.00
<i>Mrs. James P. Brayton, of Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, Michigan</i>25
<i>Capt. Richard Somers Chapter, account stairway, Minnesota</i>	5.00
<i>Colonial Chapter, account stairway, Minnesota</i>	50.00
<i>Distaff Chapter, account stairway, Minnesota</i>	40.00
<i>Nathan Hale Chapter, account stairway, Minnesota</i>	38.00
<i>Rebecca Prescott Sherman Chapter, account stairway, Minnesota</i>	10.00
Twenty-four members of <i>Deborah Avery Chapter, Nebraska</i>	50.00
<i>New Jersey Chapters, account portrait in New Jersey room, New Jersey</i>	100.00
<i>Charlotte Chapter, account column, North Carolina</i>	10.00
<i>Elizabeth Maxwell Steele Chapter, account column, North Carolina</i>	15.00

<i>Fort Dobbs Chapter</i> , account column, North Carolina.....	10.00
Miss E. MacRae, of <i>Fort Dobbs Chapter</i> , account column, North Carolina.....	10.00
<i>Miles Harvey Chapter</i> , account column, North Carolina.....	30.00
<i>Whitmel Blount Chapter</i> , account column, North Carolina.....	25.00
Mrs. William N. Reynolds, of <i>Gen. Joseph Winston Chapter</i> , account column, North Carolina.....	5.00
Mrs. William P. Mercer, account column, North Carolina.....	.25
<i>Ohio Chapters</i> , account room, Ohio.....	0.28
<i>Fort McArthur Chapter</i> , account room, Ohio.....	8.75
Return <i>Jonathan Meigs Chapter</i> , account room, Ohio.....	5.00
Mrs. W. W. Bolles, for expressage on fireback, Ohio.....	2.59
<i>Liberty Bell Chapter</i> , account banquet hall, Pennsylvania.....	20.00
<i>Presque Isle Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania.....	20.00
<i>Tioga Chapter</i> , bronze coat-of-arms in vestibule, memorial to Mrs. Maurice, Regent, Pennsylvania.....	119.35
<i>Lewis Malone Ayer Chapter</i> , chair for banquet hall, South Car- olina.....	17.50
<i>Col. Hardy Murfree Chapter</i> , account table for room, Ten- nessee.....	25.75
<i>Commodore Perry Chapter</i> , account desk for room, Tennessee.....	59.75
<i>Cumberland Chapter</i> , account rug for room, Tennessee.....	36.00
<i>David Craig Chapter</i> , account furnishing room, Tennessee.....	15.00
<i>Old Glory Chapter</i> , account furnishing room, Tennessee.....	11.00
<i>Shelby Chapter</i> , account furnishing room, Tennessee.....	10.00
Mrs. Pearl G. Clement, Texas.....	.25
<i>Col. John Evans Chapter</i> , account room, West Virginia.....	3.85
Interest on permanent fund.....	119.35
Commission on Recognition Pins.....	48.50
Commission on Insignia.....	46.50
Commission on Spoons.....	33.69
Commission on Record Shields.....	3.00
Commission on "The Constitution and Its Framers".....	.50
Use of hall, American Humane Society.....	14.20
Use of hall, Christ Child Society.....	25.00
Use of hall, American Red Cross Society.....	60.00
Use of hall, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.....	35.00
Sale of 50 chairs (rent of which was placed to permanent fund).....	5.00
Rent of benches—Van Steuben ceremonies.....	18.00
Bills payable—4th and 5th installments on \$200,000 loan.....	7,000.00
	132.19
	\$134.20
	\$10,185.96
	\$14,436.13

EXPENDITURES.

Balance due on busts.....	\$3,000.00
Material for lockers and workshop.....	63.54
Galvanized iron boiler and heater.....	81.05
Cable and putting electric system in order.....	44.30
Floor in Registrar General's office.....	38.50
Switches, fuses, screws, cord, and labor.....	20.03
Interest on \$155,000 loan.....	3,794.44
Rug, curtains, pole, and rods, <i>Alabama Chapters</i> room, Alabama	243.20
Rugs and 2 rockers, <i>District of Columbia Chapters</i> room, Dis- trict of Columbia.....	68.80
Chair for platform, <i>Margaret Whetten Chapter</i> , District of Columbia.....	30.00
3 rugs, hassock, draperies, mirror, and supervision of work, <i>Mary Washington Chapter</i> , library, District of Columbia.....	884.35
2 plates for platform chairs, <i>Jacksonville Chapter</i> , Florida.....	1.70
Bookcase and expressage, <i>Illinois Chapters</i> room, Illinois.....	16.90
Locks on cabinet, <i>Gen. Arthur St. Clair Chapter</i> room, Indiana.....	9.50
6 chairs, <i>Iowa Chapters</i> , for room, Iowa.....	49.88
Cards for cabinet and covers for draperies, <i>Michigan Chapters</i> room, Michigan.....	23.50
Table and 2 chairs for platform, <i>Mississippi Chapters</i> , Missis- sippi	175.00

Furniture covers and hauling desk, <i>Missouri Chapters</i> room, Missouri	20.90	
Plate for platform chair, <i>New Hampshire Chapters</i> , New Hampshire	7.00	
Portrait, Francis Hopkinson, <i>New Jersey Chapters</i> room, New Jersey	100.00	
Locks and expressage, <i>New York Chapters</i> room, New York.	5.35	
Expressage on fireback, Mrs. W. W. Bolles, Ohio.....	2.59	
Bronze coat-of-arms in vestibule, memorial to Mrs. Maurice, Regent, <i>Tioga Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania.....	119.35	
33 platform chairs.....	330.00	
		<u>\$9,129.88</u>
Balance on hand January 28, 1911.....		<u>\$9,129.88</u>
On deposit in		
American Security and Trust Company Bank.....		<u>\$5,306.25</u>
National Savings and Trust Company Bank.....		<u>\$3,212.26</u>
		<u>2,093.99</u>
		<u>\$5,306.25</u>
Cash balance on deposit in banks, January 28, 1911.....		<u>\$5,300.25</u>
PERMANENT INVESTMENTS.		
\$25,000 par value R. R. bonds, cost.....		<u>\$24,477.10</u>
Less net proceeds from sale of \$10,000 par value U. P. R. R. bonds		<u>\$10,298.50</u>
Less net proceeds from sale of \$10,000 par value B. & O. R. R. bonds		<u>10,259.89</u>
Less net proceeds from sale of \$2,000 par value C. & A. R. R. bonds		<u>1,603.87</u>
		<u>22,162.26</u>
		<u>2,314.84</u>
Total permanent fund, cash and investments.....		<u>\$7,621.09</u>

Respectfully submitted,

LULA REEVE HOOVER,
Treasurer General, N. S., D. A. R.

Upon motion by the State Regent of New York, seconded, the report was accepted, with the correction offered by the Registrar General that the charge to the certificate division was not authorized by the Registrar General, but by the acting chairman of the Supervision Committee.

The Treasurer General then read the list of twenty-one members to be resigned, these resignations being accepted upon motion duly seconded; also a list of twenty-eight members deceased, and upon the call of the President General the Board arose in token of sympathy and respect.

The Treasurer General read the names of two members to be dropped at their own request; and of 289 members to be dropped for non-payment of dues, and these actions were taken upon motion by the Assistant Historian General, duly seconded.

A list of sixteen members to be reinstated was read by the Treasurer General, and their reinstatement was moved, seconded and carried.

The following report of the Historian General was read by the Registrar General, who stated that the Historian General had been in poor health for the past two months, but was now much improved and would soon be with the Board again.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL,
N. S. D. A. R.

February 1, 1911.

Madam President General and Ladies of the
National Board:

I regret that my long continued illness prevents my meeting with you this morning, but I feel sure the report I give of my office will be satisfactory and hope my recommendations will meet with your approval.

I present to you the thirty-first volume of the Lineage Book. The thirty-second volume will be sent to the publisher the last of the month, as we are now waiting for replies to letters. The thirty-third volume Miss Finckel has prepared for the compiler, has copied from the records and compared with the card catalogue. She has addressed to the Daughters enrolled in this thirty-first volume the postal cards notifying them of its publication, and has commenced the copying of some four hundred pension records which Mrs. Johnston has taken from the originals in the Pension Office. As soon as possible, with her other duties, she will put them in book form and index for the library. The Librarian General has placed with her own hands the index

of Revolutionary pensioners in the book card catalogue of the library. As Mrs. Johnston takes the name of every Revolutionary soldier who testifies for his comrade in these pension papers their names will also be indexed, and there will result a valuable catalogue open to all who wish to refer to it in view of joining the organization.

The index to the thirty-first volume, which I present to you this morning, is the first index that has ever been made in office hours by Miss Finckel. In the thirty previous volumes Mrs. Johnston has worked upon the indexes at night and on Sundays, and often times her friends have assisted her so as to avoid the necessity of extra help and save an additional expense to the Society. Now this department devolves entirely upon Miss Finckel.

It is impossible to relieve Mrs. Johnston of outside work. Her entire time in office is taken up with research work. Comparing the typewriting and the reading of proof must be done in the evening at home, so as to escape interruptions. In no other way can she accomplish not only what is expected of her, but also keep the books up to the standard. For she is responsible for their contents. During my illness I have been requested to report why Mrs. Johnston is not on the time-list; it is said that no minutes can be found giving her such liberty. I do not call it "liberty" to work day and night through fifteen years for an organization to bring its Lineage Book to the standard it now holds. She herself at first doubted her ability to insure its present trustworthiness. She was persuaded to undertake it. At that time we had no time-list. I was Librarian General and when the list was made Mrs. Johnston was not included, for then as now she was working days and nights and Sundays.

Now, when I am ill and helpless, in my enforced absence, without any consultation with me, she has been tagged and numbered and given a pad on which to record her daily movements. I am sure it is only necessary for me to call your attention to this discourtesy to me, to this slur upon a faithful worker, in order to have it remedied. I trust that the ladies of this Board, in whom only rests the legal conduct of our affairs, will agree with me that Mrs. Johnston should rather receive the thanks of this organization whose confidence she has certainly earned. You may be sure she will always have to work overtime, and will never take advantage of her "liberty" in any way.

I wish to bring to your attention another matter, the distribution, or rather non-distribution of the Lineage Books to the Chapters in this District. In our early years, when new Chapters were forming rapidly, this question

was left to the discretion of the Historian General. Investigations made by that officer showed that four Chapters had ever claimed them regularly, and the Chapters which had spasmodically taken an occasional volume did not know where they were. (The Mary Washington Chapter has given what they had to my office, so that I have a complete set to work with.) Since that investigation my predecessors have refused the Lineage Book to the Chapters in the District. And during my administration it has been my unpleasant duty to resist several such demands. My successor will not have my experience in the Society or my knowledge of the conditions and the precedents, and for her sake I hope this Board will in this matter sustain the action of myself in following that of my predecessors, as these volumes can be found in several libraries, and where the greatest collection of such records in existence is centered, here in Memorial Continental Hall.

I am sure that you will all enjoy with me a recent acquisition of the Historian General's room. Some years ago, long before the Continental Hall was anywhere near completion, Mrs. Hitchcock, of Toledo, Ohio, obtained the promise of a valuable relic—the iron fire-back which was in the fireplace of the old house at Hingham, Mass., in which General Lincoln had his home during the Revolution. This fire-back was placed in the care of the Curator of the old State House in Boston until such time as it could be set in Continental Hall. For some years it was almost forgotten and was sent to several expositions without her knowledge. This last fall my attention was brought to the matter and I instructed the Curator to forward it. He has done so and it may now be seen in my room—the Ohio room.

Respectfully submitted,
GERTRUDE B. DARWIN, *Historian General.*

The Librarian General moved the acceptance of the report with great thanks, and sincere regret for the illness of the Historian General. The motion was seconded and carried.

The State Regent of Massachusetts requested, on behalf of her Chapters, that the fire-back be removed from the Ohio room, where it remains temporarily, and placed in the banquet hall. If this action could not be taken, she was informed that the gift was to revert to the heirs and go to the Lincoln House. The matter was referred to the Continental Hall Committee.

The Assistant Historian General read her report, as follows, stating at its conclusion that she desired to relinquish her share in the services of the clerk of the Recording Secretary General, as her work could be done at less expense by hiring typewriters in her own city and under her personal supervision.

The State Regent of Virginia moved:

"That the report be accepted with thanks to the Assistant Historian General for her splendid management." Motion carried.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The twelfth annual report, which was reported as accepted and ordered printed to the Nineteenth Continental Congress, went to press very quickly and on May 21 the proof was received in New York. Though expecting to sail for a six months trip abroad on May 28, the Assistant Historian read carefully, herself, the proof and left the corrections in the hands of an efficient stenographer and typewriter in New York. The result shows the work was well done and at an expense for indexing of \$50 to the Society. A letter to State Regents, Chapter Regents and a revised blank was prepared for the thirteenth annual report, proof corrected, and by October 1 fifty letters had been written to State Regents and 1122 letters inclosing blanks to Chapter Regents.

The Assistant Historian General received many reports before returning home, and to date has received 675 Chapter reports and 40 replies from State Regents.

Six hundred postals have been sent personally by the Assistant Historian General and two hundred letters written.

The thirteenth annual report is nearing completion, with the most satisfactory results from the new form of blanks.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZABETH M. BOWRON,
Assistant Historian General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Librarian General read the following report (see end of report).

REPORT OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL, N. S. D. A. R.

February 1, 1911.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions since the October meeting:

BOOKS.

Revolutionary Soldiers of Litchfield County, Conn. Compiled and presented by the Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter.

Twenty Volumes of Congressional Reports. Various dates. Received in exchange from Mr. James W. Cheney, Librarian War Department Library.

Checklist of Public Documents Containing Debates and Proceedings of Congress from the First to Fifty-third Congress. Washington, 1895. Received in exchange from Mr. James W. Cheney.

Publications Ohio State Archaeological and Historical Society. 18 vols. Columbus. Presented by the Honorable F. W. Treadway.

Record of the Harris Family Descended from John Harris, Born 1680, in Wiltshire, England. By Joseph Smith Harris. Philadelphia, 1903.

Notes on the Ancestry of the Children of Joseph Smith Harris and Delia Silliman Brodhead. By Joseph Smith Harris. Philadelphia, 1898.

Collateral Ancestry of Stephen Harris, Born September 4, 1798, and of Marianne Smith, Born April 2, 1805. By Joseph Smith Harris. Philadelphia, 1908. The last three volumes presented by Mrs. Joseph Smith Harris.

Zimmerman, Waters, and Allied Families. By Dorothy E. Z. Allen. n. d. Presented by the author.

Giles Carter, of Virginia: A Genealogical Memoir. By William Giles Harding Carter. Presented by author.

Street Genealogy. By Mary A. Street. Exeter, 1895. Presented by Mrs. Helen Street Ranney.

Cummings Memorial: A Genealogical History of the Descendants of Isaac Cummings, an Early Settler of Topsfield, Mass. By George Moor. New York, 1903. Presented by Captain Henry Cummings.

Arms and Pedigree of Kingdon-Gould, of New York and Georgian Court, Lakewood, N. J., Showing Descent from John Kingdon, of Coleridge, County Devon, England, Esquire (1596); a Cadet of the House of Kingdon, of Trewhunsey, Quethiock, County Cornwall (12th Century). Published by the Grafton Press, New York, 1906. Presented by Mrs. George Gould.

History of the Kimball Family in America. By L. A. Morrison and S. P. Sharpless. 2 vols. Boston, 1897. Purchased.

John Price, the Emigrant, and Some of His Descendants. By Benjamin Luther Price. Alexandria, La., 1910. Received from the author in exchange.

Descendants of Edward Small, of New England. Compiled by Lora Althea Woodbury Underhill. 3 vols. Cambridge, 1910. Presented by the author.

Historical Collections of the Joseph Habersham Chapter. Vol. 3. Atlanta, 1910. Purchased.

Pioneers of Old Hopewell, N. J. Compiled by Ralph Ege. Hopewell, 1908. Purchased.

Intimate Life of Alexander Hamilton. By Allen McLane Hamilton. New York, 1910. Presented by the Alexander Hamilton Chapter.

Grafton Index of Titles of Books and Magazine Articles on History, Genealogy and Biography Printed in the United States on American Subjects During the Year 1909. Arranged under one alphabet. New York, 1910. Purchased.

List of American and English Genealogies in the Library of Congress. Washington, 1910. Received in exchange.

History of Chautauqua County, N. Y. By Andrew W. Young. Buffalo, 1875.

Early History of Ellicott, Chautauqua County, N. Y. By G. W. Hazeltine. 1887. The last two volumes presented by Mr. Willis Tew.

History of Truro Parish, Va. By Philip Slaughter. Philadelphia, 1908. And

Sketch of Fairfax County, Va. 1907. Both presented by Mrs. W. E. Callender for "the Virginia shelf."

The German Element of the Shenandoah Valley. By John Walter Wayland. Charlottesville, 1907. Presented by Massanutton Chapter for "the Virginia shelf."

Gazetteer and Business Directory of Addison County, Vermont. Compiled by Hamilton Child. Syracuse, 1882.

Rolls of the Soldiers of Vermont in the Revolutionary War, 1775 to 1783. Compiled by John E. Goodrich. Rutland, 1904. The last two presented by Mrs. Clayton North for "the Vermont shelf."

Record Book of the Old Dutch Church, Sleepy Hollow, Westchester County, N. Y. Compiled and edited by David Cole. Yonkers, 1901. Received in exchange.

Historic Sullivan: A History of Sullivan County, Tennessee, with Brief Biographies of the Makers of History. By Oliver Taylor. Bristol, Tenn., 1909. Presented by the author.

Documentary History of the Dutch Church, Oyster Bay, Nassau County, N. J. By Henry A. Stoutenburgh. Bound in two volumes. Purchased.

Historic Huntingdon, Pa. Prepared by the Historical Committee of Old Home Week Association, Huntingdon, 1909. Presented by Livingston Manor Chapter through Mrs. Brumbaugh.

The Historic Mohawk. By Mary Riggs Diefendorf. New York, 1910. Presented by the author.

The Founding of Harman's Station, with an Account of the Indian Captivity of Mrs. Jennie Wiley, and the Exploration and Settlement of the Big Sandy Valley in the Virginias and Kentucky. By William Elsey Connelley. New York, 1910. Presented by Miss Edith M. Connelley.

International Dictionary of the English Language. Springfield, 1907. Presented by Miss Mary Desha.

Hammond's Modern Atlas. New York, 1907. Presented by Miss Mary Desha.

Journals of the Continental Congress, 1774-1789. (4) Vols. 13-16. Washington, 1909-1910. Purchased.

Report on the "Star Spangled Banner," "Hail Columbia" and Other National Songs.

Compiled by Oscar G. T. Sonneck. Washington, 1909. Library of Congress Publication. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

Journal of the Yukon, 1847-1848. Being Publication No. 4 of the Canadian Minister of Agriculture. Presented by the Canadian Archivist.

Manual of the City of New York. Compiled by D. T. Valentine. New York, 1865. Purchased.

Journal of Larocque. Ottawa, 1910. Presented by the Canadian Archivist.

Register and Manual of the State of Connecticut. Hartford, 1910. Received in exchange.

Minutes of Commissioners for Detecting and Defeating Conspiracies in the State of New York. Vol. 3. Albany. Received in exchange.

Reminiscences of Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1749-1907. Compiled by the Swe-kat-si Chapter. New York, 1907. Presented by Mrs. Mary Magone Haskell.

Early Records of the Town of Providence, R. I. Providence, 1909. Presented by Mrs. Joshua Wilbour.

North Carolina State Records. Vol. 22. Goldsboro, 1907. Purchased.

Inventory of Military Documents, Publications, Canadian Archives. Ottawa, 1910. Presented by Canadian Archivist.

Proceedings of the New York State Historical Association. Vol. 9. Glens Falls, 1910. Received in exchange.

Publications of the American Jewish Historical Society. Vol. 19. New York, 1910. Presented by the Society.

Collections and Proceedings of the Maine Historical Society. Second series, Vol. 4. Received in exchange.

Year Book of the Massachusetts Society, Sons of the American Revolution, for 1910. Presented by the Society through Miss Grace Pierce.

Year Book of the National Society, Sons of the American Revolution. Baltimore, 1910. Received in exchange.

Register of the California Society of Colonial Wars for 1910. Presented by the Society.

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography. Vol. 18. Richmond, 1910. Purchased.

American Monthly Magazine. Vol. 36. Washington, 1910. Presented by the Society.

William and Mary College Quarterly. Vol. 18. Richmond, 1910. Purchased.

Texas State Historical Association Quarterly. Vol. 13. Austin, 1910. Received in exchange.

American Catholic Historical Researches. Vol. 5. New series. Philadelphia, 1910. Received in exchange.

New England Family History. Vol. 3. New York, 1910. Purchased.

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record. Vol. 41. New York, 1910. Received in exchange.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Vol. 64. Boston, 1910. Received in exchange.

Journal of American History. Vol. 4. Presented by Mrs. Joshua Wilbour.

PAMPHLETS.

Minutes of the Smyser Family Celebration, York, Pa., 1846. Presented by Mrs. Clayton Emig.

Samuel Carey, Participant in the Massacre of Wyoming, July 3, 1778, and Six Years a Prisoner with the British and Indians. By John Miner Carey Marble. Presented through Miss Grace Pierce.

Richard Ingersoll, of Salem, Mass. By A. W. Greeley. Salem, 1909. Presented by Major General A. W. Greeley.

History of the National Society, Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America. Washington, 1909. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

Year Book of National Society, Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America. Washington, 1910. Presented by Mrs. Henry V. Boynton.

"Old Skowhegan." By Lillian C. Smith and Louise H. Coburn. Skowhegan, 1910. Presented by Miss Louise H. Coburn.

Lafayette and the Rustic Rambler. By Eudorus C. Kenney. Cortland, 1907. Presented by the author. 2 copies.

Fling Out the Stars and Stripes. By Eudorus C. Kenney. Presented by the author. 2 copies.

Programme for Grand Army Flag Day in Rhode Island for 1902-1910. Nine numbers. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

Year Books have been received from fifty-three Chapters.

The Proceedings of the Iowa, Maine, Texas and Virginia State conferences have also been received.

Directory of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution. 1910. Presented by the Massachusetts D. A. R.

The Vermonter. December (1910) number. Presented by Mrs. S. S. Ballard.

The Vermonter. 6 numbers. Presented by Mrs. Emily P. S. Moor.

PERIODICALS.

American Monthly Magazine, October, November, December, January
American Catholic Historical Researches, October

Bulletin New York Public Library, October, November, December

Maryland Historical Magazine....December

Medford Historical Register.....October

Missouri Historical Review.....October

New Hampshire Genealogical Record...April
New England Historical and Genealogical Register.....January
New Jersey Historical Society Proceedings, October, 1907

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record.....October
North Carolina Booklet.....October

Ohio Arch. and Hist. Quarterly. July, October
Pennsylvania-German, October, November, January

Old Northwest Genealogical Quarterly, April-October (three months in one)

South Carolina Historical Magazine .October
Texas State Historical Association Quarterly, October, January

William and Mary College Quarterly.October
Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, October, January

Virginia County Records.September-December

The foregoing list comprises 94 books, 69 pamphlets and 30 periodicals. Fifty-five volumes were presented, 35 received in exchange and 14 purchased. Sixty-nine pamphlets were presented.

Pride in my own Chapter leads me to bring to you to-day this beautiful compilation of the records of the two thousand soldiers who served in the American Revolution from Litchfield County. This material was collected by a committee and the typewriting and binding is done by its members. I desire you to send to-day a vote of thanks from this Board to Miss Josephine Richards, the Vice-Regent of the Mary Floyd Talmadge Chapter for her splendid services as chairman of this committee, which is called the Committee on Revolutionary Soldiers.

As to the Chalkley manuscripts I take great pleasure in reporting excellent progress upon the copy ordered by this Board. We have finished the following books:

1. County Court orders.
2. Marriages, marriage licenses and marriage bonds.
3. Guardian's bonds.
4. Administrator's bonds.
5. Delinquents.
6. Fee books.
7. Land entry book.
8. Vestry book.
9. Hume's field notes.
10. Military services.
11. Wills.
12. Preston papers.
13. Rockingham County records.
14. Miscellaneous papers.

Making a total of 1754 pages of copy and 1754 pages of carbon copy. Making a total of 3508 pages.

I am now in the midst of the County Court judgments, which leave only two books to be done.

At your last meeting you requested me to send a third copy of this manuscript to the Chairman of the Publication Committee. This has not been done and the reasons are two:

First.—The letter of the law, as exemplified by the motions passed in regular form by this Board at its meeting last June, and not since reconsidered, even had a motion to allow a carbon copy to the Chairman of the Publication Committee been offered at the October Board meeting and carried (which action never occurred), it would have been inoperative as contrary to those already on our records. These motions, which I now quote, have never been rescinded and are binding upon me:

First.—"That an exact typewritten copy of the Chalkley records be made under the direction of the Librarian General, and that a carbon copy be placed with the Registrar General."

Second.—"That these copies shall be strictly confidential and that any information contained therein must not be given out except to the ones specified by the previous motion, until the disposition of these papers be decided."

Third.—"That the Chalkley records now in the care of the Recording Secretary General be turned over to the Librarian General tomorrow morning and the box kept in the latter's name, since the typewriting and publishing of these records are put under her supervision."

Second.—The spirit which actuated the request by the Board emanated from the express desire that the Chairman of the Publication Committee consult with me and in examining these records discover their immense value. In the presence of that full Board meeting, I cordially invited this lady to my home, where as my guest she could at her leisure study, compare, weigh, and consider. This she declined to do. Three times did I write to her, asking for a conference or appointment, but months later she telephoned a message to my house which said that she had not received my letters, addressed at various times to Mississippi, until she returned to the city of Washington. This strange tardiness in the mails was responsible for the fact that I received no reply. The first request for a meeting by the Chairman of the Publication Committee came to me on the 12th of January, 1911.

Immediately after the October Board meeting, without consulting me, without waiting for the copy, without knowing its value, she published and circulated her report made to this Board on the 5th of last October. As this report was absolutely inimical to Judge Chalkley's manuscript and most unfriendly to me, I could but conclude that the lady's opinion was formed and fixed. [The President General reminded the lady that personalities could not be indulged in.] Therefore the making and sending to Mississippi of this great mass of copy became entirely unnecessary according to the

spirit, even had I dared to disobey the motions which constitute the law. A word with regard to the expense entailed for this copy, which the Chairman of the Publication Committee seems to regard as a part of her province and report: Allow me to direct your attention to the minutes of the June Board, where you will find that the making of the copy was an order by the Board, and I obtained before engaging any clerk a written authorization for this step from the Treasurer General and the Chairman of Finance.

With regard to stacks for the Library, I have to report that, with the courteous co-operation of the President General, an amicable arrangement was finally reached. The Mary Washington Chapter so greatly appreciated this that it took formal action, sent to the President General a letter of thanks that contained the voluntary offer from the Chapter that it assume the cost of the wooden bookcases as well as the cost of the correct and soon to be installed steel stacks, in order that the National Society be at no loss.

I am happy to be able to show the volume which is intended for our collection of book plates. Mrs. Kane, who, most of you know, has been so kind as to letter the cover; these letters, after the insertion of the book plates, will be overlaid with gold.

I hope every member of the Board will send her book plate in order that the volume may be complete by the opening of our Congress.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY H. WILLIS.

Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon motion of the State Regent of New York, the report was accepted.

February 1, 1911.

Madam President General and Ladies of the National Board:

As Chairman of the Publication Committee I have the honor to report that the Publishing Committee held a meeting January 31, at 10.30, and took the following action:

"In view of the sudden death of one of the Founders of our National Society, be it

"Resolved, That we, the Publication Committee, unite in a resolution of sympathy with the organization in the loss of Miss Mary Desha, one of the Founders, and of respect to the memory of so zealous and brilliant a member."

It seems a strange coincidence that I should have to quote from the words of this distinguished member in giving you a history of the purchase of the Chalkley manuscript, but it was on her original motion that the question whether to publish or not was referred to the National Board with power to act.

CONCERNING THE CHALKLEY MANUSCRIPT.
April, 1905. Vol. 27, Page 546.—AMERICAN
MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

"I moved that the matter of the publication of some valuable records of Augusta County, Va. (the Chalkley manuscript) . . . be referred to the Board of Management with power to act."—MARY DESHA.

"Motion seconded and carried."

(Miss Desha) "My motion is to refer it

to the National Board to investigate and to decide whether to publish these records or not. I think that is the best way to settle the matter. We cannot do it now. I do not think it will cost more than \$500 as the entire amount for their publication."

"April, 1910.—Matter referred by Congress to Publication Committee."

I shall quote from the printed minutes of the proceedings of this board giving the history of the whole matter.

The Chairman of the Publication Committee read the following report, giving the history of the Chalkley manuscript, and stating that in the early days the Board was willing to sell the manuscript; also setting forth the expense involved in its publication by the Society, and reading several letters from publishers and others:

Expense of Chalkley Manuscript to January 1, 1911.

Expressage	\$2.90
Telegrams55
Clips10
Tin box and padlock	1.10
8 reams paper	10.80
100 sheets carbon paper	6.75
R. R. ticket for copyist, to and from Spring Lake, N. J	11.04
Clerical service	321.70
Rent of typewriter	26.50
Storage and insurance	12.00
Rent of safe deposit box	8.00
	<hr/>
Expense for January, \$70	70.00+
	<hr/>
	\$471.44+

QUOTED FROM THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

April, 1905. Congress referred the publication of the Chalkley manuscript to the Board, with power to act.

June, 1905. National Board voted to appropriate \$500 for the purchase of the Chalkley manuscript, and its preparation for publication.

October, 1905. It was reported that Judge Chalkley had prepared the manuscript for print, and indorsed Dr. McAllister's application to examine papers. The Board regretted that it was impossible to permit him to examine them.

January, 1906. Mrs. Main proposed the two committees take up the matter with power to act. Correspondence showed no one willing to undertake the publication.

June, 1906. Mrs. Lockwood presented a proposition to buy the papers. Motion carried that it be accepted.

October, 1906. Chairman requested more time. Granted.

There is nothing more on record until

November, 1907. Mrs. Jamison was appointed Chairman of a committee to find a publisher for the Chalkley manuscript.

February, 1908. Mrs. Jamison reported that examination of the manuscript was necessary. Motion carried that inspection be allowed. Later the committee was notified that some of

the records had already been published in Waddell's Annals. Meantime the key to the safe deposit box had been mislaid. It was resolved that the key be kept in the hands of the Recording Secretary General and Registrar General only.

March, 1909. Motion made and carried that we lend manuscript to Congressional Library.

April, 1909. Chairman reported that Library could not accept them as a loan. Consensus of opinion was that the committee should be empowered to present them to the Congressional Library. Question was raised whether the Board had power to act on point or should refer it to Congress, whereupon the committee was appointed to collect data from magazine relative to the subject. Committee discovered that the whole matter had been referred to the Board, with power to act.

In the summer of 1909 matter was referred to the Publication Committee and the Chairman devoted considerable time to investigating the merits of the case.

February, 1910. Chairman absent on account of illness.

April, 1910. Librarian General asked Congress to order publication. Question was referred to the Publication Committee.

June, 1910. Chairman of Publication Committee absent. Action of Board you all remember.

October, 1910. Publication Committee recommended that papers be given to the Congressional Library. Board ordered copy of manuscript sent to Chairman as made, for examination, and postponed action till February.

The Board will no doubt be greatly surprised to know that its will has not been carried out. The copy was not sent to me by the Librarian General—no part of it was sent, although I made two requests for it.

However, I did secure the Waddell's Annals of Augusta Co. and discovered an incalculable wealth of historical matter—all important and noteworthy facts concerning the early days, place, people, all set forth in fine literary style.

I have learned, too, that the lists of the pensioners are preserved here in Washington, of free and easy access to all; that the other lists of men and officers who served in the Revolution and in the Indian wars are all found in the Draper manuscript in the State Library of Wisconsin. These have been frequently copied. Also the Government will publish all the particulars about the Revolutionary soldiers free of charge, in our Smithsonian reports.

I wished to get an expression of opinion from all parts of the country concerning this matter, and I have sent out to those members of the Board who were not present at the October meeting the report of the Publishing Committee. I have had letters unanimously indorsing the recommendation of the committee to give the papers to the Library of Congress, where Mr. Putnam says they shall be examined, indexed carefully, a synopsis made of them by an expert, and if any new material were found it should be published; but he could not promise publication except in case

it should be found that fresh new data was there. The papers should be cared for and preserved, and still available for examination or study by any one, Daughter of the American Revolution or others. In fact, we accomplish their publication in one sense by placing them where they can be seen and read by all men, and at no cost to us. Besides, if honor and glory be desired, this society has the prestige of making a handsome gift to the Congressional Library—an act both patriotic and educational in its effect.

Then again Mr. Putnam says if any Daughter of the American Revolution at any time wishes to publish the manuscript it will be at her disposal equally as freely as it would be if owned by our society and stored away in a vault, as at present.

It is no new thing, the sight of these notes. Have they not been on record for nearly a hundred years, of easy access to all? We need not be afraid to let any one see or read them.

And now the expense. You see from the paper in your hands that Miss Desha thought \$500 would cover the cost of publication. Up to date the making of the two copies has cost over \$471. I understand there are responsible firms who undertake copying for from eight to ten cents a page, for even abstruse, scientific subjects. Thus it would cost us for three thousand pages \$300 to have the whole work copied. Now we have spent \$471.44 and no one knows the end. This for a copy!

If it had seemed best to those in charge of making copies to have had it done by a firm we should have saved considerable money in all probability. Even typewriters at \$5 could be rented for \$4 by this society. I simply present these facts for the consideration of the Board.

I am instructed by the Committee to bring all the facts I have collected to the attention of the Board, and to state that the Publication Committee recommends that the Chalkley manuscript be given to the Library of Congress, as soon as the two copies have been made. Respectfully submitted,

ELIZABETH HOWARD JONES, *Chairman.*
(MRS. EGERT JONES)

The Librarian General asked for a hearing and made the following remarks:

In reply to this report I desire to bring before the Board several facts. The first is that we all know that the publication of the Chalkley manuscript has been the most earnest desire of Miss Mary Desha for the past five years. Indeed, the very night she died she was on her way to my house to confer with me upon this matter. Ladies, I am certain if you understood the value of this manuscript you would heartily indorse my desire to publish it at once. And again, I will read you Judge Chalkley's own words regarding his work:

"This manuscript contains all that would be found by a most careful and critical reading and inspection of every paper, document, record and memorandum in the Clerk's office of Augusta County between the years 1745-1820, embracing deeds, wills, land grants, surveys, recitals in depositions, bills in Chancery, dec-

larations at law, declarations for pensions, court orders, settlements of estate, marriage licenses and bonds, tax lists, delinquent accounts and bills of sale, guardians and bonds, Indian War and Revolutionary patents, vestry records, inscriptions upon tombstones—comprising as I believe every entry of interest to any one desiring information from these records relating to the history, genealogy, sociology, antiquities, domestic relations and public services of the Scotch-Irish people who settled the Shenandoah Valley."

It will be recalled that Augusta County at the time of its formation, in 1739, covered all that section west of the Blue Ridge Mountains, south of the Potomac and Ohio rivers, and north of North Carolina, including southwest Virginia, West Virginia, a portion of Pennsylvania and the entire State of Kentucky. These records, therefore, concern the ancestors of a very great number of persons residing South, Southwest, West and Northwest. Augusta County was settled by the Scotch-Irish under John Lewis, and was a continuation of the Scotch-Irish migration through Pennsylvania, and became the distributing source of their descendants over the western portion of the United States.

Nothing is added by the commentator; nothing is colored by bias; nothing is affected; nothing the result of self-consciousness. To present the bare facts has been the purpose of the compiler. Each reader will weave his own story, with his own coloring and atmosphere.

The notes are carefully made and fully indexed. They are now in process of typing under the care of the Librarian General, and are sub-divided thus:

1. County Court Orders.
2. County Court Judgments.
3. Circuit Court Judgments and Causes Ended.
4. Marriages, Marriage Licenses and Marriage Bonds.
5. Guardian's Bonds.
6. Administrator's Bonds.
7. Delinquents.
8. Fee Books.
9. Land Entry Book.
10. Vestry Book.
11. Hume's Field Notes.
12. Military Services.
13. Wills.
14. Deeds.
15. Preston Papers.
16. Rockingham County Records.
17. Miscellaneous Papers.

(Total 3000 pages or more.)

Can you not picture that vast area; that splendid country, larger far than all our splendid Eastern States; an area composed of seventeen counties in Virginia, as sub-divided today, all of West Virginia, all of Kentucky and a part of Pennsylvania, and practically everything west of that, because, as you know, Ohio, Illinois and Indiana were a part of what was known as the Territory of the Northwest? Can you not imagine the hosts of people from our Atlantic seaboard moving ever westward and westward, seeking new lands, new for-

tunes, leaving their records as they went, in the old Augusta County Court? The Chairman of our Publication Committee names three small books and says they are all sufficient records of this vast host, whose men were almost every one a Revolutionary soldier. It is through this county poured out that great emigration of sturdy pioneers that made possible our glorious West. Connecticut has five hundred town and county histories, and still we welcome each new volume. Shall three be enough to commemorate and keep alive the memory of a million of the bravest and finest settlers that ever came to any land? Ladies, if this Board is composed of members who have no drop of Southern blood, no heart that throbs with pride in the history of old Virginia, no feeling of the close relation between those who came earliest to our shores upon the East, and those who opened up the Golden West, with all her Aladdin-like magnificent development and promise—if it be composed of members who see no need nor good in publishing Southern records, at least let them harken unto the voice of those women from Connecticut, New York, Massachusetts and the District of Columbia, who say, with me, "Print this book"; and heed the opinion of such unbiased and intelligent gentlemen as those who compose the New York Historical and Genealogical Society, who say:

"March 26, 1910.

"Your distinguished favor to this Society relative to the Augusta County Virginia records duly received and in the name of this Society I hasten to voice its sentiment to the effect that these Augusta County records, if published in full and properly indexed, would furnish a fund of information of inestimable value to the genealogical world, and to the patriotic society section thereof in particular.

"The publication by your Society would redound immensely to the already estimable reputation of your Society, and I am sure that all libraries of reference and genealogical societies and patriotic societies would desire to secure a copy.

"If the work is brought forth our Society would undoubtedly subscribe to it.

"Very truly yours,

"(Signed) JOHN P. TOTTEN.

"Chairman Executive Committee, the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society."

"March 26, 1910.

"Mr. Totten, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, has just called my attention to your letter and circular, and I beg to indorse most cordially all that he had said regarding it.

"In this matter I feel qualified to speak ex-cathedra, as I have only recently made fragmentary and unsatisfactory search, at a considerable outlay of time and money, for my book upon the ancestry of Lincoln, and I am fully satisfied that much more on this important subject remains to be disclosed from these records.

"In full sympathy with your undertaking, I remain,

"Yours faithfully,
(Signed) J. HENRY LEA,

"Member N. Y. G. and B. Soc'y."

The Chairman of our Publication Committee tells you that a portion of our manuscript ('tis comparatively small) is already on record in the Wisconsin Historical Society. This is quite true. Wisconsin was included in the Northwest Territory in 1787, afterward in the Indian Territory, and in 1809 in the Illinois Territory. She did not become a State until 1848, so that her vital records before 1820 were in the old Augusta County Court. Some ignorant person gave these records away, and they are properly included in Judge Chalkley's records by permission, and with the full consent of the Wisconsin Historical Society, and Mr. Thwaites has written me the following formal letter indorsing the publication of the manuscript:

"March 26, 1910.

"The publication of the material outlined in the memorandum inclosed in your letter would be of much importance to historical and genealogical interests in this country, especially to the region of the trans-Alleghany. I hope sincerely that you may find opportunity to undertake this work.

"Yours very truly,
(Signed) R. G. THWAITES,
"Secretary and Superintendent,
"The State Historical Society of Wisconsin."

As to a publisher, I find that we can secure any number, my own inquiry having been made for one who will print for cash (since I desire our Society to have all the honor), not for one who may be willing to assume a risk. I have in hand seven bids, ranging from \$1500 up to \$2500, and I believe the sale of copies at \$10 each would be very gratifying.

A motion was introduced by the State Regent of Illinois

"That the report of the Publication Committee be accepted and the Chalkley manuscript be given to the Congressional Library as soon as the two copies have been made."

In the discussion following the Librarian General stated that she was having copies of the manuscript typewritten in accordance with previous instructions of the Board, and quoted opinions of publishers and their prices for publication.

The State Regent of Virginia stated that as ex-chairman of a committee to secure publication of these manuscripts she had investigated the matter, and in view of the expenditure already incurred of \$500, the further expense of \$500 for typewriting, and of \$4000 for publication, it seemed best to present the manuscript to the Library of Congress, with the understanding that if not published by them, the Society could publish it at some future time if desirable.

After further discussion, in which the Registrar General took part, explaining the value of the manuscript, the motion of the State Regent of Illinois was put to vote, and upon division the roll was called, members voting as follows:

Ayes.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization.

Vice-President General from Alabama.
Vice-President General from Mississippi.
Vice-President General from Vermont.
Vice-President General from Nebraska.
Corresponding Secretary General.

Treasurer General.
Assistant Historian General.

State Regent of Illinois.

State Regent of Michigan.

State Regent of New Jersey.

State Regent of Virginia.

State Vice-Regent from North Carolina.

State Vice-Regent from West Virginia.

Nays.

Vice-President General from Virginia.
Vice-President General from the District of Columbia.

Recording Secretary General.

Registrar General.

Librarian General.

State Regent of Connecticut.

State Regent of the District of Columbia.

State Regent of Maine.

State Regent of Massachusetts.

State Regent of New York.

Not Voting.

State Regent of Pennsylvania.

The Recording Secretary General announced the vote as fourteen in favor of the motion, ten against, and one not voting.

The State Regent of New York moved that the typewritten copy of the manuscript for our library be bound; seconded by the State Regent of Illinois and carried.

After discussion of the proper care of the manuscript the President General said the statement that the Daughters would be allowed to publish at any time in the future should be obtained in writing from the Librarian of the Congressional Library.

A motion to reconsider the matter was lost, as the order of the day was called for, and the Corresponding Secretary General read the following report of the Finance Committee, which was accepted on motion to that effect.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE,

N. S. D. A. R.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Your Finance Committee reports bills authorized during the months of October, November, December (1910), and January (1911), to the amount of \$23,994.94. The largest items comprising this amount being:

Payroll \$10,926.70

American Audit Company, auditing accounts of office and AMERICAN

MONTHLY MAGAZINE 3,048.00

Expense, AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE 1,990.84

Postage, including stamped envelopes 1,493.08

Support "Real Daughters" 1,096.00

Respectfully submitted,

MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,

Chairman.

ANNE H. PERLEY,

BERTHA M. ROBBINS.

ALICE PEYTON JAMISON.

The report of the Auditing Committee was called for, but the Vice-President General from Alabama stated the auditors had not quite finished.

The following report of the Supervision Committee was read by the acting chairman, Mrs. Boynton, who made a strong plea for increase in salary of the superintendent of the building, on the ground that his efficiency and interest were saving the society much money in the care of the building and its equipment.

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISION COMMITTEE.

The committee has met each week at the Hall and received reports from the superintendent. Among other things lockers, asked for by the National Officers, have been put up in the basement. Store rooms have been systematized, the walls whitewashed, and all possible measures taken to protect the machinery of the building. The cold air duct has been properly covered from the weather, and the work of finishing off the floors of the upper rooms has begun. These were in bad condition, as the men under Norcross, who painted the woodwork, spattered white paint and oil, the latter leaving dark blotches on some of the floors, which can be hidden only by deepening the shade of oil finish.

Continental Hall, with its delicate walls and woodwork, its marble staircases and lobby, its porticos and flights of steps outside, requires careful and intelligent work. To obtain this at irregular times from firms that could furnish it would mean an almost unjustifiable expense. It is, therefore, to the interest of the society to employ a force that can be trusted under proper authority to attend regularly to these matters. The report of the superintendent, prepared at the request of the President General, shows what is being done for the Hall, and the kind of force working under his direction.

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

The following report is a rough outline of the duties of the employees of the superintendent's department of Memorial Continental Hall—such help as is required to clean, care for and make repairs to the building, furniture and fixtures. They are listed on the payroll as:

Superintendent at.....	\$100 per month
First janitor at.....	60 " "
Second janitor at.....	30 " "
Fireman at.....	50 " "
Doorkeeper at.....	40 " "
Guide at.....	40 " "
Telephone and elevator operator at.....	20 " "
Messenger at.....	18 " "
Watchman at.....	50 " "
Housekeeper at.....	35 " "
Four charwomen at (\$25 each)	100 " "

Though they each have a title, their work is planned in such a manner as to blend and give as much satisfaction, if not more, than in most buildings of the same size, with a longer list of better pay in some cases, but poorer class of labor in others.

These employees have been selected according to their past experience and present value to Memorial Continental Hall.

That a better idea of the work to be accomplished each day may be obtained, mention may be made of the nature of this building, which has practically four fronts (three of which are street fronts), with wide sidewalks, large porticos, lawns on four sides and driveways back and front, which need sweeping daily, marble stairways and balustrades outside of building requiring washing and scrubbing. It may be mentioned also, the entire building being white inside and out, that a slight neglect of cleanliness stands out clearly to the eye. The furniture and furnishings being both delicate and costly, require extra care while handling and cleaning. The building just having been completed, it is not entirely rid of the builder's dirt and dust.

As in all new buildings, there is much effort required in the care and adjustment of the heating, lighting and plumbing systems, and elevator machinery, as well as room doors, furniture doors and drawers, due to the dampness of a new building. These things are mentioned for the sake of those who are not familiar with the care and management of buildings, not because they are unusual, for the same conditions exist in all new buildings to a more or less degree. Such conditions require at least two years for an even adjustment.

Beginning with the first janitor, who is a carpenter and cabinet maker by trade, whose hours are from 7.30 a.m. to 5 p.m. He is one of the force of three that clean outside and around the building each morning until 10 a.m., after which he attends to the repairs of woodwork and inside cleaning, where good judgment is required.

The second janitor is a colored man, his hours being from 7.30 a.m. to 5 p.m., who is a member of the force of three in the morning on the outside and is used as a helper wherever needed, and only depended upon to do as he is told each day.

The fireman, whose hours are from 7.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m., is a licensed steam engineer, with a knowledge of plumbing and electric wiring; can make keys and has worked at the painter's trade, which makes him useful to the building in the finishing of floors and painting new and unfinished woodwork. He lends his help wherever he can.

The doordraper, whose hours are from 7.30 a.m. to 5 p.m., is a member of the force of three on the outside work in the morning, as his duty at the door is from 11 a.m. until 3 p.m. He also cares for all brass work and keeps it bright, attends to the drinking water (five coolers), cleans and looks after the men's toilet and helps the second janitor to wash windows and mirrors.

The guide, whose hours are from 8.30 a.m.

to 5 p.m., takes the place of the doordraper from 8.30 until 11 a.m., when the building is open to visitors, and the doordraper then comes on duty, and assembles the visitors in the reception room, while the guide shows them through the building in parties, every fifteen minutes, until 3 p.m., when he again acts as doordraper until the doors are closed at 4.30 p.m. During the time the guide is acting doordraper and the building is closed to visitors he is required to fold printed circulars and place them in envelopes for mailing for the various National Officers, check umbrellas, and do such small tasks as checking up bills and keeping the time and payroll for the superintendent.

The telephone and elevator operator, whose hours are from 8.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m., has his hands full at times, as his two duties are disconnected and so entirely different. He also helps to fold circulars when occasion demands.

The messenger, whose hours are from 8.30 to 4.30, rightfully belongs to the office force, as his work is divided between the various offices. His pay should be charged to some other account, and not to that of the building.

The night watchman's hours are from 4.30 p.m. until 7.30 a.m. His extra duties are to care for the fires during the night in winter and to water the lawn in summer. He has an exceptionally willing spirit and joins the force of three in case of sickness or absence of a janitor, or when there is snow on the sidewalk, and fills in wherever he can. He also sweeps the heavy library rugs at night.

The housekeeper is a strong, healthy and conscientious woman, with an excellent knowledge of her work. She does not stand by and see the work done, but joins the force of charwomen and helps to dust while they sweep; cleans exclusively several of the finest rooms, while the charwomen scrub halls and stairways. She has until the present date acted as waitress in the clerk's dining room from 11.30 a.m. until 3.30 p.m. Her hours have been from 6.30 a.m. to 4 p.m. (This is to be changed.)

The four charwomen work from 6 a.m. until 11.30 a.m. sweeping and dusting office rooms, scrubbing toilet rooms, halls and stairways, under the direction of the housekeeper.

The superintendent is a practical mechanic with a first-class steam engineer's license. He is an electrician, has a knowledge of plumbing and steam fitting, and has worked as a machinist. He has had a broad and varied experience as chief engineer and superintendent in hotels and office buildings previous to his coming here. He is capable of filling any such position required of him, and he willingly joins the force whenever and wherever needed.

He employs and plans for the working force under direction of the Supervision Committee.

As he lives in the building, he has affairs under his eye night and day.

It may be added that he has installed a workshop in the basement, and with this combination of janitor, fireman and superintendent

ent as carpenters, plumbers, electricians and machinists, Memorial Continental Hall is as independent of outside expenses as is possible for it to be, and for much less money than is paid by other buildings of its nature in this locality, where labor is higher priced.

The windows throughout the building have been neglected because the men could not be spared from necessary work. To keep these in good condition requires a house man whose special work would be to wash windows, clean mirrors and electric light globes, and during any unexpected rush fill in wherever needed. This would mean an addition of \$30 per month to the above list, making a total of \$573, or \$6876 a year.

This report covers present conditions. As the vacant or partly furnished rooms are completed it will require more help for the care of them.

(Signed) J. W. LEWIS,
Superintendent.

The expense incurred when the auditorium is used for public gatherings varies with the different associations. Through experience we know that a certain amount of damage is the sure accompaniment to the cost of lighting, heating and extra service required. The superintendent has prepared an estimate by which the National Board, the Continental Hall Committee and the Congress can be fully informed in this matter.

ESTIMATE OF MR. LEWIS FOR USE OF
AUDITORIUM.

Estimate of cost when entertainments are held in the auditorium:

Cost of heating—in moderate weather,	
\$5; in colder.....	\$10.00
Extra pay to fireman.....	1.50
Lighting auditorium, outside entrance, lobby, stairways, exits, front basement, toilets, back hall on first floor, stage dressing rooms, some of the museum and library lights, fresh air chamber, motor room and rear basement, for one hour, \$3.75; for three hours	11.25
To operate electric fan motor ten hours, at fifty cents an hour.....	5.00
To clean auditorium for use, four charwomen	4.00
To clean auditorium after use, four charwomen	4.00
To take down and replace covers on stage boxes.....	1.25
To uncover seats and replace the same.	2.00
To clear stage and dressing rooms of furniture and large painting and return the same.....	4.00
Maid	1.00
Man in hat box.....	1.00
Man to call carriages.....	1.50
Men at fire exits, \$1.50 each.....	3.00
Man in lobby.....	1.50
Removing two rows of seats and replacing same.....	4.00
	\$55.00
To handle platforms, folding chairs, boxes and such stage furniture as singing clubs require, three men.....	5.00

Superintendent's time to look after preparation	4.00
Superintendent's time while in operation	4.00
Superintendent's time for readjustment	4.00
\$72.00	

Average estimate: sometimes it is more, sometimes less. The work is done by our own force, which necessarily is taken from the regular duties. During Congress extra help must be called in. In addition to this week in April there are engagements for February 3, 15 and 20, April 25, 26 and 27.

J. W. LEWIS' Report.

Only those who are regularly at the Hall can understand the demands made day and night upon the superintendent's time. The regular work alone is sufficient to keep him employed all the working hours. But the unexpected situation for which he must be constantly prepared, the occasional increase in matters demanding instant attention and the responsibility resting always upon him are factors that require grave consideration.

The usual price paid to a superintendent in smaller buildings is \$100 a month—occasionally ten dollars less. But the interests of Continental Hall require that he shall be always on the alert, and Mr. Lewis spares neither mind nor body, often working eighteen hours out of the twenty-four, receiving only the usual price. After carefully considering the demands of the Hall and remembering the great responsibility resting upon all who disburse the funds of the National Society, we are constrained to recommend that his salary be raised. The work he is giving us is worth more, not only because it is so satisfactory in itself, but because his intelligent care and unceasing watchfulness must save to the Society hundreds of dollars each year. When he entered our service the expensive machinery in the basement, costing thousands, was in danger of permanent injury through rust, lack of care and proper ventilation. His plans for this ventilation are admirable, and until he is free to carry them out, he permits no neglect or faulty work around it or upon it. This is but one instance of his value to us.

We have the Hall American women have built. They will surely hold us responsible for the care we take of it. It is for the National Board, the Continental Hall Committee, and the Congress to say how it shall be done.

(Signed) HELEN M. BOYNTON,
Acting Chairman.

LUCY GALT HANGER.

MARY E. ST. CLAIR.

MATILDA J. RAMSAY.

Secretary.

BELLA MARSHALL TRUBY.

BERTHA MURDOCK ROBBINS.

ANTONINETTE V. N. CATINA.

The Librarian General, seconded by the Corresponding Secretary General, moved "That the report of the Supervision Committee be accepted, and Mrs. Boynton thanked for her untiring efforts."

Motion carried.

The following motion by the State Regent

from New York, seconded by the State Regent of Massachusetts, was passed:

"That the salary of the Superintendent be raised \$25 a month, to take effect at once."

The Vice-President General from the District brought up the matter of a new frame for the picture of Martha Washington, on the platform. The Corresponding Secretary General moved that the matter be laid on the table. Motion passed.

The Corresponding Secretary General read the report of the Magazine Committee, as follows:

(COPY)

January 31, 1911.

Madam President General and the Members of the National Board of Management:

In behalf of the Magazine Committee I desire to report that Mr. F. W. Wilson, our new publisher, is doing all that could be expected in so short a time to improve our official organ. He has spared neither endeavor nor money in his effort to get a magazine that would appeal to a majority of our members as a necessity.

I also wish to call the attention of the National Board to the correlation of the work of the National Society from the beginning by means of the illustrations in the Magazine. These pictures have been arranged by topics and periods on revolving screens and are now on exhibition in the Reception Room on the first floor, furnished by the Daughters of the District of Columbia. The handsome revolving screen was the gift of District Daughters.

In publishing the minutes of the Board in the Magazine, it often happens that matter is included which has been previously published, and should not again be given space. The President General sometimes has to make public certain matters before the Board meets, and then reports to your body. The Magazine Committee asks that such papers be omitted from the report furnished for the Magazine, and instead reference be made to the previous publication.

Also eighteen (18) pages of the details of the Treasurer General's report were reprinted in the Magazine after it had been printed in the proceedings of the Congress. This involved an unnecessary expense of about \$85. We, therefore, ask that for publication in the Magazine only the footings of the Treasurer General's report be furnished.

Further, in the official lists of officers, the maiden name of the officers, including the State Regents, is given, taking up an extra line and adding two pages to the Magazine, with additional expense.

At the end of the official list when the Society was young, we began to publish "How to Become a Member." As this is circulated in other ways, it would seem wise to omit it from the Magazine, which is only read by members. We can use that page for more vital matter.

Further, under our contract with Mr. Wilson, he is entitled to receive all new subscriptions direct. Some are still sent to headquarters and are forwarded by the Treasurer General, according to a former order of the Board, to Mr. Wilson. This involves additional labor

and some complications, and as the time will soon come when the Magazine business should go direct to the publisher, I therefore ask the authority of the Board to direct the Post-Office in Washington to so order when found best.

I respectfully ask such action by the Board as will permit these suggestions to be carried out.

Respectfully submitted,
ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
Chairman.

The following motion by the State Regent of Illinois, seconded by the Vice-President General from Nebraska, was passed:

"That on recommendation of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee the directions of 'How to Become a Member' be discontinued in the Magazine, and that the Chairman of the Magazine Committee be instructed to give such orders as to Magazine mail as may be necessary under the contract with Mr. Wilson, the publisher."

The Vice-President General from Alabama moved

"That the recommendations of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee be adopted, as to the minutes to be furnished the Magazine by the Recording Secretary General, the Treasurer General's report, and the official lists."

This motion was seconded by the Vice-President General from Nebraska and carried.

As dissatisfaction with the new covers of the Magazine was expressed by several ladies, the State Vice-Regent from West Virginia moved, seconded by the State Regent of New York:

"That the Magazine Committee be asked to adopt the old cover for the Magazine."

Motion adopted.

The Treasurer General moved:

"That a clerk in her office, Miss Work, be placed on the regular roll at \$50 per month."

The motion was duly seconded and passed.

The motion introduced by the State Regent of New York, that Miss Myers be placed on the regular roll, was passed.

The Treasurer General read the name of Berenice Stockton Jannopoulos for reinstatement. Accepted on motion.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, Honorary President General, requesting permission to use the seal and insignia of the Society, as well as a few cuts, in a history of the organization of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which she expects soon to publish.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization moved:

"That the request of Mrs. Stevenson for the insignia, seal and cuts of Memorial Hall, according to her letter, is granted."

The motion was seconded by the Assistant Historian General and carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General offered the following motion, which was seconded by the Treasurer General and passed:

"That the President General be authorized to appoint the Parliamentarian, the Official Reader, the Accompanist and the Official Stenographer for the coming Congress."

A motion by the Corresponding Secretary General was carried, that the carpenter be instructed to prepare some long tables for the use of the Guild which serves luncheons in the banquet hall during the Congress; this action was taken in view of the fact that the Guild accords the Society a share of the profits and donates the rest to charity.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter requesting that the Continental Chapter of Waukesha, Wis., be allowed to incorporate, and upon motion by the State Regent of New York the desired permission was granted; a letter offering to undertake the sale of Daughters of the American Revolution directories was, on motion of the Vice-President General from the District, ordered to be laid on the table; a request for sample insignia of the Society to be used in a book entitled "Buttons of Patriotic Societies" was, on motion of the Vice-President General from the District, ordered laid on the table; a request for a panel for a memorial monument to the Pilgrim Fathers at Southampton, England, was, on motion of the State Regent of New York, ordered laid on the table; a request for contributions to a Naval Home in Philadelphia was referred to the State Regents; a copy of a proposed national hymn was ordered laid on the table; a proposed form of consolation memorial certificate was passed around for examination by the members of the Board; the Corresponding Secretary General was instructed to thank Mrs. Joseph T. Cook for the copy of a song written in 1832.

In a discussion regarding arrangements for obtaining credentials at the Congress, the Corresponding Secretary General stated that that matter of arrangement must be left to the House and Credentials committees, as they had so many other things to take into consideration as well; and the State Regent from Pennsylvania requested that the reporters be allowed to sit wherever they wished (laughed).

The Vice-President General from the District asked that in justice to the ladies who had come so far to attend the meeting, the Board proceed to the business of drawing seats for the Congress.

The result of this drawing is as follows:

1. Mexico.	20. Pennsylvania.
2. Connecticut.	21. Oregon.
3. South Carolina.	22. Iowa.
4. Texas.	23. Arizona.
5. Minnesota.	24. New Jersey.
6. Cuba.	25. Colorado.
7. Michigan.	26. District of Columbia.
8. Oklahoma.	27. Florida.
9. Tennessee.	28. Vermont.
10. Utah.	29. Rhode Island.
11. Ohio.	30. Kentucky.
12. Kansas.	31. Indiana.
13. California.	32. Wisconsin.
14. Alabama.	33. Delaware.
15. North Carolina.	34. Maine.
16. Illinois.	35. Louisiana.
17. Nebraska.	36. West Virginia.
18. Nevada.	37. New Hampshire.
19. Massachusetts.	38. Maryland.

39. Mississippi.	45. Idaho.
40. Georgia.	46. Arkansas.
41. Montana.	47. New York.
42. Missouri.	48. Virginia.
43. New Mexico.	49. Washington.
44. South Dakota.	50. Wyoming.

The State Regent from Massachusetts announced that a Real Daughter, Mrs. Susan S. Brigham, 397 Grove Street, Worcester, Mass., celebrates her one hundredth birthday February 3, and asked that members send her postal cards. The State Regent from Virginia moved that the Board send greetings to this Real Daughter. Motion passed.

The State Regent of New Jersey asked, on behalf of her State Society, the attitude of the Board in regard to adoption of State colors as other patriotic societies have their own colors, and passed around for inspection of the Board a card showing the color her State desired to adopt. The statement was made that the U. S. flag is the official flag, but that if any State desired to adopt one in addition that could be done, without making it official or binding on the rest of the Society.

The State Regent of New Jersey then offered the following motion:

"That every State may have its own colors."

The motion was seconded by the Vice-President General from Alabama and passed.

After examination of the consolation certificate which had been passed around, the State Regent of New York moved that a letter of commendation and approval be sent to Mrs. J. A. De Boer, who had submitted the sample certificate. Motion passed.

A request from a North Carolina member, read by the Corresponding Secretary General, to be allowed to use the insignia on postal cards for sale, was ordered laid on the table.

A letter from Mrs. Hanna, of Detroit, to the President General, regarding a patriotic song, was ordered laid on the table.

On request by the Recording Secretary General the resolutions of Mrs. Lockwood in regard to Miss Desha were read, and on motion by the State Regent of New York were ordered spread upon the minutes.

In Memoriam.

MISS MARY DESHA.

In response to a call from the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, met in Memorial Continental Hall, Monday, January 30, and passed the following resolutions on the death of Miss Mary Desha:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove by death our friend and co-worker through these years, one of the Founders of our Organization; and

WHEREAS, Her brilliant mind and untiring efforts were directed to the best of her judgment for the upbuilding of our Society, for the advancement and extension of Patriotism;

WHEREAS, The members of our Society desire to record in loving memory its testimony of grateful appreciation of the valuable assist-

ance so faithfully given to the Society since the days of its first inception; be it

Resolved, That, while we realize the irreparable loss to our Society and to her friends when in that lonely walk, "God's hand touched her and she was still," when so swiftly and so softly "the pearly gates" swung open to admit from time to infinity this faithful, worthy servant—we feel that she has already heard the voice of welcome from her comrades who have passed on before, those who so often listened to her voice in the deliberations of this Society; with our profound sadness is mingled the sweet certainty of a lonely heart at rest.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of our Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and a copy be sent for insertion in *THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE*.

MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
Chairman.

ADELAIDE P. PULSIFER,
State Vice-Regent.

FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN,
Regent Dolly Madison Chapter.

CLARA M. BACKUS,

Vice-Regent Katharine Montgomery Chapter.

MARY R. WILCOX,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

At 6 o'clock a recess was taken until 11 o'clock the next morning, when the business to be considered would be approval of the minutes of that day and admission of new members.

MINUTES OF THE SUPPLEMENTAL BOARD MEETING, FEBRUARY 2, 1911.

The adjourned meeting of the National Board of Management, N. S., D. A. R., held February 2, 1911, to approve the minutes of the meeting of the previous day, was called to order at 11 a.m. by the President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.

Mrs. Sternberg made a statement that her name had been omitted from the list given the newspapers of the members present at that Board meeting, and moved that the previous motion be carried out—

"That the President General, Corresponding Secretary General, and Recording Secretary General should be the only persons to give

notices to the press regarding Board meetings."

Motion passed.

The President General read receipts from Norcross Brothers and Mr. Henry B. F. Macfarland for the payment of \$24,000, \$1,503.06, and \$750; the final settlements and fee authorized to be paid at the Board meeting of the previous day, and said she felt as if the Society had burned a mortgage, as all bills for the construction of the Hall had been paid.

The State Regent of Illinois moved:

"That this Board send a message of loving sympathy to Mrs. Noyes upon the death of her mother."

The motion was seconded by the State Regent of Virginia, and passed.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters presented the following names for confirmation as Chapter Regents, stating that confirmation of fifteen or twenty other names had been requested, but the necessary requirements had not been confirmed to:

Mrs. Frances C. E. Gregor, District of Columbia; Mrs. Bessie Wilkins, Georgia.

A motion was passed confirming these ladies.

The President General then stated that this was an adjourned meeting for the special purpose of approving the minutes of the day before, so that they could be sent at once to the publisher and appear in the March magazine, and after some discussion the stenographer read the report of the proceedings of the previous day, various members of the Board offering corrections during the course of the reading.

The following motion was offered by the Assistant Historian General, seconded by the State Regent of Virginia, and passed:

"That the Board of Management approve the minutes of the Board of Management of February 1; that they are hereby adopted, will be prepared for the magazine by the Recording Secretary General, signed by her, and submitted to the President General."

The State Regent of New York moved adjournment, which was carried, and the Board adjourned at 12:50 p.m.

Approved: MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
President General, N. S., D. A. R.

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MANHOOD. "Selection of One's Life Work." By E. BENJAMIN ANDREWS, LL.D., President University of Nebraska.

AMBITION. "Conditions of Success." By MAX NORDAU, M.D., President Congress of Zionists.

THE CHILD. "The Beginnings of the Mind." By H. G. WELLS, B. Sc., Celebrated Sociologist.

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE. "Marriage Customs and their Moral Value." By ELISABETH DIACK, Litterateur, and PROF. WILLIAM S. LILLY, M.A., J.P., Secretary Catholic Society of Great Britain.

THE GIRL. "Her Preparation for Womanhood." By WHITELAW REID, LL.D., Chancellor of the University of the State of New York; Ambassador to England.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE. "Equality and Inequality of Man and Woman." By FRANCES COBBE, Lecturer and Journalist (England).

SOCIETY. "Role of Woman in Society." By LADY MARY PONSONBY, English Critic.

THE FAILURE OF EVOLUTION. "Evolution and Marriage." By ALFRED R. WALLACE, LL.D., Celebrated Scientist.

THE BIRTH OF CONSCIENCE. "Morality of Nature." By PRINCE PETER ALEXIEVITCH KROPATKIN, Russian Geographical Society.

THE BELIEFS. "Religion, Science and Miracle." By SIR OLIVER LODGE, LL.D., President University of Birmingham, England.

HOW TO THINK. By EDWARD EVERETT HALE, LL.D., Chaplain United States Senate.

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MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL

"The lintel low enough
To keep out pomp and pride,
The threshold high enough
To turn deceit aside,
The door-band strong enough
From robbers to defend,
This door will open at a touch
To welcome every friend."

